



OSA

**FET MODELLING USING THE FETSCG
AND FETSCG1 SYSTEMS, PART II: LISTING**

OSA-87-FC-2-L

February 23, 1987

Optimization Systems Associates

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SUBROUTINES OF THE FETSCG AND FETSCG1 SYSTEMS

All subroutines of the FETSCG and FETSCG1 systems are listed in full in this report.

Routines for the FETSCG system

File name	Routine	Index
FETSCG	BRIEF	LISTING-4
	CMPARE	LISTING-5
	FETMDL	LISTING-6
	FETSIM	LISTING-9
	GRAD	LISTING-10
	HEAD	LISTING-11
	HELP	LISTING-12
	OPTIMI	LISTING-13
	PARSER	LISTING-15
	PRESENT	LISTING-18
	SAVCKT	LISTING-18
	WDA	LISTING-19
	WPA	LISTING-20
FETDFG	CSOLU	LISTING-21
	FDF	LISTING-23
	SIMFET	LISTING-26
SCFILE	BLOCK DATA A	LISTING-30
	BLKBLK	LISTING-31
	CHKTYP	LISTING-33
	DATABLK	LISTING-34
	ERMSG	LISTING-35
	FERMSG	LISTING-36
	FREQBLK	LISTING-37
	GETCHAR	LISTING-39
	GETFET	LISTING-40
	GETFRQ	LISTING-43
	GETINT	LISTING-44
	GETREAL	LISTING-45
	GETSYMBL	LISTING-46
	GETUNIT	LISTING-47
	GETVAR	LISTING-48
	GETWRD	LISTING-50
	NODUMMY	LISTING-51
	NOSYMBL	LISTING-52
	OPTBLK	LISTING-53
	OUTBLK	LISTING-56
	PAD	LISTING-57
	RDCKT	LISTING-58
	RDSCF	LISTING-61
FETPLT	HPPLT	LISTING-63
	FETPLT	LISTING-68

Routines for the FETSCG1 system

File name	Routine	Index
FETSCG1	BRIEF	LISTING-72
	CMPARE	LISTING-73
	FETMDL	LISTING-74
	FETSIM	LISTING-77
	GRAD	LISTING-78
	HEAD	LISTING-80
	HELP	LISTING-81
	OPTIMI	LISTING-82
	PARSER	LISTING-84
	PRESENT	LISTING-86
	SAVCKT	LISTING-87
	WDA	LISTING-88
	WPA	LISTING-89
FETDFG1	CSOLU	LISTING-90
	FDF	LISTING-92
	SIMFET	LISTING-95
SCFILE1	BLOCK DATA A	LISTING-99
	BLKBLK	LISTING-100
	CHKTYP	LISTING-102
	DATABLK	LISTING-103
	ERMSG	LISTING-104
	FERMSG	LISTING-105
	FREQBLK	LISTING-106
	GETCHAR	LISTING-108
	GETFET	LISTING-109
	GETFRQ	LISTING-112
	GETINT	LISTING-113
	GETREAL	LISTING-114
	GETSYMBL	LISTING-115
	GETUNIT	LISTING-116
	GETVAR	LISTING-117
	GETWRD	LISTING-119
	NODUMMY	LISTING-120
	NOSYMBL	LISTING-121
	OPTBLK	LISTING-122
	OUTBLK	LISTING-125
	PAD	LISTING-126
	RDCKT	LISTING-127
	RDSCF	LISTING-130
FETPLT1	HPPLT	LISTING-132
	FETPLT	LISTING-137

Routines common to both the FETSCG and FETSCG1 systems

File name	Routine	Index
L1ABC	ADDCOL	LISTING-141
	BFGS	LISTING-143
	DELCOL	LISTING-144
	HACCUM	LISTING-145
	L1A	LISTING-146
	L1B	LISTING-147
	L1C	LISTING-148
	L1LP	LISTING-152
	L1STA2	LISTING-159
	LINSYS	LISTING-164
	RSOLV	LISTING-166
	UTRNS	LISTING-167
	UTTRNS	LISTING-168
QUASI2	PENALTY	LISTING-169
	QUASI2	LISTING-170

Assembly language files common to both the FETSCG and FETSCG1 systems

File name	Index
CED.ASM	LISTING-174
IBMTXT.ASM	LISTING-195
IBMGRF.ASM	LISTING-208

C*****

C file name: FETSCG.FOR

C for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).

C this file contains the main program itself: FETMDL and other

C related subroutines

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

C prepare interface to C utility. ref: Microsoft CEXEC.LIB

```

      interface to integer*2 function spawn
+         [c,varying,alias:'spawnlp']
+         (mode)
      integer*2 mode
      end
      interface to integer*2 function system [c]
+         (string[reference])
      character*1 string
      end

```

SUBROUTINE BRIEF(FILNAM,CKTFIL,NCKT)

C display a summary of the input information

```

      CHARACTER*12 FILNAM,CKTFIL(6)
      IF(NCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*20)
      KK=NCKT+3
      WRITE(*,10)FILNAM,NCKT,(CKTFIL(K),K=4,KK)
10    FORMAT(5X,'Working file: ',A12/5X,'Number of circuits: ',I2/5X,
      * 'Measurement files: ',3(A12,3X))
20    RETURN
      END

```

```
SUBROUTINE CMPARE(JOPT,NCKT,PA,PAO,PDIM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```

c      compare the optimal solution with the starting point
c      (command 'COMPARE')      starting point in PAO, solution in PA

      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),PDIM(MP),PP(6),PAO(MP,3)
      CHARACTER CKTNAME(6)*8,PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*15,FMT3(3)*22
      CHARACTER C1*8,C2*8,FMT2(3)*19
      SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2,FMT3
      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
* 'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
      DATA FMT1/'(13X,A8)', '(11X,A8,22X,A8)', '(7X,3(A8,14X))' /
      DATA FMT2,FMT3/'(7X,A8,7X,A8)', '(2(5X,A8,5X,A8,4X))',
* '(3(2X,A8,2X,A8,2X))', '(2(1X,F14.5),2X,A8)',
* '(2(2(3X,F10.4),4X),A8)', '(3(2(2X,F8.4),2X),A8)' /
      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*30)
      IF(JOPT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(35,I,J,*30)
      C1='starting'
      C2='solution'
      WRITE(*,*)'          FET MODEL PARAMETERS'
      WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(K),K=1,NCKT)
      WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(C1,C2,K=1,NCKT)
      KK=2*NCKT
      DO 20 I=1,MP
      DO 10 K=1,NCKT
      K2=2*K
      K1=K2-1
      PP(K1)=PAO(I,K)
10      PP(K2)=PA(I,K)
      WRITE(*,FMT3(NCKT))(PP(K),K=1,KK),PN(I)
20      CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)
30      RETURN
      END
```

PROGRAM FETMDL

```

c      main program of FETSCG
c      A FET modelling program developed for Raytheon Company
c      equivalent circuit has 11 parameters

      PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
c      DIMENSIONAL LIMITS:      MP  maximum number of circuit parameters
c                                MX  maximum number of variables
c                                MF  maximum number of frequencies
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,A*80,KYWRD*2,STRG*19
      CHARACTER FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12,FILEC*27
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF),INPO(MP)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3),INPP(MP)
      INTEGER*2 SYSTEM,SPAWN,ICXC
      LOGICAL THERE
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PAO(MP,3)
      DATA INPO/1,3,4,2,8,9,6,5,7,10,11/

c      make sure the auxiliary files are present

      INQUIRE(FILE='FETSCG.MSG',EXIST=THERE)
      IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(4,'FETSCG.MSG ',I,*2)
      INQUIRE(FILE='CED.EXE',EXIST=THERE)
      IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(4,'CED.EXE ',I,*2)

      CALL HEAD
      CALL HELP
      OPEN(1,FILE='FETSCG.MSG',STATUS='OLD')
      DO 200 I=1,40
200  READ(1,'(A)')MSG(I)
      CLOSE(1)
      DO 210 I=1,MP
210  INPP(I)=INPO(I)

c      JOPT: have we done optimization? 0/1 = no/yes
c      JERR: have we done simulation? 0/1 = no/yes
c      NCKT: have we read circuit files? 0/(1,2,3) = no/yes

      JOPT=0
      JERR=0
      NCKT=0

c      loop. read, interpret and act upon a command

100  WRITE(*,'(A$)')' COMD>'
      READ(*,'(A)')A

```

```
CALL PARSE(A,KYCD,FILNAM)
GOTO(1,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7,15,8,9,14,10,11,12,13,100),KYCD

c      commands 'L1' and 'L2'

1      CALL OPTIMI(JOPT,JERR,FM,F1,KYCD)
      IF(JOPT.EQ.0)GOTO 100
      GOTO 6

2      STOP

c      command 'DIR'

3      icxc=system('dir/w'c)
      WRITE(*,*)
      GOTO 100

4      CALL HELP
      GOTO 100

c      command 'PARAMETER'

5      CALL WPA(NCKT,PA,PDIM,OLDFIL,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'COMPARE'

6      CALL CMPARE(JOPT,NCKT,PA,PAO,PDIM,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      commands 'SWEEP' and '%ER'

7      CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
      CALL WDA(FM,F1,KYCD)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'SENSITIVITY'

8      CALL GRAD(PDIM,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'PRESENT'

9      CALL PRESENT
      GOTO 100

c      command 'SAVE'

10     CALL SAVCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,NX,X)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'READ'

11     CALL RDCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,IERROR)
      JOPT=0
```



```
JERR=0
GOTO 100

c      command 'EDIT'

12     filec(1:12)=filnam
        filec(13:13)=' '
        filec(14:25)=filnam
        filec(26:26)=char(0)
        filec(27:27)=char(0)
        icxc=spawn(0,loc('ced'c),loc('ced'c),loc(filec),int4(0))
        GOTO 100

c      command 'TYPE'

13     STRG(1:5)='TYPE '
        STRG(6:17)=FILNAM
        STRG(18:18)=CHAR(0)
        STRG(19:19)=CHAR(0)
        ICXC=SYSTEM(STRG)
        GOTO 100

c      command 'BRIEFING'

14     CALL BRIEF(OLDFIL,CKTFIL,NCKT)
        GOTO 100

c      command 'PLOT'

15     CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
        CALL FETPLT(FM,1)
        GOTO 100

END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize model simulation for all frequency points
c      call SIMFET for each frequency

      DIMENSION INXMDA(3),PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
      DIMENSION INDX(MX),FREQ(MF),F(8),DF(8,MP),INPP(MP),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3)
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0(MP,3)
      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)
      IF(JERR.GT.0)RETURN
      C1=90.0/ASIN(1.0)
      DO 90 I=1,NCKT
      DO 50 J=1,NFR
      CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,I),F,DF,JERR,I)
      DO 40 K=1,4
      K1=2*K-1
      K2=K1+1
      FM(K1,J,I)=SQRT(F(K1)*F(K1)+F(K2)*F(K2))

c      avoid discontinuity in ATAN2

      TEMPA=C1*ATAN2(F(K2),F(K1))
      TEMPB=DAT(K2,J,I)
      IF(ABS(TEMPA-TEMPB).GT.180.0)THEN
        IF(TEMPA.GT.TEMPB)THEN
          TEMPA=TEMPA-360.0
        ELSE
          TEMPA=TEMPA+360.0
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
40    FM(K2,J,I)=TEMPA

      DO 50 K=1,8
      T=DAT(K,J,I)
      IF(ABS(T).GT.0.001)THEN
        T=100.0*ABS((FM(K,J,I)/T)-1.0)
        F1(K,J,I)=AMIN1(999.0,T)
      ELSE
        F1(K,J,I)=0.0
      ENDIF
50    CONTINUE
90    CONTINUE
      JERR=1
100   RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE GRAD(PDIM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize model sensitivity evaluation and least-squares objective
c      call SIMFET

CHARACTER PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*11,FMT2(3)*19,C*8,CKTNAME(6)*8
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),G(MP,3)
DIMENSION INXMDA(3),FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),PDIM(MP),F(8),DF(8,MP)
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2
DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
*'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
DATA FMT1/'(12X,A8) ', '(2(12X,A8))', '(3(12X,A8))'/
DATA FMT2/'(5X,F15.6,5X,A8) ', '(2(5X,F15.6),5X,A8)',
*' (3(5X,F15.6),5X,A8)'/
IF(NCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)
M=0
JSEN=1
FOBJ=0.0
DO 10 I=1,NCKT
DO 10 IP=1,MP
10  G(IP,I)=0.0
DO 20 I=1,NCKT
DO 20 J=1,NFR
CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,I),F,DF,JSEN,I)
M=M+KFR(J,I)
DO 20 K=1,8
WF=SNR(K,I)*WGT(K,J,I)*(F(K)-DTM(K,J,I))
FOBJ=FOBJ+WF*WF
WF=2.0*WF
DO 20 IP=1,MP
20  G(IP,I)=G(IP,I)+WF*DF(K,IP)
RM=M
FOBJ=FOBJ*8.0/RM
C='gradient'
DO 30 I=1,3
DO 30 IP=1,MP
30  G(IP,I)=G(IP,I)*PA(IP,I)*8.0/RM
WRITE(*,90)FOBJ
WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(I),I=1,NCKT)
WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(C,I=1,NCKT)
DO 40 IP=1,MP
40  WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(G(IP,I),I=1,NCKT),PN(IP)
WRITE(*,*)
90  FORMAT(10X,'SENSITIVITY OF THE CURRENT MODEL'/10X,
*  'least-squares error:',F15.8)
100 RETURN
END

```

```
      SUBROUTINE HEAD  
      CALL CLEAR  
      WRITE(*,1)  
1     FORMAT(33X,'FET MODELLING'//25X,'Interactive Command System'/)  
      RETURN  
      END
```

```

      SUBROUTINE HELP
      WRITE(*,10)
10     FORMAT(10X,'Commands Available')
      WRITE(*,20)
20     FORMAT(5X,'L1',12X,'start modelling using L1 optimization'/5X,
      *'L2',12X,'start modelling using least-squares optimization'/5X,
      *'STOP          stop this program and return to DOS'/5X,
      *'DIR           list the file directory'/5X,
      *'HELP          display the available commands'/5X,
      *'PARAMETER      display the current model parameters'/5X,
      *'COMPARE        compare starting point with optimization solution'/
      *5X,'%ERROR',8X,'display percentage errors in S-parameter matching'
      */5X,'SWEEP       generate S-parameters of the current model'/
      *5X,'PLOT        plot the match between model and measurement'/
      *5X,'SENSITIVITY sensitivity analysis for the current model'/
      *5X,'SAVE fname  save current data in a CKT file'/5X,
      *'READ fname     read desired data from a file'/5X,
      *'EDIT fn.ext    edit a disk file using full screen editor'/5X,
      *'TYPE fn.ext    display the content of a disk file'/5X,
      *'PRESENTATION   call the user-defined routine PRESENT'/5X,
      *'BRIEFING       display the current status'/)
      RETURN
      END

```

```
SUBROUTINE OPTIMI(JOPT,JERR,FM,F1,KYCD)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      prepare for optimization. call LLC or QUASI2

      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),PA0(MP,3)
      DIMENSION INXMDA(3),FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),XX(MX),INPP(MP)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3)
      INTEGER*2 MODEL
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0
      COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
      COMMON/L11/MARK,FF1(250),DFF1(250,MX),FF(250),DFF(250,MX)
      COMMON/L12/C(MX),DC(MX,MX),CLOC(MX)

      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)

      N=NX
      IF(NX.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(33,I,J,*100)
      JOPT=0
      L=0

c      exponential transformation on the variables
c      lower bounds on the original variables are conveniently handled

      DO 20 I=1,N
      TEMP=X(I)-BND(1,I)
      IF(TEMP.GT.4.5E-5)THEN
          XX(I)=ALOG(TEMP)
      ELSE
          XX(I)=-10.0
      ENDIF
      IF(INDX(I).EQ.2)THEN

c      transform the upper bounds on the original variables

          L=L+1
          DO 10 J=1,N
      10      DC(L,J)=0.0
          DC(L,I)=-1.0
          C(L)=ALOG(BND(2,I)-BND(1,I))
      ENDIF
      20      CONTINUE

      M=0
      DO 60 I=1,NCKT
      DO 60 J=1,NFR
      60      M=M+KFR(J,I)

c      save the starting point

      DO 70 I=1,NCKT
      DO 70 J=1,MP
      70      PA0(J,I)=PA(J,I)
```

```

IF(M.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(34,I,J,*100)
JOPT=1
KOUNT=0
KODE=KYCD
DX=0.2
MAXF=1000
EPS=0.01
IF(ETERM.GE.1.E-8)EPS=ETERM
LEQ=0
CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
CALL FETPLT(FM,2)
JERR=0

```

c start optimization

```

IF(KODE.EQ.1)CALL L1C(N,M,L,LEQ,XX,DX,EPS,MAXF)
IF(KODE.EQ.2)CALL QUASI2(N,M,L,LEQ,XX,DX,EPS,MAXF)
CALL RSTXOR
CALL CLRGRF
CALL MODE(MODE1,3)
WRITE(*,*)
IF(MARK.GT.0)THEN
    WRITE(*,*)'            Optimization Completed'
ELSE
    WRITE(*,*)'            Optimization Interrupted'
ENDIF
WRITE(*,('(6X,'after ',I4,' iterations')')MAXF

```

c reverse the exponential transformation on the variables

```

DO 80 I=1,NX
80    X(I)=EXP(XX(I))+BND(1,I)
DO 90 K=1,NCKT
DO 90 I=1,MP
IF(INPX(I,K).GT.0)PA(I,K)=X(INPX(I,K))
90    CONTINUE

100    RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE PARSE(A,KYCD,FILNAM)

c      interpret a input command contained in the ASCII string A
c      return a integer code KYCD

      CHARACTER A*80,WRD*80,COMD(17)*2,KYWRD*2,FILNAM*12
      LOGICAL THERE
      SAVE COMD
      DATA COMD/'L1','L2','ST','DI','HE','PA','CO','%E','SW','PL',
*              'SE','PR','BR','SA','RE','ED','TY'/
      KYCD=18
      JO=1
      CALL GETWRD(A,JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN
      IF(LENG.EQ.1)GOTO 20
      KYWRD=WRD(1:2)
      DO 10 I=1,17
      IF(KYWRD.EQ.COMD(I))GOTO 30
10      CONTINUE
20      CALL ERMSG(31,I,J,*100)

c      is it a file related command?

30      IF(I.GE.14)THEN

c      yes, search the input string for a file name

40          CALL GETWRD(A,JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          IF(LENG.EQ.0)THEN

c          file name missing, ask for it

              WRITE(*,'(A$)')      File name: '
              READ(*,'(A)')A
              JO=1
              GOTO 40

          ENDIF
          FILNAM='
          FILNAM=WRD(1:LENG)
          IF(I.GE.16)GOTO 60

c          command 'save' or 'read'. put in the omitted extension '.DAT'

          DO 50 K=1,LENG
          IF(WRD(K:K).EQ.'.')GOTO 60
50          CONTINUE
          L1=LENG+1
          IF(L1.GT.9)L1=9
          L2=L1+3
          FILNAM(L1:L2)='.DAT'

60          IF(I.EQ.17.OR.I.EQ.15)THEN

c          command 'read' or 'type'. make sure the file exists

```



```
                INQUIRE(FILE=FILNAM,EXIST=THERE)
                IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(1,FILNAM,I,*100)
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
    100      KYCD=I
            RETURN
            END
```

SUBROUTINE PRESENT
 PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

```

c   gateway for user implemented operations. See manual
c   basic information:
c       NCKT:   number of circuits
c       PA:     current values of circuit parameters

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF),PDIM(MP)
DIMENSION DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PA0(MP,3)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1   TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0

RETURN
END

```

```
SUBROUTINE SAVCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,NX,X)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

c save the current infomation to a Super-Compact file

```
CHARACTER TT(100)*80,VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12,AX*8,AT*80
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),X(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
INTEGER*2 LENG
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/SC1/TD(6),IPT(18),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX),IVTYP(MX)
```

```
IF(N.LE.0)GOTO 20
DO 10 I=1,NX
TEMP=X(I)/XDIM(I)
IF(TEMP.GT.99.9999.OR.TEMP.LT.0.001)THEN
WRITE(AX,'(E8.3)')TEMP
ELSE
WRITE(AX,'(F8.5)')TEMP
ENDIF
J1=LOCX(2,I)
J2=J1+7
TT(LOCX(1,I))(J1:J2)=AX
10 CONTINUE
20 OPEN(2,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='NEW')
OLDFIL=FILNAM
DO 30 I=1,LINET
AT=TT(I)(1:80)
LENG=80
CALL STRIM(AT,LENG)
WRITE(2,'(A)')AT(1:LENG)
30 CONTINUE
CLOSE(2)
RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE WDA(FM,F1,KYCD)

```

c      display simulation results (commands 'SWEEP' and '%ER')

      PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,TN(8)*4,CHR
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3),INPP(MP)
      INTEGER*2 KYCODE,IKY
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0(MP,3)
      SAVE TN
      DATA TN/'MS11','AS11','MS21','AS21','MS12','AS12','MS22','AS22'/
      IF(NCKT.LE.0)RETURN
      I=1
10     IF(KYCD.EQ.8)THEN
           WRITE(*,110)CKTNAME(I),CKTFIL(INXMDA(I))
           WRITE(*,'(6X,''(GHZ)''',8(4X,A4))')(TN(K),K=1,8)
           DO 20 J=1,NFR
20          WRITE(*,120)FREQ(J),(F1(K,J,I),K=1,8)
           ELSE
           JO=0
30          WRITE(JO,130)CKTNAME(I)
           WRITE(JO,'(1X,'''(GHZ)''',8(4X,A4))')(TN(K),K=1,8)
           DO 40 J=1,NFR
40          WRITE(JO,140)FREQ(J),(FM(K,J,I),K=1,8)
           IF(CKTFIL(I)(1:1).NE.' ')THEN
               IF(JO.EQ.2)THEN
                   CLOSE(2)
               ELSE
                   OPEN(2,FILE=CKTFIL(I),STATUS='NEW')
                   JO=2
                   GOTO 30
               ENDIF
           ENDIF
           ENDIF
           ENDIF
           IF(I.GE.NCKT)GOTO 100
           WRITE(*,'(/5X,'Press any key to continue ...')')
           IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
           I=I+1
           WRITE(*,*)
           GOTO 10
100      RETURN
110      FORMAT(/19X,'PERCENTAGE ERRORS IN S-PARAMETER MATCHING'/20X,
* 'ABS[ (Model-Measurement)/Measurement ] %'/3X,'Frequency',7X,
* 'model: ',A8,6X,'measurement: ',A12)
120      FORMAT(1X,F9.1,2X,8(F7.2,'%'))
130      FORMAT(1X,'*',15X,'S-PARAMETERS OF MODEL ',A8/1X,'* Frequency')
140      FORMAT(1X,F9.1,2X,4(F8.4,F8.2))
      END

```

```
SUBROUTINE WPA(NCKT,PA,PDIM,FILNAM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

c display the current values of the parameters (command 'PA')

```

DIMENSION PA(MP,3),PDIM(MP),PP(3)
CHARACTER CKTNAME(6)*8,PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*15,FMT2(3)*19
CHARACTER FILNAM*12
SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2
DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
*'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
DATA FMT1/'(16X,A8)', '(12X,A8,10X,A8)', '(5X,3(A8,10X)) '/
DATA FMT2/'(5X,F18.5,5X,A8)', '(1X,2F18.5,5X,A8)',
*' (1X,3(F12.5,6X),A8)'/
IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*30)
WRITE(*,'(6X,'FET MODEL PARAMETERS file: ',A12)')FILNAM
WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(K),K=1,NCKT)
DO 20 I=1,MP
DO 10 K=1,NCKT
10 PP(K)=PA(I,K)*PDIM(I)
WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(PP(K),K=1,NCKT),PN(I)
20 CONTINUE
WRITE(*,*)
30 RETURN
END
```

C*****

C file name: FETDFG.FOR

C for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).

C this group of files are responsible for model simulation

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

 SUBROUTINE CSOLU(Y,A,B,C,D)

C solve a complex system of linear equations using LU factorization

 COMPLEX*8 Y(6,6),A(6),B(6),C(6),D(6),Z,T1,T2,T3,T4

 DO 20 I=1,5

 Z=Y(I,I)

 IF(Z.EQ.(0.0,0.0))GO TO 110

 M=I+1

 DO 20 J=M,6

 Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)/Z

 DO 10 K=M,6

10 Y(K,J)=Y(K,J)-Y(K,I)*Y(I,J)

20 CONTINUE

 A(1)=1.0/Y(1,1)

 C(1)=1.0

 DO 40 I=2,6

 T1=0.0

 T2=0.0

 DO 30 K=1,I-1

 T1=T1-Y(I,K)*A(K)

30 T2=T2-Y(K,I)*C(K)

 A(I)=T1/Y(I,I)

40 C(I)=T2

 B(6)=1.0/Y(6,6)

 C(6)=C(6)/Y(6,6)

 D(6)=1.0/Y(6,6)

 DO 60 L=2,6

 I=7-L

 T1=A(I)

 T2=0.0

 T3=C(I)

 T4=0.0

 DO 50 K=I+1,6

 T1=T1-Y(I,K)*A(K)

 T2=T2-Y(I,K)*B(K)

 T3=T3-Y(K,I)*C(K)

50 T4=T4-Y(K,I)*D(K)

 A(I)=T1

 B(I)=T2

```
60      C(I)=T3/Y(I,I)
      D(I)=T4/Y(I,I)

      RETURN

110     WRITE(*,*)'FATAL ERROR IN CSOLU: ZERO ON THE DIAGONAL'
      STOP
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FDF(N,M,XX)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize calculation of error functions and their derivatives
c      called by the optimizer

CHARACTER STRG*40,WRD1*4,WRD2*11
DIMENSION XX(N),FS(8),DFS(8,MP),INDX(MX),FM(8,MF,3)
DIMENSION INXMDA(3),PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX)
DIMENSION FREQ(MF),XA(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
INTEGER*2 IKY1,KYCODE,IKY2,IHIGH
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PAO(MP,3)
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
COMMON/L11/MARK,F(250),DF(250,MX),FF(250),DFF(250,MX)
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX(10),IY(10,8,3),YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
SAVE FOBJO

KOUNT=KOUNT+1
M1=0
JSEN=1
FOBJ=0.0
CC1=90.0/ASIN(1.0)

c      reserve the exponential transformation on the variables

DO 10 I=1,N
XA(I)=EXP(XX(I))
X(I)=XA(I)+BND(1,I)
DO 10 J=1,M
10  DF(J,I)=0.0

c      loop for NCKT circuits

DO 60 K=1,NCKT

c          update the variable parameters

DO 20 I=1,MP
IF(INPX(I,K).GT.0)PA(I,K)=X(INPX(I,K))
20  CONTINUE

c      sweep for all frequencies

DO 60 J=1,NFR
IF(KFR(J,K).EQ.0.AND.K.NE.JOUT)GOTO 60
CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,K),FS,DFS,JSEN,K)

c          8 responses (real & imag. parts of 4 s-parameters)

DO 40 L=1,8
IF(WGT(L,J,K).LE.1.E-5)GOTO 40
M1=M1+1
WT=WGT(L,J,K)*SNR(L,K)

```



```

                                F(M1)=WT*(FS(L)-DTM(L,J,K))

c                                compute the objective function

                                IF(KODE.EQ.1)THEN
                                    FOBJ=FOBJ+ABS(F(M1))
                                ELSE
                                    FOBJ=FOBJ+F(M1)*F(M1)
                                ENDIF

c                                assemble the gradients

                                DO 30 I=1,MP
                                I1=INPX(I,K)
                                IF(I1.GT.0)DF(M1,I1)=DF(M1,I1)+WT*DFS(L,I)*XA(I1)
30                                CONTINUE
40                                CONTINUE

c                                transform the responses to rectangular form

                                IF(K.NE.JOUT)GOTO 60
                                DO 50 I=1,4
                                I2=2*I
                                I1=I2-1
                                FM(I1,J,JOUT)=SQRT(FS(I1)*FS(I1)+FS(I2)*FS(I2))

c                                avoid discontinuity in ATAN2

                                TEMPA=CC1*ATAN2(FS(I2),FS(I1))
                                TEMPB=DAT(I2,J,JOUT)
                                IF(ABS(TEMPA-TEMPB).GT.180.0)THEN
                                    IF(TEMPA.GT.TEMPB)THEN
                                        TEMPA=TEMPA-360.0
                                    ELSE
                                        TEMPA=TEMPA+360.0
                                    ENDIF
                                ENDIF

50                                FM(I2,J,JOUT)=TEMPA
60                                CONTINUE

c                                check for user interrupt (key <ESC>)

                                CALL CHECKY(IKY1)
                                IF(IKY1.EQ.27)THEN

c                                interrupt handler

                                CALL CLRGRF
70                                WRITE(*,80)
80                                FORMAT(///15X,'USER INTERRUPT'/6X,'Press T to terminate',
1                                ' optimization'/6X,'Or press <CR> to continue')
                                IKY2=KYCODE(IKY2)
                                IHIGH=IKY2/256
                                IKY2=IKY2-IHIGH*256
                                IF(IKY2.EQ.84.OR.IKY2.EQ.116)THEN

```

```

c      'T' has been pressed: terminate optimization

      MARK=0
      RETURN
      ELSEIF(IKY2.NE.13)THEN

c      neither 'T' not <CR>. wait for another key

      GOTO 70
      ENDIF
      CALL FETPLT(FM,2)
      ENDIF

c      display the count of iteration and the value of objective function

      RM=M
      FOBJ=FOBJ*8.0/RM
      WRITE(WRD1,'(I4)')KOUNT
      IF(FOBJ.GT.999.0.OR.FOBJ.LT.1.E-6)THEN
        WRITE(WRD2,'(E11.5)')FOBJ
      ELSE
        WRITE(WRD2,'(F11.6)')FOBJ
      ENDIF
      STRG(1:16)='@L01@C01@7K=      '
      DO 90 I=1,4
      IF(WRD1(I:I).NE.' ')GOTO 100
90     CONTINUE
100    I1=17-I
      STRG(13:I1)=WRD1(I:4)
      STRG(17:33)=' ER=      _'
      DO 110 I=1,11
      IF(WRD2(I:I).NE.' ')GOTO 120
110    CONTINUE
120    I1=33-I
      STRG(21:I1)=WRD2(I:11)
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      IF(KOUNT.GT.1.AND.FOBJ.GT.FOBJ0)RETURN
      FOBJ0=FOBJ
      IF(IKY1.NE.27)CALL FETPLT(FM,3)
      RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SIMFET(FREQ,PA,F,DF,JSEN,ICKT)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c   organize model simulation for a single frequency (FREQ)
c   expect 11 parameters in the following order:
c   RG(OH), RD(OH), GDS(/OH), RI(OH), RS(OH), LS(nH), CGS(pF)
c   CDG(pF), CDS(pF), G(/OH), T(ps)

DIMENSION PA(MP),PAP(MP),PP(MP),F(8),DF(8,MP),DFS(8,MP)
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PA0(MP,3)
COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
COMPLEX*8 SMX(4),DSMX(4,MP),PH(6),QH(6),P(6),Q(6)
COMPLEX*8 Y(6,6),S,Z(9),Z2P(4),ZDELTA,DZ2P(4,MP)
COMPLEX*8 SMXMU(4),DSMXT(4),C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6
INTEGER INDEX1(7),INDEX2(7)
SAVE INDEX1,INDEX2
DATA INDEX1,INDEX2/1,3,5,4,2,2,4,2,4,6,5,5,3,5/

DO 1 I=1,MP
1  PAP(I)=PA(I)
DO 2 I=1,4
IF(I.EQ.3)GOTO 2
IF(PAP(I).GT.1.E-6)THEN
    PAP(I)=1.0/PAP(I)
ELSE
    PAP(I)=1.E6
ENDIF
2  CONTINUE
DO 3 I=1,MP
II=INPP(I)
3  PP(II)=PAP(I)

c   assemble the Y matrix

DO 10 I=1,6
DO 10 J=1,6
10  Y(J,I)=(0.0,0.0)

    TWOPIF=6.283185*FREQ
    C1=CMPLX(0.0,TWOPIF)
    C2=0.001*C1
    C3=CMPLX(1.0,FREQ/F3DB(ICKT))
    B=TWOPIF*0.001*PP(11)
    C4=CMPLX(COS(B),-SIN(B))/C3

DO 20 I=1,4
20  Z(I)=PP(I)
DO 30 I=5,7
30  Z(I)=C2*PP(I)
Z(8)=1.0/(PP(8)+C1*PP(9))
Z(9)=PP(10)*C4

Y(1,1)=Z(1)
Y(1,2)=-Z(1)
Y(2,2)=Z(1)+Z(6)+Z(5)+GGS(ICKT)

```

```

      Y(2,3)=-Z(6)-GGS(ICKT)
      Y(2,5)=-Z(5)
      Y(3,3)=Z(2)+Z(6)+GGS(ICKT)
      Y(3,4)=-Z(2)
      Y(4,4)=Z(2)+Z(4)+Z(7)+Z(8)
      Y(4,5)=-Z(4)-Z(7)
      Y(5,5)=Z(5)+Z(4)+Z(7)+Z(3)
      Y(5,6)=-Z(3)
      Y(6,6)=Z(3)

      DO 40 I=1,5
      DO 40 J=I+1,6
40    Y(J,I)=Y(I,J)

      Y(5,2)=Y(5,2)+Z(9)
      Y(5,3)=Y(5,3)-Z(9)
      Y(4,2)=Y(4,2)-Z(9)
      Y(4,3)=Y(4,3)+Z(9)

c      solve the nodal equation for 4 solutions

      CALL CSOLU(Y,P,Q,PH,QH)

c      construct the two-port Z matrix

      Z2P(1)=P(1)/50.0
      Z2P(2)=P(6)/50.0
      Z2P(3)=Q(1)/50.0
      Z2P(4)=Q(6)/50.0
      ZDELTA=(Z2P(1)+1.0)*(Z2P(4)+1.0)-Z2P(2)*Z2P(3)

c      compute the two-port S matrix

      SMX(1)=1.0-2.0*(Z2P(4)+1.0)/ZDELTA
      SMX(2)=2.0*Z2P(2)/ZDELTA
      SMX(3)=2.0*Z2P(3)/ZDELTA
      SMX(4)=1.0-2.0*(Z2P(1)+1.0)/ZDELTA

      IF(JSEN.EQ.0)GOTO 150

c      sensitivity analysis

      DO 60 I=1,7
      J1=INDEX1(I)
      J2=INDEX2(I)
      DZ2P(1,I)=(PH(J1)-PH(J2))*(P(J2)-P(J1))
      DZ2P(2,I)=(QH(J1)-QH(J2))*(P(J2)-P(J1))
      DZ2P(3,I)=(PH(J1)-PH(J2))*(Q(J2)-Q(J1))
60    DZ2P(4,I)=(QH(J1)-QH(J2))*(Q(J2)-Q(J1))

      DO 70 I=5,7
      DO 70 J=1,4
70    DZ2P(J,I)=C2*DZ2P(J,I)

      C5=Z(8)*Z(8)

```

```

DZ2P(1,8)=C5*PH(4)*P(4)
DZ2P(2,8)=C5*QH(4)*P(4)
DZ2P(3,8)=C5*PH(4)*Q(4)
DZ2P(4,8)=C5*QH(4)*Q(4)

DO 80 J=1,4
80 DZ2P(J,9)=C1*DZ2P(J,8)

DZ2P(1,10)=C4*(PH(5)-PH(4))*(P(3)-P(2))
DZ2P(2,10)=C4*(QH(5)-QH(4))*(P(3)-P(2))
DZ2P(3,10)=C4*(PH(5)-PH(4))*(Q(3)-Q(2))
DZ2P(4,10)=C4*(QH(5)-QH(4))*(Q(3)-Q(2))

C6=-PP(10)*C2
DO 90 J=1,4
90 DZ2P(J,11)=C6*DZ2P(J,10)

SMXMU(1)=1.0-SMX(1)
SMXMU(2)=-SMX(2)
SMXMU(3)=-SMX(3)
SMXMU(4)=1.0-SMX(4)

DO 100 I=1,11
DSMXT(1)=SMXMU(1)*DZ2P(1,I)+SMXMU(3)*DZ2P(2,I)
DSMXT(2)=SMXMU(2)*DZ2P(1,I)+SMXMU(4)*DZ2P(2,I)
DSMXT(3)=SMXMU(1)*DZ2P(3,I)+SMXMU(3)*DZ2P(4,I)
DSMXT(4)=SMXMU(2)*DZ2P(3,I)+SMXMU(4)*DZ2P(4,I)

DSMX(1,I)=(DSMXT(1)*SMXMU(1)+DSMXT(3)*SMXMU(2))/100.0
DSMX(2,I)=(DSMXT(2)*SMXMU(1)+DSMXT(4)*SMXMU(2))/100.0
DSMX(3,I)=(DSMXT(1)*SMXMU(3)+DSMXT(3)*SMXMU(4))/100.0
100 DSMX(4,I)=(DSMXT(2)*SMXMU(3)+DSMXT(4)*SMXMU(4))/100.0

DO 110 K=1,4
K1=2*K-1
DO 110 I=1,11
DFS(K1,I)=REAL(DSMX(K,I))
110 DFS(K1+1,I)=AIMAG(DSMX(K,I))

DO 120 I=1,MP
I1=INPP(I)
DO 120 J=1,8
120 DF(J,I)=DFS(J,I1)
DO 140 I=1,4
IF(I.EQ.3)GOTO 140
PR=-PAP(I)*PAP(I)
DO 130 J=1,8
130 DF(J,I)=DF(J,I)*PR
140 CONTINUE

c      separate the real and imaginary parts of the S-parameters

DO 160 K=1,4
150 K1=2*K-1
F(K1)=REAL(SMX(K))

```

160

 $F(K1+1)=AIMAG(SMX(K))$

RETURN
END

```
C*****
c      file name: SCFILE.FOR
c      for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).
c      this group of subroutines constitutes a file handler to process
c      a circuit file and the associated measurement data files
C*****

$NOFLOATCALLS
```

```
      BLOCK DATA A
      DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(40),XDIM(40),VDIM(40)
      COMMON/SC1/TPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
      DATA TYPDIM/1.E-9,1.0,1.0,1.E9,1.E12,1.E12/
      DATA IPTYP/3,5,1,6,3,5,5,5,3,2,2,2,2,5,5,4,4,4/
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE BLKBLK(IEORR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

```

```

c      decode the 'BLK' block

```

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80,KYWRD*3,CHARR
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,1)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,1)
IEORR=1
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LBOTTOM.LE.LTOP)CALL ERMSG(1,I,J1,*80)
DO 10 K=1,6
10      CKTNAME(K)='
NX=0
NVAR=0
I=LTOP
NCKT=0
NFET=0
20      I=I+1
IF(I.GT.LBOTTOM)GOTO 50
JO=1
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
CALL GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)
IF(NFET.EQ.1)GOTO 30
IF(IFLAG.EQ.3)THEN
    LENG=IP-1
    JO=J1+IP
    IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)CALL ERMSG(6,I,J1,*80)
    NVAR=NVAR+1
    VNAME(NVAR)='
    VNAME(NVAR)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
    CALL GETVAR(I,JO,NVAR,*80)
    IF(LOCV(3,NVAR).NE.0)THEN
        NX=NX+1
        INVAR(NVAR)=NX
        X(NX)=VAL(1,NVAR)
        XDIM(NX)=VDIM(NVAR)
        LOCX(1,NX)=LOCV(1,NVAR)
        LOCX(2,NX)=LOCV(2,NVAR)
        INDX(NX)=LOCV(3,NVAR)
        IF(INDX(NX).EQ.2)THEN
            BND(1,NX)=VAL(2,NVAR)
            BND(2,NX)=VAL(3,NVAR)
        ENDIF
    ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF

```



```
                GOTO 20
ENDIF
IF(LENG.NE.3.OR.WRD(1:3).NE.'FET')CALL ERMSG(14,I,1,*80)
CALL GETFET(I,J0,*80)
NFET=1
GOTO 20
30 IF(IFLAG.NE.3.OR.IP.NE.LENG.OR.LENG.LT.2)CALL ERMSG(16,I,1,*80)
   LENG=LENG-1
   NND=NCKT*3-2
   CKTNAME(NCKT)=WRD(1:LENG)
   CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
   IF(LENG.NE.4.OR.WRD(1:4).NE.'2POR')CALL ERMSG(18,I,J1,*80)
   CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,ND1,*90)
   IF(ND1.NE.NODE(NND))CALL ERMSG(15,I,J1,*80)
   CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,ND2,*90)
   IF(ND2.NE.NODE(NND+1))CALL ERMSG(15,I,J1,*80)
   NFET=0
   GOTO 20
50 IF(NFET.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(16,I,1,*80)
   IERROR=0
80 RETURN
90 CALL ERMSG(7,I,J1,*80)
   END
```

SUBROUTINE CHKTYP(ITY,I,*)

```
c      make sure that a parameter and a symbolic variable that is assigned
c      to it have consistent types (capacitor, inductor, etc.)

      DIMENSION ITY(3)
      IF(ITY(2).EQ.7)GOTO 90
      IF(ITY(1).EQ.0.OR.ITY(1).EQ.7)GOTO 20
      IF(ITY(2).NE.0.AND.ITY(1).NE.ITY(2))GOTO 90
      IF(ITY(3).EQ.0.OR.ITY(3).EQ.7)GOTO 80
      IF(ITY(1).NE.ITY(3))GOTO 90
20     IF(ITY(3).EQ.0.OR.ITY(3).EQ.7)GOTO 80
      IF(ITY(2).EQ.0)GOTO 80
      IF(ITY(2).NE.ITY(3))GOTO 90
80     IF((ITY(1).NE.0).AND.(ITY(1).NE.7))ITY(2)=ITY(1)
      IF((ITY(3).NE.0).AND.(ITY(3).NE.7))ITY(2)=ITY(3)
      RETURN
90     CALL ERMSG(29,I,1,*100)
100    RETURN 1
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE DATBLK(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

```

```

c      decode the 'DATA' block

      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      DO 10 I=1,6
10      CKTFIL(I)='
      IERROR=1
      LTOP=LOCBLK(1,4)
      LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,4)
      IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)CALL ERMSG(35,I,J1,*100)
      LTOP=LTOP+1
      NMDA=3
      DO 90 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
      JO=1
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 90
      CALL GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)
      IF(IP.EQ.1.OR.IFLAG.NE.3)CALL ERMSG(30,I,J1,*100)
      NMDA=NMDA+1
      IF(NMDA.GT.6)CALL ERMSG(5,I,J1,*100)
      LENG=IP-1
      CKTNAME(NMDA)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
      JO=IP+1
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(17,I,J1,*100)
      CKTFIL(NMDA)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
90      CONTINUE
      IERROR=0
100     RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE ERMSG(IER,ILINE,ICOL,*)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

```

c analyze an error and display the corresponding message

```

CHARACTER TT(100)*80,VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,T*79
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
IF(IER.LE.3)THEN
    WRITE(*,10)MSG(IER)
ELSEIF(IER.LE.30)THEN
    T=TT(ILINE)(1:79)
    WRITE(*,10)MSG(IER)
    WRITE(*,20)ILINE,ICOL
    WRITE(*,'(1X,A79)')T
ELSE
    WRITE(*,30)MSG(IER)
ENDIF
RETURN 1
10      FORMAT(5X,'Error in circuit file: ',A30)
20      FORMAT(5X,'Error in circuit file at line ',I3,' after column',I3)
30      FORMAT(5X,'Error: ',A30)
END

```

```
SUBROUTINE FERMSG( IER, FILNAM, ILINE, *)  
  
c      display file-related error messages  
  
      CHARACTER FILNAM*12  
      IF( IER.EQ.1 )WRITE(*,10)FILNAM  
      IF( IER.EQ.2 )WRITE(*,20)FILNAM, ILINE  
      IF( IER.EQ.3 )WRITE(*,30)FILNAM  
      IF( IER.EQ.4 )WRITE(*,40)FILNAM  
      RETURN 1  
10     FORMAT(5X,'File not found: ',A12)  
20     FORMAT(5X,'Bad data in the file ',A12,' at line',I3)  
30     FORMAT(5X,'Not enough data in file ',A12)  
40     FORMAT(5X,'File missing: ',A12)  
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE FREQBLK(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      decode the 'FREQ' block
```

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
IERROR=1
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,2)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,2)
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)CALL ERMSG(2,I,J1,*100)
LTOP=LTOP+1
NFR=0
EPS=1.E-12
DO 30 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
J0=1
J00=J0
10      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J00,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 30
II=I'CHAR(WRD(1:1))
IF(II.GE.65.AND.II.LE.122)THEN
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.4.AND.WRD(1:4).EQ.'STEP')THEN
            CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FLOW,*100)
            CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FHIGH,*100)
            CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,DFR,*100)
            IF(DFR.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
            IF(FLOW.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
            IF(FHIGH.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
            IF(FHIGH.LT.FLOW)THEN
                  TEMP=FHIGH
                  FHIGH=FLOW
                  FLOW=TEMP
            ENDIF
            N1=INT((FHIGH-FLOW)/DFR)+1
            N2=NFR+N1
            IF(N2.GT.MF)GOTO 110
            DO 20 J=1,N1
                  FREQ(NFR+J)=FLOW
                  FLOW=FLOW+DFR
20      FREQ(NFR+N2)=FLOW
            ELSE
                  CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*100)
            ENDIF
      ELSE
            IF(NFR.GE.MF)GOTO 110
            NFR=NFR+1
            CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FREQ(NFR),*100)
      ENDIF
ENDIF
```

```
      GOTO 10
30    CONTINUE
      IF(NFR.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(2,I,J1,*100)
      IERROR=0
100   RETURN
110   CALL ERMSG(19,I,J1,*100)
120   CALL ERMSG(20,I,J1,*100)
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETCHAR(STRG,ITOP,ICHR,CHARR,*)
```

```
  C      get a single character from a line starting from the ITOPth position
```

```
      CHARACTER STRG(80),CHARR
```

```
      ICHR=0
```

```
      IF(ITOP.GT.80)RETURN 1
```

```
      DO 10 I=ITOP,80
```

```
      IF(STRG(I).NE.' ')GOTO 20
```

```
10      CONTINUE
```

```
      RETURN 1
```

```
20      CHARR=STRG(I)
```

```
      ICHR=I
```

```
      ITOP=I+1
```

```
      RETURN
```

```
      END
```



```
SUBROUTINE GETFET(I,J0,*)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

c decode the FET element

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,CHARR,PARNAM(18)*3,WRD*80
CHARACTER KYWRD*3,VLABL*8
DIMENSION IDP(18),ICO(18),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
COMMON/SC1/TPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK(2,10),LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1        TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
SAVE PARNAM,IDP,ICO,IL
DATA PARNAM/'G ','CGS','F ','T ','GGS','CDG','CDC','CDS',
1'GDS','RI ','RG ','RD ','RS ','CGE','CDE','LG ','LD ','LS '/
DATA IDP/10,7,6,11,6,8,6,9,3,4,1,2,5,6,6,6,6,6/
DATA ICO/2,2,1,2,-1,2,0,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,0,0,0,0,2/
IG=NCKT*3+1
NCKT=NCKT+1
IF(NCKT.GT.3)CALL ERMSG(5,I,1,*150)
CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,NODE(IG),*140)
CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,NODE(IG+1),*140)
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,CHARR,*10)
IF(CHARR.EQ.'O')GOTO 10
IF(CHARR.EQ.'G')THEN
          J0=J1
          GOTO 10
ELSE
          CALL ERMSG(21,I,J1,*150)
ENDIF
10        DO 20 K=1,MP
          PA(K,NCKT)=0.0
20        INPX(K,NCKT)=0
          F3DB(NCKT)=0.0
          GGS(NCKT)=0.0
          K=1
30        CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
          IF(LENG.EQ.0)THEN
              I=I+1
              J0=1
              CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,CHARR,*40)
              IF(CHARR.EQ.'+')GOTO 30
40        I=I-1
          GOTO 100
          ENDIF
          CALL NOSYMBL(WRD,LENG,J0,J1)
          IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.3)GOTO 60
          KYWRD=' '
          KYWRD(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          DO 50 KK=K,18
```

```

IF(KYWRD.EQ.PARNAM(KK))GOTO 70
50  CONTINUE
60  CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*150)
70  K=KK+1
    IPAR=IDP(KK)
    JTYP=IPTYP(KK)
    J00=J0
    CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J00,J1,CHARR,*160)
    IF(CHARR.EQ.'=')J0=J00
    J00=J0
    CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 160
    IA=ICHAR(WRD(1:1))
    IF(IA.GE.65.AND.IA.LE.122)THEN
        IF(NVAR.EQ.0)GOTO 170
        IF(LENG.GT.8)CALL ERMSG(6,I,J1,*150)
        VLABL=' '
        VLABL(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
        DO 80 L=1,NVAR
            IF(VLABL.EQ.VNAME(L))GOTO 90
80      CONTINUE
        GOTO 170
    ELSE
        J0=J00
        CALL GETVAR(I,J0,MX,*150)
        IF(LOCV(3,MX).NE.0)THEN
            NX=NX+1
            INVAR(MX)=NX
            X(NX)=VAL(1,MX)
            XDIM(NX)=VDIM(MX)
            LOCX(1,NX)=LOCV(1,MX)
            LOCX(2,NX)=LOCV(2,MX)
            INDX(NX)=LOCV(3,MX)
            IF(INDX(NX).EQ.2)THEN
                BND(1,NX)=VAL(2,MX)
                BND(2,NX)=VAL(3,MX)
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
        L=MX
    ENDIF
90  IF(IVTYP(L).EQ.0)THEN
        IVTYP(L)=JTYP
        VAL(1,L)=VAL(1,L)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
        IF(LOCV(3,L).NE.0)THEN
            JX=INVAR(L)
            X(JX)=X(JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
            XDIM(JX)=XDIM(JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
            IF(INDX(JX).EQ.2)THEN
                BND(1,JX)=BND(1,JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
                BND(2,JX)=BND(2,JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
    ELSEIF(IVTYP(L).NE.JTYP)THEN
        CALL ERMSG(29,I,J1,*150)
    ENDIF

```

```
PA(IPAR,NCKT)=VAL(1,L)
IF(LOCV(3,L).EQ.0)THEN
    INPX(IPAR,NCKT)=0
ELSE
    INPX(IPAR,NCKT)=INVAR(L)
ENDIF
IJ=INPX(6,NCKT)
ZZ=PA(6,NCKT)
IF(ICO(KK).EQ.1)THEN
    F3DB(NCKT)=ZZ
    IF(IJ.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(11,I,J1,*150)
ELSEIF(ICO(KK).EQ.-1)THEN
    GGS(NCKT)=ZZ
    IF(IJ.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(12,I,J1,*150)
ELSEIF(ICO(KK).EQ.0)THEN
    IF(IJ.NE.0.OR.ZZ.NE.0.0)CALL ERMSG(13,I,J1,*150)
ENDIF
IF(K.LE.18)GOTO 30
100 RETURN
140 CALL ERMSG(7,I,J1,*150)
150 RETURN1
160 CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*150)
170 CALL ERMSG(10,I,J1,*150)
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,TEMP,*)  
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      decode a single frequency
```

```
      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12  
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8  
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX), NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX)  
      DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)  
      COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP  
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR(MX),LOCX,VAL,DIM(8),
```

```
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG  
      CALL GETVAR(I,J0,MX,*100)  
      IF(IVTYP(MX).GT.1)CALL ERMSG(29,I,J1,*100)  
      IF(LOCV(3,MX).NE.0)CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*100)  
      TEMP=VAL(1,MX)  
      RETURN  
100     RETURN 1  
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETINT(STRG,ITOP,IP,IVAL,*)
```

```
c      try to convert an ASCII string into an integer
```

```
      CHARACTER STRG(80),WRD*80,WRD1*20  
      CALL GETWRD(STRG,ITOP,IP,WRD,LENG)  
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN 1  
      WRD1=''  
      WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)  
      READ(WRD1,*,ERR=10,END=10)IVAL  
      IF(IVAL.GE.0)RETURN  
10     RETURN 1  
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETREAL(WRD, LENG, VALUE, *)
```

```
  C    try to convert an ASCII string into a real value
```

```
  CHARACTER WRD*80, WRD1*20
  IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 10
  WRD1='
  WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
  READ(WRD1,*,ERR=10,END=10)VALUE
  IF(VALUE.GE.0.0)RETURN
10    RETURN 1
  END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETSYMBL(WRD, LENG, IP, IFLAG)

c      detect special symbols in a word

      CHARACTER SYMBOLS(10), WRD*80, A
      SAVE SYMBOLS
      DATA SYMBOLS/'=', '?', ':', '+', '-', '%', '*', '/', '>', '<' /
      IFLAG=0
      DO 10 I=1, LENG
      A=WRD(I:I)
      DO 10 J=1, 4
      IF(A.EQ.SYMBOLS(J))GOTO 20
10     CONTINUE
      RETURN
20     IP=I
      IFLAG=J
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE GETUNIT(WRD, LENG, IP, ITYPE, VAL)

```

C      decode the unit attached to a numeral

      CHARACTER WRD*80, KYWRD*4, UNAM(6,7)*4
      DIMENSION DDIM(6,7)
      SAVE UNAM, DDIM
      DATA UNAM/'HZ ', 'KHZ ', 'MHZ ', 'GHZ ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', 'OH ', 'KOH ',
1 'MOH ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ',
2 ' ', 'L ', 'MH ', 'UH ', 'NH ', 'PH ', ' ', ' ', 'F ', 'MF ', ' ',
3 'UF ', 'NF ', 'PF ', 'FF ', 'SEC ', 'MS ', 'US ', 'NS ', ' ', ' ', ' ',
4 ' ', '% ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ',
      DATA DDIM/1., 1.E3, 1.E6, 1.E9, 0., 0., 1., 1.E3, 1.E6, 0., 0., 0., 1., 1.E-3,
1 1.E-6, 0., 0., 0., 1., 1.E-3, 1.E-6, 1.E-9, 1.E-12, 0., 1., 1.E-3, 1.E-6,
2 1.E-9, 1.E-12, 1.E-15, 1.0, 1.E-3, 1.E-6, 1.E-9, 8*0.0/
      IP=0
      ITYPE=0
      VAL=1.0
      DO 10 I=LENG, 1, -1
      IA=ICHAR(WRD(I:I))
      IF(IA.GE.48.AND.IA.LE.57)GOTO 20
      IF(IA.EQ.4)GOTO 20
10     CONTINUE
      RETURN
20     IF(I.EQ.LENG)RETURN
      IP=I+1
      IG=LENG-IP+1
      IF(IG.GT.4)GOTO 40
      KYWRD=' '
      KYWRD(1:IG)=WRD(IP:LENG)
      DO 30 I=1, 7
      DO 30 J=1, 6
      IF(KYWRD.EQ.UNAM(J,I))GOTO 50
30     CONTINUE
40     IP=-1
      RETURN
50     ITYPE=I
      VAL=DDIM(J,I)
      RETURN
      END

```



```

SUBROUTINE GETVAR(I,J0,NVR,*)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      decode infomation relating to a variable including
c      its value, type (bounded or not) and the bounds on it

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80,A
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),ITY(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),VU(3),VL(3)
DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
J00=J0
INDXV=0
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J00,J1,A,*70)
IF(A.EQ.'?')THEN
    INDXV=1
    J0=J00
    JX=J00
ENDIF
KOUNT=1
10      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
      CALL NOSYMBL(WRD,LENG,J0,J1)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 70
      CALL GETUNIT(WRD,LENG,IP,ITY(KOUNT),VU(KOUNT))
      IF(IP.LT.0)CALL ERMSG(25,I,J1,*70)
      IF(IP.GT.0)LENG=IP-1
      CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,VL(KOUNT),*70)
      IF(INDXV.EQ.0)GOTO 25
      IF(KOUNT.EQ.1)THEN
          J00=J0
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J00,J11,A,*80)
          IF(A.EQ.'?')GOTO 20
          JX=J0
          KOUNT=2
          LOCV(3,NVR)=2
      ELSEIF(KOUNT.EQ.2)THEN
          KOUNT=3
          JX1=J1+LENG
          CALL PAD(TT(1,I),JX,JX1,ISHIFT)
          J0=J0+ISHIFT
      ELSE
          CALL CHKTYP(ITY,I,*90)
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,A,*80)
          IF(A.NE.'?')GOTO 80
          GOTO 30
      ENDIF
      GOTO 10
20      JX1=J1+LENG
      CALL PAD(TT(1,I),JX,JX1,ISHIFT)
      J0=J00+ISHIFT
25      LOCV(3,NVR)=INDXV
      LOCV(2,NVR)=JX

```

```

VDIM(NVR)=VU(1)
IF(ITY(1).EQ.7)THEN
    CALL ERMSG(29,I,1,*90)
ELSEIF(ITY(1).NE.0)THEN
    VDIM(NVR)=VDIM(NVR)*TYPDIM(ITY(1))
ENDIF
IVTYP(NVR)=ITY(1)
VAL(1,NVR)=VL(1)*VDIM(NVR)
GOTO 40
30  LOCV(2,NVR)=JX
    VDIM(NVR)=VU(2)
    IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VDIM(NVR)=VDIM(NVR)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
    VAL(1,NVR)=VL(2)*VDIM(NVR)
    IF(ITY(1).EQ.7)THEN
        VAL(2,NVR)=VAL(1,NVR)*VL(1)*0.01
    ELSE
        IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VU(1)=VU(1)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
        VAL(2,NVR)=VL(1)*VU(1)
    ENDIF
    IF(ITY(3).EQ.7)THEN
        VAL(3,NVR)=VAL(1,NVR)*VL(3)*0.01
    ELSE
        IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VU(3)=VU(3)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
        VAL(3,NVR)=VL(3)*VU(3)
    ENDIF
    IF(VAL(3,NVR).LE.VAL(2,NVR))CALL ERMSG(26,I,1,*90)
    IVTYP(NVR)=ITY(2)
40  LOCV(1,NVR)=I
    RETURN
70  CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*90)
80  CALL ERMSG(22,I,J1,*90)
90  RETURN1
END

```

SUBROUTINE GETWRD(STRG,ITOP,IWRD,WRD,LENG)

c get a word from a line (STRG) starting from the ITOPth position.
c words are separated by blanks. return the word in WRD
c its length in LENG

```
CHARACTER STRG(80),WRD*80,A
LENG=0
IF(ITOP.GT.80)RETURN
DO 10 I=ITOP,80
IF(STRG(I).NE.' ' )GOTO 20
10  CONTINUE
RETURN
20  IF(STRG(I).EQ.'*')RETURN
IWRD=I
IW=1
DO 30 I=IWRD,80
A=STRG(I)
IF(A.EQ.' ' )GOTO 40
IA=ICHAR(A)
IF(IA.GE.97.AND.IA.LE.122)A=CHAR(IA-32)
WRD(IW:IW)=A
IW=IW+1
30  CONTINUE
40  ITOP=I
LENG=ITOP-IWRD
RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE NODUMMY(ILINE)

```
c      skip over comment lines in the measurement files

      CHARACTER CLINE*80,DUMMY
1      READ(1,'(A)',END=4)CLINE
      JO=1
      ILINE=ILINE+1
2      CALL GETCHAR(CLINE,JO,J1,DUMMY,*1)
      IF(DUMMY.EQ.CHAR(9))GOTO 2
      IF(DUMMY.EQ.'*')GOTO 1
      IDUMMY=ICHAR(DUMMY)-48
      IF(IDUMMY.GE.0.AND.IDUMMY.LE.9)GOTO 3
      IF(DUMMY.NE.'+'.AND.DUMMY.NE.'-'.AND.DUMMY.NE.'.')GOTO 1
3      BACKSPACE 1
      ILINE=ILINE-1
4      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE NOSYMBL(WRD,LENG,J0,J1)
```

```
c      detect special symbols within a word
```

```
CHARACTER WRD*80  
IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN  
CALL GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)  
IF(IFLAG.GT.0)THEN  
    J0=J1+IP-1  
    LENG=IP-1  
ENDIF  
RETURN  
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE OPTBLK( IERROR )
PARAMETER ( MP=11, MX=40, MF=20 )

```

```

c      decode the 'OPT' block

```

```

      CHARACTER TT(80,100), VNAME(MX)*8, CKTNAME(6)*8, CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30, PROC(3)*8
      CHARACTER WRD*80, PNAME*8, CNAME*7, CMDA(8)*7, CHARR
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10), VAL(3,MX), LOCV(3,MX), INXMDA(3), X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3), WGT(8,MF,3), INPX(MP,3), BND(2,MX), INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9), LOCX(2,MX), INVAR(MX), DIM(8), FREQ(MF), WW(4)
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK, LINET, NVAR, LOCV, NODE, INVAR, LOCX, VAL, DIM,
1      TT, VNAME, CKTNAME, CKTFIL, PROC, MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX, NCKT, NFR, INXMDA, INPX, INDX, PA, X, BND, FREQ, WGT, ETERM
      DO 10 I=1,3
      DO 10 J=1,8
      DO 10 K=1,NFR
10      WGT(K,J,I)=0.0
      ETERM=0.0
      IERROR=1
      LTOP=LOCBLK(1,3)
      LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,3)
      IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)GOTO 210
      I=LTOP
      JCKT=0
      I=I+1
20      IF(I.GT.LBOTTOM)GOTO 150
      JO=1
30      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
      CHARR=WRD(1:1)
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'F'.AND.JCKT.GT.0)THEN
          IF(LENG.GT.1.AND.WRD(2:2).NE.'=')GOTO 100
          JO=J1+1
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*240)
          IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
          CALL GETFRQ(I,JO,J1,FLOW,*200)
          FHIGH=FLOW
          JOO=JO
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*20)
          II=ICHAR(CHARR)
          IF(II.GE.43.AND.II.LE.57)CALL GETFRQ(I,JO,J1,FHIGH,*200)
          GOTO 30
      ELSEIF(CHARR.EQ.'S'.AND.JCKT.GT.0)THEN
          IF(LENG.GT.1.AND.WRD(2:2).NE.'=')GOTO 100
          JO=J1+1
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*240)
          IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
          CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)GOTO 240
          PNAME='
          PNAME(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          DO 40 K1=4,6
          IF(PNAME.EQ.CKTNAME(K1))GOTO 50
40      CONTINUE

```

```

      GOTO 220
50      INXMDA(JCKT)=K1
      JOO=JO
      CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*80)
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'W')THEN
          JO=JOO
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*60)
          IF(CHARR.EQ.'=')JO=JOO
60      DO 70 J=1,4
          CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,WW(J),*230)
70      CONTINUE
          TEMP=WW(2)
          WW(2)=WW(3)
          WW(3)=TEMP
      ENDIF
80      DO 95 J=1,NFR
      IF(FREQ(J).LT.FLOW.OR.FREQ(J).GT.FHIGH)GOTO 95
      DO 90 L=1,4
      L2=2*L
      L1=L2-1
      WGT(L1,J,JCKT)=WW(L)
90      WGT(L2,J,JCKT)=WW(L)
95      CONTINUE
      GOTO 30
      ELSEIF(LENG.EQ.4.AND.WRD(1:4).EQ.'TERM')THEN
          JO=J1+4
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*250)
          IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
          CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,ETERM,*230)
          GOTO 30
      ENDIF
100     IF(LENG.GT.8)GOTO 250
      PNAME='
      PNAME(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
      DO 110 KO=1,3
      IF(PNAME.EQ.CKTNAME(KO))GOTO 120
110     CONTINUE
      GOTO 250
120     JCKT=KO
      FHIGH=1.E20
      FLOW=-100.0
      DO 130 L=1,4
130     WW(L)=1.0
      GOTO 30
150     DO 160 I=1,NCKT
      IF(INXMDA(I).GT.0)GOTO 160
          WRITE(*,260)CKTNAME(I)
          GOTO 200
160     CONTINUE
      IERROR=0
200     RETURN
210     CALL ERMSG(3,I,J1,*200)
220     CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*200)

```

```
230 CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*200)
240 CALL ERMSG(24,I,J1,*200)
250 IF(JCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(16,I,J1,*200)
    GOTO 220
260 FORMAT(5X,'Error in CKT file: ',A8,' not used for modelling')
    END
```



```

SUBROUTINE OUTBLK(IERROR,NCKT)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

```

```

c      decode the 'OUT' block

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80,WRD1*8,WRD2*3
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX(10),IY(10,8,3),YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
JOUT=1
IF(NCKT.LE.1)RETURN
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,5)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,5)
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)RETURN
LTOP=LTOP+1
DO 20 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
J0=1
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
IF(LENG.NE.3)GOTO 40
WRD2=WRD(1:3)
IF(WRD2.EQ.'PRI')THEN
    CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    IF(LENG.NE.3)GOTO 20
    WRD2=WRD(1:3)
    IF(WRD2.NE.'PLO')GOTO 20
ENDIF
IF(WRD2.EQ.'PLO')THEN
    CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)GOTO 50
    WRD1=' '
    WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
    DO 10 K=1,NCKT
        IF(WRD1.EQ.CKTNAME(K))GOTO 30
10      CONTINUE
        GOTO 50
    ELSE
        GOTO 40
    ENDIF
20      CONTINUE
    RETURN
30      JOUT=K
    RETURN
40      CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*60)
50      CALL ERMSG(16,I,J1,*60)
60      IERROR=1
    RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE PAD(STRG,JX,JX1,ISHIFT)

c insert blanks between words so that 8 digits
c can be accommodated

```
      CHARACTER STRG(80)
      ISHIFT=8-JX1+JX
      IF(ISHIFT.LE.0)RETURN
      I00=80-ISHIFT
      IF(I00.LE.JX1)RETURN
      DO 10 I=I00,JX1,-1
10     STRG(I+ISHIFT)=STRG(I)
      J3=JX+7
      DO 20 I=JX1,J3
20     STRG(I)='0'
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE RDCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      organize the process of reading circuit and measurement files
c      it is called by the main program.  It is the link between
c      this group of files and the rest of the program
```

```
CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,A*80,KYWRD*2,STRG*17
CHARACTER FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),WGT(8,MF,3)
```

```
LOGICAL THERE
```

```
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PAO(MP,3)
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
```

```
OPEN(1,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='OLD')
WRITE(*,'(5X,''Reading file: ''',A12)')FILNAM
```

```
c      read circuit file
```

```
CALL RDSCF(IERROR)
WRITE(*,*)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL BLKBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL FREQBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL DATABLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL OPTBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL OUTBLK(IERROR,NCKT)
CLOSE(1)
IF(IERROR.EQ.1)GOTO 230
OLDFIL=FILNAM
```

```
c      read measurement files
```

```
DO 40 K=1,NCKT
FILNAM=CKTFIL(INXMDA(K))
INQUIRE(FILE=FILNAM,EXIST=THERE)
IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(1,FILNAM,I,*220)
OPEN(1,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='OLD')
EPS=0.001*FREQ(1)
ILINE=1
DO 30 J=1,NFR
20  CALL NODUMMY(IILINE)
READ(1,*,ERR=190,END=200)FRE,(DAT(M,J,K),M=1,8)
ILINE=ILINE+1
IF(ABS(FRE-FREQ(J)).GE.EPS)GOTO 20
30  CONTINUE
CLOSE(1)
40  CONTINUE
```

```

      DO 50 J=1,6
50      DIM(J)=1.0
      DO 60 J=1,MP
60      PDIM(J)=1.0
      FDIM=1.0

c      transform the measurement data to rectangular form

      C1=ASIN(1.0)/90.0
      DO 70 I=1,NCKT
      DO 70 K=1,4
      K1=2*K-1
      K2=K1+1
      DO 70 J=1,NFR
      T1=DAT(K1,J,I)
      T2=DAT(K2,J,I)*C1
      DTM(K1,J,I)=T1*COS(T2)
      DTM(K2,J,I)=T1*SIN(T2)
70      CONTINUE
      DO 100 I=1,NCKT
      DO 100 K=1,8
      SNR(K,I)=1.0
      IF(NFR.EQ.1)GOTO 100
      SMAX=-2000.0
      SMIN=2000.0
      DO 80 J=1,NFR
      IF(DTM(K,J,I).GT.SMAX)SMAX=DTM(K,J,I)
      IF(DTM(K,J,I).LT.SMIN)SMIN=DTM(K,J,I)
80      CONTINUE
      SNR(K,I)=1.0/(SMAX-SMIN)
100     CONTINUE

c      count the error functions

      MM=0
      DO 120 I=1,NCKT
      DO 120 J=1,NFR
      M1=0
      DO 110 K=1,8
      IF(WGT(K,J,I).GT.1.E-5)M1=M1+1
110     CONTINUE
      MM=MM+M1
120     KFR(J,I)=M1
      IF(MM.GT.250)THEN
          WRITE(*,*)'      Too many functions'
          GOTO 220
      ENDIF
      CALL BRIEF(OLDFIL,CKTFIL,NCKT)
180     RETURN
190     CALL FERMSG(2,FILNAM,ILINE,*210)
200     CALL FERMSG(3,FILNAM,ILINE,*210)
210     CLOSE(1)
220     IERROR=1
230     NCKT=0

```

GOTO 180
END

```

SUBROUTINE RDSCF(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      put the contents of a the circuit file in char array TT(80,100)
c      locate various blocks in the file
c      block i begins at the LOCBLK(1,i)th line and ends at
c      the LOCBLK(2,i)th line

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,T*80,A,B,BLKNAME(6)*5,WRD*80
CHARACTER KYWRD*5
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
SAVE BLKNAME
DATA BLKNAME/'BLK ','FREQ ','OPT ','DATA ','OUT ',' '/
B=CHAR(9)
DO 25 I=1,100
READ(1,'(A)',ERR=30,END=30)T
DO 10 J=1,80
10      TT(J,I)=' '
K=1
DO 20 J=1,80
IF(T(J:J).EQ.B)THEN
c          a tab

          K=(K/9+1)*9
ELSE
          IF(K.GT.80)GOTO 25
          TT(K,I)=T(J:J)
          K=K+1
ENDIF
20      CONTINUE
25      CONTINUE
30      LINET=I-1
DO 40 I=1,10
40      LOCBLK(1,I)=0
IPRECED=0
DO 80 I=1,LINET
JO=1
KYWRD=' '
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J2,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 80
IF(IPRECED.EQ.0)THEN
          IF(LENG.GT.4)GOTO 60
          KYWRD(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          DO 50 J=1,5
          IF(KYWRD.EQ.BLKNAME(J))GOTO 70
50          CONTINUE
60          CALL ERMSG(27,I,1,*100)
70          IPRECED=J
          LOCBLK(1,IPRECED)=I
ELSEIF(LENG.EQ.3.AND.WRD(1:3).EQ.'END')THEN

```

```
                LOCBLK(2,IPRECED)=I-1
                IPRECED=0
80      ENDIF
      CONTINUE
      IF(IPRECED.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(28,LINET,1,*100)
      IERROR=0
      RETURN
100    IERROR=1
      RETURN
      END
```

C*****

C file name: FETPLT.FOR

C for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).

C this group of files are responsible graphics and plotter
C output

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

CC

C for program FETSCG.

C subroutines FETPLT and HPPLT are responsible for plotting

C FETPLT generates screen graphics

C HPPLT controls a HP plotter to generate a hardcopy

C they are valid for both TI or IBM/AT

C the appropriate graphics library (TIGRF or IBMGRF) must be linked

C the ISCREEN parameter must be set to distinguish TI or IBM/AT:

C set ISCREEN=1 for TI and ISCREEN=2 for IBM/AT

C Also, the device for the plotter is system dependent. In this

C particular code, LPT3 is used for the TI, and COM1 for the AT.

CC

 SUBROUTINE HPPLT(ICKT,MODNAM,IMO,MESNAM,IME,NF,IFPIX,IMODPIX,
 +IMESPIX,IXBPIX,IYBPIX)

CC

 PARAMETER (ISCREEN=2,MF=20)

CC

C HP plotting subroutine for FET modeling program

C

C eight boxes are to be displayed on the plotter,

C the top 4 boxes are numbered: 1 3 5 7 from left to right

C the bottom 4 boxes are numbered: 2 4 6 8 from left to right

C

C

C arguments needed: ICKT circuit number (multiple cct modeling)

C MODNAM model file name

C IMO number of character in MODNAM

C MESNAM measurement file name

C IME number of characters in MESNAM

C NF number of frequencies

C IFPIX() pixels for x axis plot

C IMODPIX(,,) pixels for y axis plot (model)

C IMESPIX(,,) pixels for y axis plot (measurement)

C IXBPIX pixel range for x axis of box

C IYBPIX pixel range for y axis of box


```

IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-H,O-Z)
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
DIMENSION IFPIX(MF),IMODPIX(MF,8,3),IMESPIX(MF,8,3),IBBB(4,8)
DIMENSION XCEN(4),YCEN(2)
CHARACTER BLAB(8)*4,MODNAM(IMO)*1,MESNAM(IME)*1
CHARACTER BLNK*89,STRG*89
DATA BLAB/'MS11','AS11','MS21','AS21','MS12','AS12','MS22','AS22'/

```

```

c glossary:

```

```

c
c XPAGE      the size of a page in the x direction (cm)
c YPAGE      the size of a page in the y direction (cm)
c XMARG      the x margin desired (cm)
c YMARG      the y margin desired (cm)
c XB         the x width of each of the 8 boxes (cm)
c YB         the y height of each of the 8 boxes (cm)
c XCEN( )    page location along x axis of the center of boxes (cm)
c YCEN( )    page location along y axis of the center of boxes (cm)
c H          size of the character in % wrt XB and YB
c S          the x distance between boxes, in % wrt XB
c IBBB(i,j)  the x and y coord. of the corners of each box (plotter units)
c            i = 1 to 4 denoting xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax of the box
c            j = 1 to 8 denoting the box number

```

```

c set defaults

```

```

      XMARG=3.5
      YMARG=3.5
      H=0.035

```

```

c prompt user as to whether defaults are acceptable

```

```

      BLNK(1:8)='@L01@C01'
      DO 5 I=1,80
5       BLNK(I+8:I+8)=' '
      BLNK(89:89)='_'
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      STRG(1:38)='@L01@C01@7Plot defaults: XMARG=3.5cm, '
      STRG(39:76)='YMARG=3.5cm, char=3.5% of box. (y/n)?_'
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
      IDEF=1
      IF(ISCN.EQ.1) THEN
        IF(IKY.EQ.78.OR.IKY.EQ.110) IDEF=0
      ENDIF
      IF(ISCN.EQ.2) THEN
        IF(IKY.EQ.12622.OR.IKY.EQ.12654) IDEF=0
      ENDIF

```

```

c if defaults unacceptable, get desired values

```

```

      IF(IDEF.EQ.0) THEN
        CALL DISP(BLNK)
        STRG(1:37)='@L01@C01@7 Enter: XMARG cm, YMARG cm,'

```

```

7      STRG(38:54)=' char (% box) : _'
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      READ(*,*) XMARG,YMARG,H
      H=H/100.0
      STRG=BLNK
      STRG(1:4)='@L02'
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      Z=0.0
      IF(XMARG.LT.Z.OR.YMARG.LT.Z.OR.H.LT.Z) THEN
          CALL BELL
          GOTO 7
      ENDIF
      ENDIF
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      STRG(1:49)='@L01@C01@7 Prepare plotter pens: P1 box, P2 model'
      STRG(50:87)=' , P3 measurement. <CR> when ready. _'
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      CALL DISP('@L01@C30@7@B ... HP plotting ... @b _')

```

c the rest is automatically adjusted

```

      S=2.0*H
      XPAGE=28.0
      YPAGE=21.6
      XB=(XPAGE-2.0*XMARG)/(4.0+3.0*S)
      YB=(YPAGE-2.0*YMARG)/(2.0+7.5*H)
      XLCLIP=1.0
      XMARG=XMARG-XLCLIP
      YBCLIP=0.35
      YMARG=YMARG-YBCLIP
      YCEN(1)=YMARG+0.5*YB
      YCEN(2)=YMARG+(1.5+3.0*H)*YB
      XCEN(1)=XMARG+0.5*XB
      XCEN(2)=XCEN(1)+(1.0+S)*XB
      XCEN(3)=XCEN(2)+(1.0+S)*XB
      XCEN(4)=XCEN(3)+(1.0+S)*XB
      DO 10 IC=1,4
      DO 10 IB=1,8
          IX=(IB+1)/2
          IY=2
          IF(MOD(IB,2).EQ.0) IY=1
          PM=-1.0
          IF(MOD(IC,2).EQ.0) PM=+1.0

```

c the conversion between plotter units and cm = 400.0 pu/cm

```

          IF(IC.LE.2) IBBB(IC,IB)=(XCEN(IX)+PM*0.5*XB)*400.0
          IF(IC.GE.3) IBBB(IC,IB)=(YCEN(IY)+PM*0.5*YB)*400.0
10      CONTINUE

```

c obtain the character height in plotter units

```

      HPU=H*YB*400.0

```

```

c start plotting:
c these devices are system dependent

      IF(ISCREEN.EQ.1) OPEN(2,FILE='LPT3',STATUS='OLD')
      IF(ISCREEN.EQ.2) OPEN(2,FILE='COM1',STATUS='OLD')

c initialize plotter and set character size: width & height (cm)

      WRITE(2,300) H*XB, H*YB
      DO 20 IB=1,8

c draw the box labels

      IYPU=IBBB(4,IB)+0.5*HPU
      IX=(IB+1)/2
      IXPU=XCEN(IX)*400.0
      WRITE(2,310) IXPU,IYPU,BLAB(IB),CHAR(3)

c then the box

      WRITE(2,320) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)
20      CONTINUE

c draw Model title

      IYPU=IBBB(4,1)+3.5*HPU
      IXPU=IBBB(1,1)
      WRITE(2,330) IXPU,IYPU,MODNAM,CHAR(3)

c then the model curves

      DO 30 IB=1,8

c      first establish P1,P2; the corners of the box

      WRITE(2,350) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)

c      then scale it to the range of data to be plotted

      WRITE(2,360) 0,IXBPIX,0,IYBPIX

c      the plot the data

      DO 30 IF=1,NF
          WRITE(2,370) IFPIX(IF), IMODPIX(IF,IB,ICKT)
30      CONTINUE

c draw Measurement title

      IXPU=IBBB(1,5)
      WRITE(2,340) IXPU,IYPU,MESNAM,CHAR(3)

c then the measurement curves

```

```
      DO 40 IB=1,8
          WRITE(2,350) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)
          WRITE(2,360) 0,IXBPIX,0,IYBPIX
          DO 40 IF=1,NF
              WRITE(2,370) IFPIX(IF), IMESPIX(IF,IB,ICKT)
40      CONTINUE
      WRITE(2,380)
      CLOSE(2)
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      RETURN

300     FORMAT(' IN ;SI ',2F10.3,' ;PU ;SP1 ;')
310     FORMAT(' PA ',2I10,' ;CP -2. 0. ;LB',A4,A1)
320     FORMAT(' PU ;PA ',2I10,' ;PD ;EA ',2I10,' ;PU ;')
330     FORMAT(' PU; SC; PA ',2I10,' ;SP2 ;LBMODEL: ',90A)
340     FORMAT(' PU; SC; PA ',2I10,' ;SP3 ;LBMEASUREMENT: ',90A)
350     FORMAT(' PU ;IP ',4I10,' ;')
360     FORMAT(' SC ',4I10,' ;')
370     FORMAT(' PA ',2I10,' ;PD ;')
380     FORMAT(' SPO ;IN ;')
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FETPLT(FM,JOB)
PARAMETER (ISCREEN=2,MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)

c      job=1 coming from main program for simple plotting
c      job=2 ..... preparing for optimization
c      job=3 coming from fdf during optimization
c      hp plotter interface should only deal with job=1

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,STRG*90
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INDX(MX),PA(MP,3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),X(MX),BND(2,MX)
DIMENSION FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),INXMDA(3),INPX(MP,3)
INTEGER*2 IKY,IX(MF),IYO(MF,8,3),NPLT,IY(MF,8,3),IBB(4,9,2)
INTEGER*2 KYCODE,IHIGH,MODEL
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
+      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PAO(MP,3)
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX,IY,YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
SAVE IBB

c      IBB(I,J,K) stores pixel coordinates for screen display of boxes
c      I = 1 to 4      denoting xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax
c      J = 1 to 8      denoting the 8 boxes to be displayed
c      J = 9           to denote the size of the entire screen
c      K = 1 / 2       flag denoting TI / AT type of screen

DATA IBB/15,165,160,280,15,165,15,135,195,345,160,280,
+      195,345,15,135,375,525,160,280,375,525,15,135,
+      555,705,160,280,555,705,15,135,0,719,0,299,
+      5,155,186,326,5,155,17,157,165,315,186,326,
+      165,315,17,157,325,475,186,326,325,475,17,157,
+      485,635,186,326,485,635,17,157,0,639,0,349/

c x pixels per box

IXBPIX=IBB(2,1,ISCREEN)-IBB(1,1,ISCREEN)
XBPIX=FLOAT(IXBPIX)

c y pixels per box

IYBPIX=IBB(4,1,ISCREEN)-IBB(3,1,ISCREEN)
YBPIX=FLOAT(IYBPIX)

IF (NCKT.LE.0) RETURN

NPLT=NFR
GOTO(10,10,100),JOB
10  XMIN=FREQ(1)
    XRATIO=XBPIX/((FREQ(NFR)-XMIN)
DO 20 J=1,NFR
20  IX(J)=INT((FREQ(J)-XMIN)*XRATIO)
DO 40 I=1,NCKT
DO 40 K=1,8

```

```

FMX=-200.0
FMI=200.0
DO 30 J=1,NFR
    IF(DAT(K,J,I).GT.FMX)FMX=DAT(K,J,I)
    IF(FM(K,J,I).GT.FMX)FMX=FM(K,J,I)
    IF(DAT(K,J,I).LT.FMI)FMI=DAT(K,J,I)
    IF(FM(K,J,I).LT.FMI)FMI=FM(K,J,I)
30    CONTINUE
    FD=FMX-FMI
    YMI=FMI-0.1*FD
    YRATIO=(YBPIX/1.2)/FD
    YMIN(K,I)=YMI
    YR(K,I)=YRATIO
DO 40 J=1,NFR
    IY0(J,K,I)=INT((DAT(K,J,I)-YMI)*YRATIO)
    IY(J,K,I)=INT((FM(K,J,I)-YMI)*YRATIO)
40    CONTINUE
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        CALL CLEAR
    ELSE
        CALL SAVSCR
    ENDIF
    CALL MODE(MODE1,16)
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        I=JOUT
    ELSE
        I=1
    ENDIF
    CALL PTCOLR(7)
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)CALL SETXOR
50    STRG(1:38)= '@C09@L13@7MS11@S17MS21@S16MS12@S17MS22'
    STRG(39:75)= '@C09@L25AS11@S17AS21@S16AS12@S17AS22_'
    CALL DISP(STRG)
    STRG(1:18)= '@C10@L01@I@6Model:'
    STRG(19:26)=CKTNAME(I)
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) STRG(27:37)= '    @2File:'
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) STRG(27:37)= '    @4File:'
    STRG(38:49)=CKTFIL(INXMDA(I))
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        STRG(50:75)= '@7@i    <ESC> to interrupt_'
        STRG(1:4)= '@C24'
    ELSE
        STRG(50:80)= '@7@i@S10<RETURN> or P=plot _'
    ENDIF
    CALL DISP(STRG)
    DO 60 K=1,8
        CALL BOX(IBB(1,K,ISCREEN),'L')
        CALL WINDOW(IBB(1,K,ISCREEN))
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(2)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(12)
        CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY0(1,K,I))
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(6)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(14)
        CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,I))
        CALL WINDOW(IBB(1,9,ISCREEN))

```

```

                CALL PTCOLR(7)
60      CONTINUE
        IF(JOB.EQ.2)GOTO 90

c wait for the user to respond

70      IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) IHIGH=IKY/256
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) IKY=IKY-IHIGH*256
        IF(IKY.NE.13.AND.IKY.NE.80.AND.IKY.NE.112) GOTO 70
        IF(IKY.EQ.13) GOTO 75

c HP plotter routine:

        IC1=8
        IC2=12
        CALL HPPLT(I,CKTNAME(I),IC1,CKTFIL(INXMDA(I)),IC2,NFR,IX,
+           IY,IY0,IXBPIX,IYBPIX)

75      CALL CLRGRF
        IF(I.EQ.NCKT)GOTO 80
        I=I+1
        GOTO 50

c all circuits done, ready for return to the main program

80      CALL MODE(MODE1,3)
        CALL RSTSCR
        RETURN

c here when JOB=2

90      IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(6)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(14)
        RETURN

c here when JOB=3 (during optimization)

100     NPLT=NFR
        DO 120 K=1,8
            CALL WINDOW(1,K,ISCREEN))
            CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,JOUT))
            YMI=YMIN(K,JOUT)
            YRATIO=YR(K,JOUT)
            DO 110 J=1,NFR
                ITEMP=INT((FM(K,J,JOUT)-YMI)*YRATIO)
                IF (ITEMP.LT.0)      ITEMP=0
                IF (ITEMP.GT.IYBPIX) ITEMP=IYBPIX
                IY(J,K,JOUT)=ITEMP
110     CONTINUE
            CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,JOUT))
            CALL WINDOW(1,9,ISCREEN))
120     CONTINUE

        RETURN

```

END


```

C*****
C      file name: FETSCG1.FOR
C      for program FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).
C      this file contains the main program itself: FETMDL and other
C      related subroutines
C*****

$NOFLOATCALLS

C      prepare interface to C utility.   ref: Microsoft CEXEC.LIB

      interface to integer*2 function spawn
+         [c,varying,alias:'spawnlp']
+         (mode)
      integer*2 mode
      end
      interface to integer*2 function system [c]
+         (string[reference])
      character*1 string
      end

      SUBROUTINE BRIEF(FILNAM,CKTFIL,NCKT)

C      display a summary of the input information

      CHARACTER*12 FILNAM,CKTFIL(6)
      IF(NCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*20)
      KK=NCKT+3
      WRITE(*,10)FILNAM,NCKT,(CKTFIL(K),K=4,KK)
10      FORMAT(5X,'Working file: ',A12/5X,'Number of circuits: ',I2/5X,
*      'Measurement files: ',3(A12,3X))
20      RETURN
      END

```

```
SUBROUTINE CMPARE(JOPT,NCKT,PA,PA0,PDIM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```

c      compare the optimal solution with the starting point
c      (command 'COMPARE')      starting point in PA0, solution in PA

      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),PDIM(MP),PP(6),PA0(MP,3)
      CHARACTER CKTNAME(6)*8,PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*15,FMT3(3)*22
      CHARACTER C1*8,C2*8,FMT2(3)*19
      SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2,FMT3

ccc     DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
ccc * 'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
* 'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)',
* 'LG (nH)', 'LD (nH)'/

      DATA FMT1/'(13X,A8)          ', '(11X,A8,22X,A8)', '(7X,3(A8,14X)) '/
      DATA FMT2,FMT3/'(7X,A8,7X,A8)          ', '(2(5X,A8,5X,A8,4X))',
* '(3(2X,A8,2X,A8,2X))', '(2(1X,F14.5),2X,A8) ',
* '(2(2(3X,F10.4),4X),A8)', '(3(2(2X,F8.4),2X),A8) '/

      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*30)
      IF(JOPT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(35,I,J,*30)
      C1='starting'
      C2='solution'
      WRITE(*,*)'          FET MODEL PARAMETERS'
      WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(K),K=1,NCKT)
      WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(C1,C2,K=1,NCKT)
      KK=2*NCKT
      DO 20 I=1,MP
      DO 10 K=1,NCKT
      K2=2*K
      K1=K2-1
      PP(K1)=PA0(I,K)
10      PP(K2)=PA(I,K)
      WRITE(*,FMT3(NCKT))(PP(K),K=1,KK),PN(I)
20      CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)
30      RETURN
      END
```

PROGRAM FETMDL

```

c      main program of FETSCG1
c      A FET modelling program developed for Raytheon Company
c      equivalent circuit has 13 parameters including LS and LD
c      symbol 'ccc' in columns 1-3 indicates lines that have been
c      changed from FETSCG. Also, in each subroutine the statement
c      PARAMETER (MP=11,MX=40,MF=20)
c      has been changed to
c      PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

      PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
c      DIMENSIONAL LIMITS:      MP  maximum number of circuit parameters
c                                MX  maximum number of variables
c                                MF  maximum number of frequencies
cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,A*80,KYWRD*2,STRG*19
      CHARACTER FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12,FILEC*27
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF),INPO(MP)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3),INPP(MP)
      INTEGER*2 SYSTEM,SPAWN,ICXC
      LOGICAL THERE
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0(MP,3)
ccc  DATA INPO/1,3,4,2,8,9,6,5,7,10,11/
      DATA INPO/1,3,4,2,8,9,6,5,7,10,11,12,13/

c      make sure the auxiliary files are present

      INQUIRE(FILE='FETSCG.MSG',EXIST=THERE)
      IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(4,'FETSCG.MSG ',I,*2)
      INQUIRE(FILE='CED.EXE',EXIST=THERE)
      IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(4,'CED.EXE ',I,*2)

      CALL HEAD
      CALL HELP
      OPEN(1,FILE='FETSCG.MSG',STATUS='OLD')
      DO 200 I=1,40
200  READ(1,'(A)')MSG(I)
      CLOSE(1)
      DO 210 I=1,MP
210  INPP(I)=INPO(I)

c      JOPT: have we done optimization?  0/1 = no/yes
c      JERR: have we done simulation?  0/1 = no/yes
c      NCKT: have we read circuit files?  0/(1,2,3) = no/yes

      JOPT=0
      JERR=0

```

```

      NCKT=0

c      loop. read, interpret and act upon a command
100    WRITE(*,'(A$)')' COMD>'
      READ(*,'(A)')A
      CALL PARSE(A,KYCD,FILNAM)
      GOTO(1,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7,15,8,9,14,10,11,12,13,100),KYCD

c      commands 'L1' and 'L2'

1      CALL OPTIMI(JOPT,JERR,FM,F1,KYCD)
      IF(JOPT.EQ.0)GOTO 100
      GOTO 6

2      STOP

c      command 'DIR'

3      icxc=system('dir/w'c)
      WRITE(*,*)
      GOTO 100

4      CALL HELP
      GOTO 100

c      command 'PARAMETER'

5      CALL WPA(NCKT,PA,PDIM,OLDFIL,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'COMPARE'

6      CALL CMPARE(JOPT,NCKT,PA,PAO,PDIM,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      commands 'SWEEP' and '%ER'

7      CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
      CALL WDA(FM,F1,KYCD)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'SENSITIVITY'

8      CALL GRAD(PDIM,CKTNAME)
      GOTO 100

c      command 'PRESENT'

9      CALL PRESENT
      GOTO 100

c      command 'SAVE'

10     CALL SAVCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,NX,X)

```

```
GOTO 100

c      command 'READ'

11     CALL RDCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,IERROR)
        JOPT=0
        JERR=0
        GOTO 100

c      command 'EDIT'

12     filec(1:12)=filnam
        filec(13:13)=' '
        filec(14:25)=filnam
        filec(26:26)=char(0)
        filec(27:27)=char(0)
        icxc=spawn(0,loc('ced'c),loc('ced'c),loc(filec),int4(0))
        GOTO 100

c      command 'TYPE'

13     STRG(1:5)='TYPE '
        STRG(6:17)=FILNAM
        STRG(18:18)=CHAR(0)
        STRG(19:19)=CHAR(0)
        ICXC=SYSTEM(STRG)
        GOTO 100

c      command 'BRIEFING'

14     CALL BRIEF(OLDFIL,CKTFIL,NCKT)
        GOTO 100

c      command 'PLOT'

15     CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
        CALL FETPLT(FM,1)
        GOTO 100

END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize model simulation for all frequency points
c      call SIMFET for each frequency

      DIMENSION INXMDA(3),PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
      DIMENSION INDX(MX),FREQ(MF),F(8),DF(8,MP),INPP(MP),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3)
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PAO(MP,3)

      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)
      IF(JERR.GT.0)RETURN
      C1=90.0/ASIN(1.0)
      DO 90 I=1,NCKT
      DO 50 J=1,NFR
      CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,I),F,DF,JERR,I)
      DO 40 K=1,4
      K1=2*K-1
      K2=K1+1
      FM(K1,J,I)=SQRT(F(K1)*F(K1)+F(K2)*F(K2))

c      avoid discontinuity in ATAN2

      TEMPA=C1*ATAN2(F(K2),F(K1))
      TEMPB=DAT(K2,J,I)
      IF(ABS(TEMPA-TEMPB).GT.180.0)THEN
        IF(TEMPA.GT.TEMPB)THEN
          TEMPA=TEMPA-360.0
        ELSE
          TEMPA=TEMPA+360.0
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
40    FM(K2,J,I)=TEMPA

      DO 50 K=1,8
      T=DAT(K,J,I)
      IF(ABS(T).GT.0.001)THEN
        T=100.0*ABS((FM(K,J,I)/T)-1.0)
        F1(K,J,I)=AMIN1(999.0,T)
      ELSE
        F1(K,J,I)=0.0
      ENDIF
50    CONTINUE
90    CONTINUE
      JERR=1
100   RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE GRAD(PDIM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize model sensitivity evaluation and least-squares objective
c      call SIMFET

CHARACTER PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*11,FMT2(3)*19,C*8,CKTNAME(6)*8
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),G(MP,3)
DIMENSION INXMDA(3),FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),PDIM(MP),F(8),DF(8,MP)
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2

ccc      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
ccc      *'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
      *'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)',
      *'LG (nH)', 'LD (nH)'/

      DATA FMT1/'(12X,A8) ', '(2(12X,A8))', '(3(12X,A8))'/
      DATA FMT2/'(5X,F15.6,5X,A8) ', '(2(5X,F15.6),5X,A8)',
      *'(3(5X,F15.6),5X,A8)'/

      IF(NCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)
      M=0
      JSEN=1
      FOBJ=0.0
      DO 10 I=1,NCKT
      DO 10 IP=1,MP
10      G(IP,I)=0.0
      DO 20 I=1,NCKT
      DO 20 J=1,NFR
      CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,I),F,DF,JSEN,I)
      M=M+KFR(J,I)
      DO 20 K=1,8
      WF=SNR(K,I)*WGT(K,J,I)*(F(K)-DTM(K,J,I))
      FOBJ=FOBJ+WF*WF
      WF=2.0*WF
      DO 20 IP=1,MP
20      G(IP,I)=G(IP,I)+WF*DF(K,IP)
      RM=M
      FOBJ=FOBJ*8.0/RM
      C='gradient'
      DO 30 I=1,3
      DO 30 IP=1,MP
30      G(IP,I)=G(IP,I)*PA(IP,I)*8.0/RM
      WRITE(*,90)FOBJ
      WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(I),I=1,NCKT)
      WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(C,I=1,NCKT)
      DO 40 IP=1,MP
40      WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(G(IP,I),I=1,NCKT),PN(IP)
      WRITE(*,*)
90      FORMAT(10X,'SENSITIVITY OF THE CURRENT MODEL'/10X,
      * 'least-squares error:',F15.8)
100     RETURN

```

END


```
      SUBROUTINE HEAD  
      CALL CLEAR  
      WRITE(*,1)  
1     FORMAT(33X,'FET MODELLING'///25X,'Interactive Command System'/)  
      RETURN  
      END
```

```
      SUBROUTINE HELP
      WRITE(*,10)
10     FORMAT(10X,'Commands Available')
      WRITE(*,20)
20     FORMAT(5X,'L1',12X,'start modelling using L1 optimization'/5X,
      *'L2',12X,'start modelling using least-squares optimization'/5X,
      *'STOP          stop this program and return to DOS'/5X,
      *'DIR           list the file directory'/5X,
      *'HELP          display the available commands'/5X,
      *'PARAMETER     display the current model parameters'/5X,
      *'COMPARE       compare starting point with optimization solution'/
      *5X,'%ERROR',8X,'display percentage errors in S-parameter matching'
      */5X,'SWEEP      generate S-parameters of the current model'/
      *5X,'PLOT        plot the match between model and measurement'/
      *5X,'SENSITIVITY sensitivity analysis for the current model'/
      *5X,'SAVE fname  save current data in a CKT file'/5X,
      *'READ fname     read desired data from a file'/5X,
      *'EDIT fn.ext    edit a disk file using full screen editor'/5X,
      *'TYPE fn.ext    display the content of a disk file'/5X,
      *'PRESENTATION   call the user-defined routine PRESENT'/5X,
      *'BRIEFING       display the current status'/)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE OPTIMI(JOPT,JERR,FM,F1,KYCD)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```

c      prepare for optimization. call L1C or QUASI2

      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),PAO(MP,3)
      DIMENSION INXMDA(3),FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),XX(MX),INPP(MP)
      DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3)
      INTEGER*2 MODEL
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PAO
      COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
      COMMON/L11/MARK,FF1(250),DFF1(250,MX),FF(250),DFF(250,MX)
      COMMON/L12/C(MX),DC(MX,MX),CLOC(MX)

      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*100)

      N=NX
      IF(NX.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(33,I,J,*100)
      JOPT=0
      L=0

c      exponential transformation on the variables
c      lower bounds on the original variables are conveniently handled

      DO 20 I=1,N
      TEMP=X(I)-BND(1,I)
      IF(TEMP.GT.4.5E-5)THEN
          XX(I)=ALOG(TEMP)
      ELSE
          XX(I)=-10.0
      ENDIF
      IF(INDX(I).EQ.2)THEN

c      transform the upper bounds on the original variables

          L=L+1
          DO 10 J=1,N
          DC(L,J)=0.0
          DC(L,I)=-1.0
          C(L)=ALOG(BND(2,I)-BND(1,I))
          10
      ENDIF
      20 CONTINUE

      M=0
      DO 60 I=1,NCKT
      DO 60 J=1,NFR
      60 M=M+KFR(J,I)

c      save the starting point

      DO 70 I=1,NCKT
      DO 70 J=1,MP
      70 PAO(J,I)=PA(J,I)
```

```

IF(M.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(34,I,J,*100)
JOPT=1
KOUNT=0
KODE=KYCD
DX=0.2
MAXF=1000
EPS=0.01
IF(ETERM.GE.1.E-8)EPS=ETERM
LEQ=0
CALL FETSIM(FM,F1,JERR)
CALL FETPLT(FM,2)
JERR=0

```

c start optimization

```

IF(KODE.EQ.1)CALL LLC(N,M,L,LEQ,XX,DX,EPS,MAXF)
IF(KODE.EQ.2)CALL QUASI2(N,M,L,LEQ,XX,DX,EPS,MAXF)
CALL RSTXOR
CALL CLRGRF
CALL MODE(MODE1,3)
WRITE(*,*)
IF(MARK.GT.0)THEN
    WRITE(*,*)'            Optimization Completed'
ELSE
    WRITE(*,*)'            Optimization Interrupted'
ENDIF
WRITE(*,('(6X,'after ',I4,' iterations')')MAXF

```

c reverse the exponential transformation on the variables

```

DO 80 I=1,NX
80    X(I)=EXP(XX(I))+BND(1,I)
DO 90 K=1,NCKT
DO 90 I=1,MP
IF(INPX(I,K).GT.0)PA(I,K)=X(INPX(I,K))
90    CONTINUE

100    RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE PARSE(A,KYCD,FILNAM)

c      interpret a input command contained in the ASCII string A
c      return a integer code KYCD

CHARACTER A*80,WRD*80,COMD(17)*2,KYWRD*2,FILNAM*12
LOGICAL THERE
SAVE COMD
DATA COMD/'L1','L2','ST','DI','HE','PA','CO','%E','SW','PL',
*          'SE','PR','BR','SA','RE','ED','TY'/
KYCD=18
JO=1
CALL GETWRD(A,JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN
IF(LENG.EQ.1)GOTO 20
KYWRD=WRD(1:2).
DO 10 I=1,17
IF(KYWRD.EQ.COMD(I))GOTO 30
10  CONTINUE
20  CALL ERMSG(31,I,J,*100)

c      is it a file related command?

30  IF(I.GE.14)THEN

c      yes, search the input string for a file name

40      CALL GETWRD(A,JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
        IF(LENG.EQ.0)THEN

c      file name missing, ask for it

                WRITE(*,'(A$)')      File name: '
                READ(*,'(A)')A
                JO=1
                GOTO 40
        ENDIF
        FILNAM='
        FILNAM=WRD(1:LENG)
        IF(I.GE.16)GOTO 60

c      command 'save' or 'read'. put in the omitted extension '.DAT'

        DO 50 K=1,LENG
        IF(WRD(K:K).EQ.'.')GOTO 60
50  CONTINUE
        L1=LENG+1
        IF(L1.GT.9)L1=9
        L2=L1+3
        FILNAM(L1:L2)='.DAT'

60  IF(I.EQ.17.OR.I.EQ.15)THEN

c      command 'read' or 'type'. make sure the file exists

```

```
INQUIRE(FILE=FILNAM,EXIST=THERE)  
IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(1,FILNAM,I,*100)
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
100
```

```
KYCD=I  
RETURN  
END
```

SUBROUTINE PRESENT
 PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c gateway for user implemented operations. See manual
 c basic information:
 c NCKT: number of circuits
 c PA: current values of circuit parameters

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
 CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8
 DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
 DIMENSION PA(MP,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
 DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF),PDIM(MP)
 DIMENSION DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PA0(MP,3)
 COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
 1 TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
 COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
 COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0

RETURN
 END

```
SUBROUTINE SAVCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,NX,X)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      save the current infomation to a Super-Compact file
```

```
CHARACTER TT(100)*80,VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12,AX*8,AT*80
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),X(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
INTEGER*2 LENG
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/SC1/TD(6),IPT(18),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX),IVTYP(MX)
```

```
IF(N.LE.0)GOTO 20
DO 10 I=1,NX
TEMP=X(I)/XDIM(I)
IF(TEMP.GT.99.9999.OR.TEMP.LT.0.001)THEN
WRITE(AX,'(E8.3)')TEMP
ELSE
WRITE(AX,'(F8.5)')TEMP
ENDIF
J1=LOCX(2,I)
J2=J1+7
TT(LOCX(1,I))(J1:J2)=AX
10  CONTINUE
20  OPEN(2,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='NEW')
OLDFIL=FILNAM
DO 30 I=1,LINET
AT=TT(I)(1:80)
LENG=80
CALL STRIM(AT,LENG)
WRITE(2,'(A)')AT(1:LENG)
30  CONTINUE
CLOSE(2)
RETURN
END
```


SUBROUTINE WDA(FM,F1,KYCD)

```

C      display simulation results (commands 'SWEEP' and '%ER')

PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,TN(8)*4,CHR
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),F1(8,MF,3),INPP(MP)
INTEGER*2 KYCODE,IKY
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0(MP,3)
SAVE TN
DATA TN/'MS11','AS11','MS21','AS21','MS12','AS12','MS22','AS22'/
IF(NCKT.LE.0)RETURN
I=1
10      IF(KYCD.EQ.8)THEN
            WRITE(*,110)CKTNAME(I),CKTFIL(INXMDA(I))
            WRITE(*,'(6X,'(GHZ)',8(4X,A4))')(TN(K),K=1,8)
            DO 20 J=1,NFR
20              WRITE(*,120)FREQ(J),(F1(K,J,I),K=1,8)
            ELSE
                JO=0
30              WRITE(JO,130)CKTNAME(I)
                WRITE(JO,'(1X,'*'      (GHZ)',8(4X,A4))')(TN(K),K=1,8)
                DO 40 J=1,NFR
40                  WRITE(JO,140)FREQ(J),(FM(K,J,I),K=1,8)
                IF(CKTFIL(I)(1:1).NE.' ')THEN
                    IF(JO.EQ.2)THEN
                        CLOSE(2)
                    ELSE
                        OPEN(2,FILE=CKTFIL(I),STATUS='NEW')
                        JO=2
                        GOTO 30
                    ENDIF
                ENDIF
            ENDIF
        ENDIF
        IF(I.GE.NCKT)GOTO 100
        WRITE(*,'(/5X,'Press any key to continue ...')')
        IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
        I=I+1
        WRITE(*,*)
        GOTO 10
100      RETURN
110      FORMAT(/19X,'PERCENTAGE ERRORS IN S-PARAMETER MATCHING'/20X,
        *'ABS[ (Model-Measurement)/Measurement ] %'/3X,'Frequency',7X,
        *'model: ',A8,6X,'measurement: ',A12)
120      FORMAT(1X,F9.1,2X,8(F7.2,'%'))
130      FORMAT(1X,'*',15X,'S-PARAMETERS OF MODEL ',A8/1X,'* Frequency')
140      FORMAT(1X,F9.1,2X,4(F8.4,F8.2))
        END

```

```
SUBROUTINE WPA(NCKT,PA,PDIM,FILNAM,CKTNAME)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      display the current values of the parameters (command 'PA')
```

```
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),PDIM(MP),PP(3)
      CHARACTER CKTNAME(6)*8,PN(MP)*8,FMT1(3)*15,FMT2(3)*19
      CHARACTER FILNAM*12
      SAVE PN,FMT1,FMT2
```

```
ccc      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
ccc      *'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)'/
      DATA PN/'RG (OH)', 'RD (OH)', 'GDS(/OH)', 'RI (OH)', 'RS (OH)',
      *'LS (nH)', 'CGS (pF)', 'CDG (pF)', 'CDS (pF)', 'G (/OH)', 'T (ps)',
      *'LG (nH)', 'LD (nH)'/
```

```
      DATA FMT1/'(16X,A8) ', '(12X,A8,10X,A8)', '(5X,3(A8,10X)) '/
      DATA FMT2/'(5X,F18.5,5X,A8) ', '(1X,2F18.5,5X,A8) ',
      *'(1X,3(F12.5,6X),A8)'/
```

```
      IF(NCKT.LE.0)CALL ERMSG(32,I,J,*30)
      WRITE(*,'(6X,'FET MODEL PARAMETERS file: ',A12)')FILNAM
      WRITE(*,FMT1(NCKT))(CKTNAME(K),K=1,NCKT)
      DO 20 I=1,MP
      DO 10 K=1,NCKT
10      PP(K)=PA(I,K)*PDIM(I)
      WRITE(*,FMT2(NCKT))(PP(K),K=1,NCKT),PN(I)
20      CONTINUE
      WRITE(*,*)
30      RETURN
      END
```

C*****

C file name: FETDFG1.FOR

C for program FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).

C this group of files are responsible for model simulation

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

SUBROUTINE CSOLU(Y,A,B,C,D)

C solve a complex system of linear equations using LU factorization

COMPLEX*8 Y(6,6),A(6),B(6),C(6),D(6),Z,T1,T2,T3,T4

DO 20 I=1,5

Z=Y(I,I)

IF(Z.EQ.(0.0,0.0))GO TO 110

M=I+1

DO 20 J=M,6

Y(I,J)=Y(I,J)/Z

DO 10 K=M,6

10 Y(K,J)=Y(K,J)-Y(K,I)*Y(I,J)

20 CONTINUE

A(1)=1.0/Y(1,1)

C(1)=1.0

DO 40 I=2,6

T1=0.0

T2=0.0

DO 30 K=1,I-1

T1=T1-Y(I,K)*A(K)

30 T2=T2-Y(K,I)*C(K)

A(I)=T1/Y(I,I)

40 C(I)=T2

B(6)=1.0/Y(6,6)

C(6)=C(6)/Y(6,6)

D(6)=1.0/Y(6,6)

DO 60 L=2,6

I=7-L

T1=A(I)

T2=0.0

T3=C(I)

T4=0.0

DO 50 K=I+1,6

T1=T1-Y(I,K)*A(K)

T2=T2-Y(I,K)*B(K)

T3=T3-Y(K,I)*C(K)

50 T4=T4-Y(K,I)*D(K)

A(I)=T1

B(I)=T2

```
60      C(I)=T3/Y(I,I)  
      D(I)=T4/Y(I,I)
```

```
      RETURN
```

```
110     WRITE(*,*)'FATAL ERROR IN CSOLU: ZERO ON THE DIAGONAL'  
      STOP  
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FDF(N,M,XX)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize calculation of error functions and their derivatives
c
CHARACTER STRG*40,WRD1*4,WRD2*11
DIMENSION XX(N),FS(8),DFS(8,MP),INDX(MX),FM(8,MF,3)
DIMENSION INXMDA(3),PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX)
DIMENSION FREQ(MF),XA(MX),WGT(8,MF,3)
INTEGER*2 IKY1,KYCODE,IKY2,IHIGH
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PA0(MP,3)
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
COMMON/L11/MARK,F(250),DF(250,MX),FF(250),DFF(250,MX)
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX(10),IY(10,8,3),YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
SAVE FOBJO

KOUNT=KOUNT+1
M1=0
JSEN=1
FOBJ=0.0
CC1=90.0/ASIN(1.0)

c      reserve the exponential transformation on the variables

DO 10 I=1,N
XA(I)=EXP(XX(I))
X(I)=XA(I)+BND(1,I)
DO 10 J=1,M
10  DF(J,I)=0.0

c      loop for NCKT circuits

DO 60 K=1,NCKT

c          update the variable parameters

DO 20 I=1,MP
IF(INPX(I,K).GT.0)PA(I,K)=X(INPX(I,K))
20  CONTINUE

c      sweep for all frequencies

DO 60 J=1,NFR
IF(KFR(J,K).EQ.0.AND.K.NE.JOUT)GOTO 60
CALL SIMFET(FREQ(J),PA(1,K),FS,DFS,JSEN,K)

c      8 responses (real & imag. parts of 4 s-parameters)

DO 40 L=1,8
IF(WGT(L,J,K).LE.1.E-5)GOTO 40
M1=M1+1
WT=WGT(L,J,K)*SNR(L,K)
F(M1)=WT*(FS(L)-DTM(L,J,K))

```

```

c          compute the objective function

          IF(KODE.EQ.1)THEN
              FOBJ=FOBJ+ABS(F(M1))
          ELSE
              FOBJ=FOBJ+F(M1)*F(M1)
          ENDIF

c          assemble the gradients

          DO 30 I=1,MP
              I1=INPX(I,K)
              IF(I1.GT.0)DF(M1,I1)=DF(M1,I1)+WT*DFS(L,I)*XA(I1)
              CONTINUE
30          CONTINUE
40          CONTINUE

c          transform the responses to rectangular form

          IF(K.NE.JOUT)GOTO 60
          DO 50 I=1,4
              I2=2*I
              I1=I2-1
              FM(I1,J,JOUT)=SQRT(FS(I1)*FS(I1)+FS(I2)*FS(I2))

c          avoid discontinuity in ATAN2

              TEMPA=CC1*ATAN2(FS(I2),FS(I1))
              TEMPB=DAT(I2,J,JOUT)
              IF(ABS(TEMPA-TEMPB).GT.180.0)THEN
                  IF(TEMPA.GT.TEMPB)THEN
                      TEMPA=TEMPA-360.0
                  ELSE
                      TEMPA=TEMPA+360.0
                  ENDIF
              ENDIF

50          FM(I2,J,JOUT)=TEMPA
60          CONTINUE

c          check for user interrupt (key <ESC>)

          CALL CHECKY(IKY1)
          IF(IKY1.EQ.27)THEN

c          interrupt handler

              CALL CLRGRF
              WRITE(*,80)
70          FORMAT(///15X,'USER INTERRUPT'/6X,'Press T to terminate',
80          ' optimization'/6X,'Or press <CR> to continue')
1          IKY2=KYCODE(IKY2)
              IHIGH=IKY2/256
              IKY2=IKY2-IHIGH*256
              IF(IKY2.EQ.84.OR.IKY2.EQ.116)THEN

```

```

c          'T' has been pressed: terminate optimization

          MARK=0
          RETURN
        ELSEIF(IKY2.NE.13)THEN

c          neither 'T' nor <CR>. wait for another key

          GOTO 70
        ENDIF
      CALL FETPLT(FM,2)
    ENDIF

c    display the count of iteration and the value of objective function

    RM=M
    FOBJ=FOBJ*8.0/RM
    WRITE(WRD1,'(I4)')KOUNT
    IF(FOBJ.GT.999.0.OR.FOBJ.LT.1.E-6)THEN
      WRITE(WRD2,'(E11.5)')FOBJ
    ELSE
      WRITE(WRD2,'(F11.6)')FOBJ
    ENDIF
    STRG(1:16)='@L01@C01@7K=  '
    DO 90 I=1,4
    IF(WRD1(I:I).NE.' ')GOTO 100
90    CONTINUE
100   I1=17-I
      STRG(13:I1)=WRD1(I:4)
      STRG(17:33)=' ER=      _'
      DO 110 I=1,11
      IF(WRD2(I:I).NE.' ')GOTO 120
110    CONTINUE
120   I1=33-I
      STRG(21:I1)=WRD2(I:11)
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      IF(KOUNT.GT.1.AND.FOBJ.GT.FOBJ0)RETURN
      OBJ0=FOBJ
      IF(IKY1.NE.27)CALL FETPLT(FM,3)
      RETURN
    END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SIMFET(FREQ,PA,F,DF,JSEN,ICKT)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      organize model simulation for a single frequency (FREQ)
c      expecting 13 parameters in the following order:
c      RG(OH), RD(OH), GDS(/OH), RI(OH), RS(OH), LS(nH), CGS(pF),
c      CDG(pF), CDS(pF), G(/OH), T(ps), LG(nH), LD(nH)

      DIMENSION PA(MP),PAP(MP),PP(MP),F(8),DF(8,MP),DFS(8,MP)
      COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PA0(MP,3)
      COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
      COMPLEX*8 SMX(4),DSMX(4,MP),PH(6),QH(6),P(6),Q(6)
      COMPLEX*8 Y(6,6),S,Z(9),Z2P(4),ZDELTA,DZ2P(4,MP)
      COMPLEX*8 SMXMU(4),DSMXT(4),C1,C2,C3,C4,C5,C6
      INTEGER INDEX1(7),INDEX2(7)
      SAVE INDEX1,INDEX2
      DATA INDEX1,INDEX2/1,3,5,4,2,2,4,2,4,6,5,5,3,5/

      DO 1 I=1,MP
1      PAP(I)=PA(I)

ccc      because of inclusion of LG and LD, the inversions of RG -> GG
ccc      and RD -> GD are no longer appropriate, only RI (PA(4)) needs
ccc      to be inverted

ccc      DO 2 I=1,4
ccc      IF(I.EQ.3)GOTO 2
      I=4
      IF(PAP(I).GT.1.E-6)THEN
          PAP(I)=1.0/PAP(I)
      ELSE
          PAP(I)=1.E6
      ENDIF
ccc2     CONTINUE

      DO 3 I=1,MP
      II=INPP(I)
3      PP(II)=PAP(I)

c      assemble the Y matrix

      DO 10 I=1,6
      DO 10 J=1,6
10      Y(J,I)=(0.0,0.0)

      TWOPIF=6.283185*FREQ
      C1=CMPLX(0.0,TWOPIF)
      C2=0.001*C1
      C3=CMPLX(1.0,FREQ/F3DB(ICKT))
      B=TWOPIF*0.001*PP(11)
      C4=CMPLX(COS(B),-SIN(B))/C3

ccc      DO 20 I=1,4
ccc20     Z(I)=PP(I)
c      the following four lines replace the above two lines

```



```

      Z(1)=1.0/(PP(1)+C1*PP(12))
      Z(2)=PP(2)
      Z(3)=1.0/(PP(3)+C1*PP(13))
      Z(4)=PP(4)

      DO 30 I=5,7
30      Z(I)=C2*PP(I)
      Z(8)=1.0/(PP(8)+C1*PP(9))
      Z(9)=PP(10)*C4

      Y(1,1)=Z(1)
      Y(1,2)=-Z(1)
      Y(2,2)=Z(1)+Z(6)+Z(5)+GGS(ICKT)
      Y(2,3)=-Z(6)-GGS(ICKT)
      Y(2,5)=-Z(5)
      Y(3,3)=Z(2)+Z(6)+GGS(ICKT)
      Y(3,4)=-Z(2)
      Y(4,4)=Z(2)+Z(4)+Z(7)+Z(8)
      Y(4,5)=-Z(4)-Z(7)
      Y(5,5)=Z(5)+Z(4)+Z(7)+Z(3)
      Y(5,6)=-Z(3)
      Y(6,6)=Z(3)

      DO 40 I=1,5
      DO 40 J=I+1,6
40      Y(J,I)=Y(I,J)

      Y(5,2)=Y(5,2)+Z(9)
      Y(5,3)=Y(5,3)-Z(9)
      Y(4,2)=Y(4,2)-Z(9)
      Y(4,3)=Y(4,3)+Z(9)

c      solve the nodal equation for 4 solutions

      CALL CSOLU(Y,P,Q,PH,QH)

c      construct the two-port Z matrix

      Z2P(1)=P(1)/50.0
      Z2P(2)=P(6)/50.0
      Z2P(3)=Q(1)/50.0
      Z2P(4)=Q(6)/50.0
      ZDELTA=(Z2P(1)+1.0)*(Z2P(4)+1.0)-Z2P(2)*Z2P(3)

c      compute the two-port S matrix

      SMX(1)=1.0-2.0*(Z2P(4)+1.0)/ZDELTA
      SMX(2)=2.0*Z2P(2)/ZDELTA
      SMX(3)=2.0*Z2P(3)/ZDELTA
      SMX(4)=1.0-2.0*(Z2P(1)+1.0)/ZDELTA

      IF(JSEN.EQ.0)GOTO 150

c      sensitivity analysis

```

```

DO 60 I=1,7
J1=INDEX1(I)
J2=INDEX2(I)
DZ2P(1,I)=(PH(J1)-PH(J2))*(P(J2)-P(J1))
DZ2P(2,I)=(QH(J1)-QH(J2))*(P(J2)-P(J1))
DZ2P(3,I)=(PH(J1)-PH(J2))*(Q(J2)-Q(J1))
60 DZ2P(4,I)=(QH(J1)-QH(J2))*(Q(J2)-Q(J1))

ccc   the following 7 lines are newly added to account for LG and LD
      C5=-Z(1)*Z(1)
      C6=-Z(3)*Z(3)
      DO 65 J=1,4
      DZ2P(J,1)=DZ2P(J,1)*C5
      DZ2P(J,12)=DZ2P(J,1)*C1
      DZ2P(J,3)=DZ2P(J,3)*C6
65     DZ2P(J,13)=DZ2P(J,3)*C1
ccc   end of changes

      DO 70 I=5,7
      DO 70 J=1,4
70     DZ2P(J,I)=C2*DZ2P(J,I)

      C5=Z(8)*Z(8)
      DZ2P(1,8)=C5*PH(4)*P(4)
      DZ2P(2,8)=C5*QH(4)*P(4)
      DZ2P(3,8)=C5*PH(4)*Q(4)
      DZ2P(4,8)=C5*QH(4)*Q(4)

      DO 80 J=1,4
80     DZ2P(J,9)=C1*DZ2P(J,8)

      DZ2P(1,10)=C4*(PH(5)-PH(4))*(P(3)-P(2))
      DZ2P(2,10)=C4*(QH(5)-QH(4))*(P(3)-P(2))
      DZ2P(3,10)=C4*(PH(5)-PH(4))*(Q(3)-Q(2))
      DZ2P(4,10)=C4*(QH(5)-QH(4))*(Q(3)-Q(2))

      C6=-PP(10)*C2
      DO 90 J=1,4
90     DZ2P(J,11)=C6*DZ2P(J,10)

      SMXMU(1)=1.0-SMX(1)
      SMXMU(2)=-SMX(2)
      SMXMU(3)=-SMX(3)
      SMXMU(4)=1.0-SMX(4)

      DO 100 I=1,MP
      DSMXT(1)=SMXMU(1)*DZ2P(1,I)+SMXMU(3)*DZ2P(2,I)
      DSMXT(2)=SMXMU(2)*DZ2P(1,I)+SMXMU(4)*DZ2P(2,I)
      DSMXT(3)=SMXMU(1)*DZ2P(3,I)+SMXMU(3)*DZ2P(4,I)
      DSMXT(4)=SMXMU(2)*DZ2P(3,I)+SMXMU(4)*DZ2P(4,I)

      DSMX(1,I)=(DSMXT(1)*SMXMU(1)+DSMXT(3)*SMXMU(2))/100.0
      DSMX(2,I)=(DSMXT(2)*SMXMU(1)+DSMXT(4)*SMXMU(2))/100.0
      DSMX(3,I)=(DSMXT(1)*SMXMU(3)+DSMXT(3)*SMXMU(4))/100.0
100    DSMX(4,I)=(DSMXT(2)*SMXMU(3)+DSMXT(4)*SMXMU(4))/100.0

```

```

DO 110 K=1,4
K1=2*K-1
DO 110 I=1,MP
DFS(K1,I)=REAL(DSMX(K,I))
110 DFS(K1+1,I)=AIMAG(DSMX(K,I))

DO 120 I=1,MP
I1=INPP(I)
DO 120 J=1,8
120 DF(J,I)=DFS(J,I1)

ccc DO 140 I=1,4
ccc IF(I.EQ.3)GOTO 140
I=4
PR=-PAP(I)*PAP(I)
DO 130 J=1,8
130 DF(J,I)=DF(J,I)*PR
cccl40 CONTINUE

c      separate the real and imaginary parts of the S-parameters

150 DO 160 K=1,4
K1=2*K-1
F(K1)=REAL(SMX(K))
160 F(K1+1)=AIMAG(SMX(K))

RETURN
END

```

C*****

C file name: SCFILE1.FOR

C for program FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).

C this group of subroutines constitutes a file handler to process

C a circuit file and the associated measurement data files

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

BLOCK DATA A

DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(40),XDIM(40),VDIM(40)

COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP

DATA TYPDIM/1.E-9,1.0,1.0,1.E9,1.E12,1.E12/

DATA IPTYP/3,5,1,6,3,5,5,5,3,2,2,2,2,5,5,4,4,4/

END

```

SUBROUTINE BLKBLK( IERROR )
PARAMETER ( MP=13, MX=40, MF=20 )

```

```

c      decode the 'BLK' block

```

```

      CHARACTER TT(80,100), VNAME(MX)*8, CKTNAME(6)*8, CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30, PROC(3)*8, WRD*80, KYWRD*3, CHARR
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10), VAL(3,MX), LOCV(3,MX), INXMDA(3), X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3), WGT(8,MF,3), INPX(MP,3), BND(2,MX), INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9), LOCX(2,MX), INVAR(MX), DIM(8), FREQ(MF)
      DIMENSION TYPDIM(6), IPTYP(18), IVTYP(MX), XDIM(MX), VDIM(MX)
      COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM, IPTYP, XDIM, VDIM, IVTYP
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK, LINET, NVAR, LOCV, NODE, INVAR, LOCX, VAL, DIM,
1      TT, VNAME, CKTNAME, CKTFIL, PROC, MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX, NCKT, NFR, INXMDA, INPX, INDX, PA, X, BND, FREQ, WGT, ETERM
      COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3), GGS(3), FDIM
      LTOP=LOCBLK(1,1)
      LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,1)
      IERROR=1
      IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LBOTTOM.LE.LTOP)CALL ERMSG(1,I,J1,*80)
      DO 10 K=1,6
10      CKTNAME(K)='
      NX=0
      NVAR=0
      I=LTOP
      NCKT=0
      NFET=0
20      I=I+1
      IF(I.GT.LBOTTOM)GOTO 50
      JO=1
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
      CALL GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)
      IF(NFET.EQ.1)GOTO 30
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.3)THEN
          LENG=IP-1
          JO=J1+IP
          IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)CALL ERMSG(6,I,J1,*80)
          NVAR=NVAR+1
          VNAME(NVAR)='
          VNAME(NVAR)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          CALL GETVAR(I,JO,NVAR,*80)
          IF(LOCV(3,NVAR).NE.0)THEN
              NX=NX+1
              INVAR(NVAR)=NX
              X(NX)=VAL(1,NVAR)
              XDIM(NX)=VDIM(NVAR)
              LOCX(1,NX)=LOCV(1,NVAR)
              LOCX(2,NX)=LOCV(2,NVAR)
              INDX(NX)=LOCV(3,NVAR)
              IF(INDX(NX).EQ.2)THEN
                  BND(1,NX)=VAL(2,NVAR)
                  BND(2,NX)=VAL(3,NVAR)
              ENDIF
          ENDIF
      ENDIF
      ENDIF

```

```
                GOTO 20
ENDIF
IF(LENG.NE.3.OR.WRD(1:3).NE.'FET')CALL ERMSG(14,I,1,*80)
CALL GETFET(I,J0,*80)
NFET=1
GOTO 20
30 IF(IFLAG.NE.3.OR.IP.NE.LENG.OR.LENG.LT.2)CALL ERMSG(16,I,1,*80)
LENG=LENG-1
NND=NCKT*3-2
CKTNAME(NCKT)=WRD(1:LENG)
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.NE.4.OR.WRD(1:4).NE.'2POR')CALL ERMSG(18,I,J1,*80)
CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,ND1,*90)
IF(ND1.NE.NODE(NND))CALL ERMSG(15,I,J1,*80)
CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,ND2,*90)
IF(ND2.NE.NODE(NND+1))CALL ERMSG(15,I,J1,*80)
NFET=0
GOTO 20
50 IF(NFET.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(16,I,1,*80)
IERROR=0
80 RETURN
90 CALL ERMSG(7,I,J1,*80)
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE CHKTYP(ITY,I,*)  
  
c      make sure that a parameter and a symbolic variable that is assigned  
c      to it have consistent types (capacitor, inductor, etc.)  
  
      DIMENSION ITY(3)  
      IF(ITY(2).EQ.7)GOTO 90  
      IF(ITY(1).EQ.0.OR.ITY(1).EQ.7)GOTO 20  
      IF(ITY(2).NE.0.AND.ITY(1).NE.ITY(2))GOTO 90  
      IF(ITY(3).EQ.0.OR.ITY(3).EQ.7)GOTO 80  
      IF(ITY(1).NE.ITY(3))GOTO 90  
20     IF(ITY(3).EQ.0.OR.ITY(3).EQ.7)GOTO 80  
      IF(ITY(2).EQ.0)GOTO 80  
      IF(ITY(2).NE.ITY(3))GOTO 90  
80     IF((ITY(1).NE.0).AND.(ITY(1).NE.7))ITY(2)=ITY(1)  
      IF((ITY(3).NE.0).AND.(ITY(3).NE.7))ITY(2)=ITY(3)  
      RETURN  
90     CALL ERMSG(29,I,1,*100)  
100    RETURN 1  
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE DATBLK(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

```

```

c      decode the 'DATA' block

```

```

      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      DO 10 I=1,6
10      CKTFIL(I)='
      IERROR=1
      LTOP=LOCBLK(1,4)
      LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,4)
      IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)CALL ERMSG(35,I,J1,*100)
      LTOP=LTOP+1
      NMDA=3
      DO 90 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
      JO=1
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 90
      CALL GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)
      IF(IP.EQ.1.OR.IFLAG.NE.3)CALL ERMSG(30,I,J1,*100)
      NMDA=NMDA+1
      IF(NMDA.GT.6)CALL ERMSG(5,I,J1,*100)
      LENG=IP-1
      CKTNAME(NMDA)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
      JO=IP+1
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(17,I,J1,*100)
      CKTFIL(NMDA)(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
90      CONTINUE
      IERROR=0
100     RETURN
      END

```



```

SUBROUTINE ERMSG(IER,ILINE,ICOL,*)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      analyze an error and display the corresponding message

CHARACTER TT(100)*80,VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,T*79
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TSL/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
IF(IER.LE.3)THEN
    WRITE(*,10)MSG(IER)
ELSEIF(IER.LE.30)THEN
    T=TT(ILINE)(1:79)
    WRITE(*,10)MSG(IER)
    WRITE(*,20)ILINE,ICOL
    WRITE(*,'(1X,A79)')T
ELSE
    WRITE(*,30)MSG(IER)
ENDIF
RETURN 1
10  FORMAT(5X,'Error in circuit file: ',A30)
20  FORMAT(5X,'Error in circuit file at line ',I3,' after column',I3)
30  FORMAT(5X,'Error: ',A30)
END

```

```
SUBROUTINE FERMSG(IER,FILNAM,ILINE,*)
```

```
c      display file-related error messages
```

```
      CHARACTER FILNAM*12
```

```
      IF(IER.EQ.1)WRITE(*,10)FILNAM
```

```
      IF(IER.EQ.2)WRITE(*,20)FILNAM,ILINE
```

```
      IF(IER.EQ.3)WRITE(*,30)FILNAM
```

```
      IF(IER.EQ.4)WRITE(*,40)FILNAM
```

```
      RETURN 1
```

```
10     FORMAT(5X,'File not found: ',A12)
```

```
20     FORMAT(5X,'Bad data in the file ',A12,' at line',I3)
```

```
30     FORMAT(5X,'Not enough data in file ',A12)
```

```
40     FORMAT(5X,'File missing: ',A12)
```

```
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE FREQBLK(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      decode the 'FREQ' block
```

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
IERROR=1
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,2)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,2)
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)CALL ERMSG(2,I,J1,*100)
LTOP=LTOP+1
NFR=0
EPS=1.E-12
DO 30 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
J0=1
10      J00=J0
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J00,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 30
II=ICHAR(WRD(1:1))
IF(II.GE.65.AND.II.LE.122)THEN
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.4.AND.WRD(1:4).EQ.'STEP')THEN
CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FLOW,*100)
CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FHIGH,*100)
CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,DFR,*100)
IF(DFR.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
IF(FLOW.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
IF(FHIGH.LT.EPS)GOTO 120
IF(FHIGH.LT.FLOW)THEN
TEMP=FHIGH
FHIGH=FLOW
FLOW=TEMP
ENDIF
N1=INT((FHIGH-FLOW)/DFR)+1
N2=NFR+N1
IF(N2.GT.MF)GOTO 110
DO 20 J=1,N1
FREQ(NFR+J)=FLOW
20      FLOW=FLOW+DFR
NFR=N2
ELSE
CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*100)
ENDIF
ELSE
IF(NFR.GE.MF)GOTO 110
NFR=NFR+1
CALL GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,FREQ(NFR),*100)
ENDIF
ENDIF
```

```
      GOTO 10
30     CONTINUE
      IF(NFR.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(2,I,J1,*100)
      IERROR=0
100    RETURN
110    CALL ERMSG(19,I,J1,*100)
120    CALL ERMSG(20,I,J1,*100)
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETCHAR(STRG,ITOP,ICHR,CHARR,*)
```

```
C      get a single character from a line starting from the ITOPth position
```

```
      CHARACTER STRG(80),CHARR
```

```
      ICHR=0
```

```
      IF(ITOP.GT.80)RETURN 1
```

```
      DO 10 I=ITOP,80
```

```
      IF(STRG(I).NE.' ')GOTO 20
```

```
10     CONTINUE
```

```
      RETURN 1
```

```
20     CHARR=STRG(I)
```

```
      ICHR=I
```

```
      ITOP=I+1
```

```
      RETURN
```

```
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETFET(I,J0,*)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      decode the FET element
```

```

      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,CHARR,PARNAM(18)*3,WRD*80
      CHARACTER KYWRD*3,VLABL*8
      DIMENSION IDP(18),ICO(18),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
      DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
      DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
      DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
      COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK(2,10),LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
      COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM
      SAVE PARNAM,IDP,ICO,IL
      DATA PARNAM/'G ','CGS','F ','T ','GGS','CDG','CDC','CDS',
1 'GDS','RI ','RG ','RD ','RS ','CGE','CDE','LG ','LD ','LS '/
ccc      DATA IDP/10,7,6,11,6,8,6,9,3,4,1,2,5,6,6,6,6,6/
ccc      DATA IDP/10,7,6,11,6,8,6,9,3,4,1,2,5,6,6,12,13,6/
      DATA ICO/2,2,1,2,-1,2,0,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,0,0,0,0,2/
      DATA ICO/2,2,1,2,-1,2,0,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,0,0,2,2,2/

      IG=NCKT*3+1
      NCKT=NCKT+1
      IF(NCKT.GT.3)CALL ERMSG(5,I,1,*150)
      CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,NODE(IG),*140)
      CALL GETINT(TT(1,I),J0,J1,NODE(IG+1),*140)
      CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,CHARR,*10)
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'0')GOTO 10
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'G')THEN
          J0=J1
          GOTO 10
      ELSE
          CALL ERMSG(21,I,J1,*150)
      ENDIF
10      DO 20 K=1,MP
      PA(K,NCKT)=0.0
20      INPX(K,NCKT)=0
      F3DB(NCKT)=0.0
      GGS(NCKT)=0.0
      K=1
30      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)THEN
          I=I+1
          J0=1
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,CHARR,*40)
          IF(CHARR.EQ.'+')GOTO 30
40      I=I-1
          GOTO 100
      ENDIF
      CALL NOSYMBL(WRD,LENG,J0,J1)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.3)GOTO 60
```

```

      KYWRD=' '
      KYWRD(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
      DO 50 KK=K,18
      IF(KYWRD.EQ.PARNAM(KK))GOTO 70
50    CONTINUE
60    CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*150)
70    K=KK+1
      IPAR=IDP(KK)
      JTYP=IPTYP(KK)
      JOO=JO
      CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*160)
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'=')JO=JOO
      JOO=JO
      CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 160
      IA=ICHAR(WRD(1:1))
      IF(IA.GE.65.AND.IA.LE.122)THEN
          IF(NVAR.EQ.0)GOTO 170
          IF(LENG.GT.8)CALL ERMSG(6,I,J1,*150)
          VLABL=' '
          VLABL(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          DO 80 L=1,NVAR
          IF(VLABL.EQ.VNAME(L))GOTO 90
80    CONTINUE
          GOTO 170
      ELSE
          JO=JOO
          CALL GETVAR(I,JO,MX,*150)
          IF(LOCV(3,MX).NE.0)THEN
              NX=NX+1
              INVAR(MX)=NX
              X(NX)=VAL(1,MX)
              XDIM(NX)=VDIM(MX)
              LOCX(1,NX)=LOCV(1,MX)
              LOCX(2,NX)=LOCV(2,MX)
              INDX(NX)=LOCV(3,MX)
              IF(INDX(NX).EQ.2)THEN
                  BND(1,NX)=VAL(2,MX)
                  BND(2,NX)=VAL(3,MX)
              ENDIF
          ENDIF
          L=MX
      ENDIF
90    IF(IVTYP(L).EQ.0)THEN
          IVTYP(L)=JTYP
          VAL(1,L)=VAL(1,L)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
          IF(LOCV(3,L).NE.0)THEN
              JX=INVAR(L)
              X(JX)=X(JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
              XDIM(JX)=XDIM(JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
              IF(INDX(JX).EQ.2)THEN
                  BND(1,JX)=BND(1,JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
                  BND(2,JX)=BND(2,JX)*TYPDIM(JTYP)
              ENDIF
          ENDIF
      ENDIF

```

```
ELSEIF(IVTYP(L).NE.JTYP)THEN
    CALL ERMSG(29,I,J1,*150)
ENDIF
PA(IPAR,NCKT)=VAL(1,L)
IF(LOCV(3,L).EQ.0)THEN
    INPX(IPAR,NCKT)=0
ELSE
    INPX(IPAR,NCKT)=INVAR(L)
ENDIF
IJ=INPX(6,NCKT)
ZZ=PA(6,NCKT)
IF(ICO(KK).EQ.1)THEN
    F3DB(NCKT)=ZZ
    IF(IJ.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(11,I,J1,*150)
ELSEIF(ICO(KK).EQ.-1)THEN
    GGS(NCKT)=ZZ
    IF(IJ.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(12,I,J1,*150)
ELSEIF(ICO(KK).EQ.0)THEN
    IF(IJ.NE.0.OR.ZZ.NE.0.0)CALL ERMSG(13,I,J1,*150)
ENDIF
IF(K.LE.18)GOTO 30
100 RETURN
140 CALL ERMSG(7,I,J1,*150)
150 RETURN1
160 CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*150)
170 CALL ERMSG(10,I,J1,*150)
END
```



```
SUBROUTINE GETFRQ(I,J0,J1,TEMP,*)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```
c      decode a single frequency
```

```
      CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
      CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8
      DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX), NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX)
      DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
      COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
      COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR(MX),LOCX,VAL,DIM(8),
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
      CALL GETVAR(I,J0,MX,*100)
      IF(IVTYP(MX).GT.1)CALL ERMSG(29,I,J1,*100)
      IF(LOCV(3,MX).NE.0)CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*100)
      TEMP=VAL(1,MX)
      RETURN
100     RETURN 1
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETINT(STRG,ITOP,IP,IVAL,*)
```

```
c      try to convert an ASCII string into an integer
```

```
CHARACTER STRG(80),WRD*80,WRD1*20  
CALL GETWRD(STRG,ITOP,IP,WRD,LENG)  
IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN 1  
WRD1=''  
WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)  
READ(WRD1,*,ERR=10,END=10)IVAL  
IF(IVAL.GE.0)RETURN  
10    RETURN 1  
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETREAL(WRD, LENG, VALUE, *)  
  
C      try to convert an ASCII string into a real value  
  
      CHARACTER WRD*80, WRD1*20  
      IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 10  
      WRD1=''  
      WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)  
      READ(WRD1,*,ERR=10,END=10)VALUE  
      IF(VALUE.GE.0.0)RETURN  
10     RETURN 1  
      END
```

SUBROUTINE GETSYMBL(WRD,LENG,IP,IFLAG)

C detect special symbols in a word

CHARACTER SYMBOLS(10),WRD*80,A

SAVE SYMBOLS

DATA SYMBOLS/'=', '?', ':', '+', '-', '%', '*', '/', '>', '<'/

IFLAG=0

DO 10 I=1,LENG

A=WRD(I:I)

DO 10 J=1,4

IF(A.EQ.SYMBOLS(J))GOTO 20

10 CONTINUE

RETURN

20 IP=I

IFLAG=J

RETURN

END

```
SUBROUTINE GETUNIT(WRD,LENG,IP,ITYPE,VAL)
```

```
c      decode the unit attached to a numeral
```

```

      CHARACTER WRD*80,KYWRD*4,UNAM(6,7)*4
      DIMENSION DDIM(6,7)
      SAVE UNAM,DDIM
      DATA UNAM/'HZ ','KHZ ','MHZ ','GHZ ',' ',' ',' ','OH ','KOH ',
1' MOH ',' ',' ',' ',' ','/OH ','/KOH','/MOH',' ',' ',' ',
2' ','L ','MH ','UH ','NH ','PH ',' ','F ','MF ',' ',
3' UF ','NF ','PF ','FF ','SEC ','MS ','US ','NS ',' ',' ',
4' ','% ',' ',' ',' ',' ',' ','/
      DATA DDIM/1.,1.E3,1.E6,1.E9,0.,0.,1.,1.E3,1.E6,0.,0.,0.,1.,1.E-3,
1 1.E-6,0.,0.,0.,1.,1.E-3,1.E-6,1.E-9,1.E-12,0.,1.,1.E-3,1.E-6,
2 1.E-9,1.E-12,1.E-15,1.0,1.E-3,1.E-6,1.E-9,8*0.0/
      IP=0
      ITYPE=0
      VAL=1.0
      DO 10 I=LENG,1,-1
      IA=ICHAR(WRD(I:I))
      IF(IA.GE.48.AND.IA.LE.57)GOTO 20
      IF(IA.EQ.4)GOTO 20
10      CONTINUE
      RETURN
20      IF(I.EQ.LENG)RETURN
      IP=I+1
      IG=LENG-IP+1
      IF(IG.GT.4)GOTO 40
      KYWRD=' '
      KYWRD(1:IG)=WRD(IP:LENG)
      DO 30 I=1,7
      DO 30 J=1,6
      IF(KYWRD.EQ.UNAM(J,I))GOTO 50
30      CONTINUE
40      IP=-1
      RETURN
50      ITYPE=I
      VAL=DDIM(J,I)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE GETVAR(I,J0,NVR,*)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

```

c      decode information relating to a variable including
c      its value, type (bounded or not) and the bounds on it

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80,A
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),ITY(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),VU(3),VL(3)
DIMENSION TYPDIM(6),IPTYP(18),IVTYP(MX),XDIM(MX),VDIM(MX)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/SC1/TYPDIM,IPTYP,XDIM,VDIM,IVTYP
J00=J0
INDXV=0
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J00,J1,A,*70)
IF(A.EQ.'?')THEN
    INDXV=1
    J0=J00
    JX=J00
ENDIF
KOUNT=1
10  CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    CALL NOSYMBL(WRD,LENG,J0,J1)
    IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 70
    CALL GETUNIT(WRD,LENG,IP,ITY(KOUNT),VU(KOUNT))
    IF(IP.LT.0)CALL ERMSG(25,I,J1,*70)
    IF(IP.GT.0)LENG=IP-1
    CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,VL(KOUNT),*70)
    IF(INDXV.EQ.0)GOTO 25
    IF(KOUNT.EQ.1)THEN
        J00=J0
        CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J00,J11,A,*80)
        IF(A.EQ.'?')GOTO 20
        JX=J0
        KOUNT=2
        LOCV(3,NVR)=2
    ELSEIF(KOUNT.EQ.2)THEN
        KOUNT=3
        JX1=J1+LENG
        CALL PAD(TT(1,I),JX,JX1,ISHIFT)
        J0=J0+ISHIFT
    ELSE
        CALL CHKTYP(ITY,I,*90)
        CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),J0,J1,A,*80)
        IF(A.NE.'?')GOTO 80
        GOTO 30
    ENDIF
    GOTO 10
20  JX1=J1+LENG
    CALL PAD(TT(1,I),JX,JX1,ISHIFT)
    J0=J00+ISHIFT
25  LOCV(3,NVR)=INDXV
    LOCV(2,NVR)=JX
```

```

VDIM(NVR)=VU(1)
IF(ITY(1).EQ.7)THEN
    CALL ERMSG(29,I,1,*90)
ELSEIF(ITY(1).NE.0)THEN
    VDIM(NVR)=VDIM(NVR)*TYPDIM(ITY(1))
ENDIF
IVTYP(NVR)=ITY(1)
VAL(1,NVR)=VL(1)*VDIM(NVR)
GOTO 40
30 LOCV(2,NVR)=JX
VDIM(NVR)=VU(2)
IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VDIM(NVR)=VDIM(NVR)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
VAL(1,NVR)=VL(2)*VDIM(NVR)
IF(ITY(1).EQ.7)THEN
    VAL(2,NVR)=VAL(1,NVR)*VL(1)*0.01
ELSE
    IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VU(1)=VU(1)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
    VAL(2,NVR)=VL(1)*VU(1)
ENDIF
IF(ITY(3).EQ.7)THEN
    VAL(3,NVR)=VAL(1,NVR)*VL(3)*0.01
ELSE
    IF(ITY(2).NE.0)VU(3)=VU(3)*TYPDIM(ITY(2))
    VAL(3,NVR)=VL(3)*VU(3)
ENDIF
IF(VAL(3,NVR).LE.VAL(2,NVR))CALL ERMSG(26,I,1,*90)
IVTYP(NVR)=ITY(2)
40 LOCV(1,NVR)=I
RETURN
70 CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*90)
80 CALL ERMSG(22,I,J1,*90)
90 RETURN1
END

```

SUBROUTINE GETWRD(STRG,ITOP,IWRD,WRD,LENG)

```
c      get a word from a line (STRG) starting from the ITOPth position.
c      words are separated by blanks. return the word in WRD
c      its length in LENG

      CHARACTER STRG(80),WRD*80,A
      LENG=0
      IF(ITOP.GT.80)RETURN
      DO 10 I=ITOP,80
      IF(STRG(I).NE.' ')GOTO 20
10     CONTINUE
      RETURN
20     IF(STRG(I).EQ.'*')RETURN
      IWRD=I
      IW=1
      DO 30 I=IWRD,80
      A=STRG(I)
      IF(A.EQ.' ')GOTO 40
      IA=ICHAR(A)
      IF(IA.GE.97.AND.IA.LE.122)A=CHAR(IA-32)
      WRD(IW:IW)=A
      IW=IW+1
30     CONTINUE
40     ITOP=I
      LENG=ITOP-IWRD
      RETURN
      END
```


SUBROUTINE NODUMMY(ILINE)

```
C      skip over comment lines in the measurement files

      CHARACTER CLINE*80,DUMMY
1      READ(1,'(A)',END=4)CLINE
      JO=1
      ILINE=ILINE+1
2      CALL GETCHAR(CLINE,JO,J1,DUMMY,*1)
      IF(DUMMY.EQ.CHAR(9))GOTO 2
      IF(DUMMY.EQ.'*')GOTO 1
      IDUMMY=ICHAR(DUMMY)-48
      IF(IDUMMY.GE.0.AND.IDUMMY.LE.9)GOTO 3
      IF(DUMMY.NE.'+'.AND.DUMMY.NE.'-'.AND.DUMMY.NE.'.')GOTO 1
3      BACKSPACE 1
      ILINE=ILINE-1
4      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE NOSYMBL(WRD, LENG, J0, J1)
```

```
c      detect special symbols within a word
```

```
CHARACTER WRD*80
```

```
IF(LENG.EQ.0)RETURN
```

```
CALL GETSYMBL(WRD, LENG, IP, IFLAG)
```

```
IF(IFLAG.GT.0)THEN
```

```
      J0=J1+IP-1
```

```
      LENG=IP-1
```

```
ENDIF
```

```
RETURN
```

```
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE OPTBLK(IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

c decode the 'OPT' block

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8
CHARACTER WRD*80,PNAME*8,CNAME*7,CMDA(8)*7,CHARR
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3),X(MX)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),WGT(8,MF,3),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF),WW(4)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1        TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
DO 10 I=1,3
DO 10 J=1,8
DO 10 K=1,NFR
10        WGT(K,J,I)=0.0
ETERM=0.0
IERROR=1
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,3)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,3)
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)GOTO 210
I=LTOP
JCKT=0
20        I=I+1
IF(I.GT.LBOTTOM)GOTO 150
JO=1
30        CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
CHARR=WRD(1:1)
IF(CHARR.EQ.'F'.AND.JCKT.GT.0)THEN
IF(LENG.GT.1.AND.WRD(2:2).NE.'=')GOTO 100
JO=J1+1
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*240)
IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
CALL GETFRQ(I,JO,J1,FLOW,*200)
FHIGH=FLOW
JOO=JO
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*20)
II=ICHAR(CHARR)
IF(II.GE.43.AND.II.LE.57)CALL GETFRQ(I,JO,J1,FHIGH,*200)
GOTO 30
ELSEIF(CHARR.EQ.'S'.AND.JCKT.GT.0)THEN
IF(LENG.GT.1.AND.WRD(2:2).NE.'=')GOTO 100
JO=J1+1
CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*240)
IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)GOTO 240
PNAME=
PNAME(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
DO 40 K1=4,6
IF(PNAME.EQ.CKTNAME(K1))GOTO 50
40        CONTINUE
```

```

      GOTO 220
50      INXMDA(JCKT)=K1
      JOO=JO
      CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*80)
      IF(CHARR.EQ.'W')THEN
          JO=JOO
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JOO,J1,CHARR,*60)
          IF(CHARR.EQ.'=')JO=JOO
60      DO 70 J=1,4
          CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,WW(J),*230)
70      CONTINUE
          TEMP=WW(2)
          WW(2)=WW(3)
          WW(3)=TEMP
      ENDIF
80      DO 95 J=1,NFR
          IF(FREQ(J).LT.FLOW.OR.FREQ(J).GT.FHIGH)GOTO 95
          DO 90 L=1,4
          L2=2*L
          L1=L2-1
          WGT(L1,J,JCKT)=WW(L)
90      WGT(L2,J,JCKT)=WW(L)
95      CONTINUE
          GOTO 30
      ELSEIF(LENG.EQ.4.AND.WRD(1:4).EQ.'TERM')THEN
          JO=J1+4
          CALL GETCHAR(TT(1,I),JO,J1,CHARR,*250)
          IF(CHARR.NE.'=')GOTO 220
          CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J1,WRD,LENG)
          CALL GETREAL(WRD,LENG,ETERM,*230)
          GOTO 30
      ENDIF
100     IF(LENG.GT.8)GOTO 250
      PNAME=' '
      PNAME(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
      DO 110 KO=1,3
      IF(PNAME.EQ.CKTNAME(KO))GOTO 120
110     CONTINUE
      GOTO 250
120     JCKT=KO
      FHIGH=1.E20
      FLOW=-100.0
      DO 130 L=1,4
130     WW(L)=1.0
      GOTO 30
150     DO 160 I=1,NCKT
          IF(INXMDA(I).GT.0)GOTO 160
          WRITE(*,260)CKTNAME(I)
          GOTO 200
160     CONTINUE
      IERROR=0
200     RETURN
210     CALL ERMSG(3,I,J1,*200)
220     CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*200)

```

```
230    CALL ERMSG(4,I,J1,*200)
240    CALL ERMSG(24,I,J1,*200)
250    IF(JCKT.EQ.0)CALL ERMSG(16,I,J1,*200)
      GOTO 220
260    FORMAT(5X,'Error in CKT file: ',A8,' not used for modelling')
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE OUTBLK(IERROR,NCKT)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)
```

c decode the 'OUT' block

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,WRD*80,WRD1*8,WRD2*3
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1        TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX(10),IY(10,8,3),YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
JOUT=1
IF(NCKT.LE.1)RETURN
LTOP=LOCBLK(1,5)
LBOTTOM=LOCBLK(2,5)
IF(LTOP.EQ.0.OR.LTOP.GE.LBOTTOM)RETURN
LTOP=LTOP+1
DO 20 I=LTOP,LBOTTOM
J0=1
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 20
IF(LENG.NE.3)GOTO 40
WRD2=WRD(1:3)
IF(WRD2.EQ.'PRI')THEN
    CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    IF(LENG.NE.3)GOTO 20
    WRD2=WRD(1:3)
    IF(WRD2.NE.'PLO')GOTO 20
ENDIF
IF(WRD2.EQ.'PLO')THEN
    CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),J0,J1,WRD,LENG)
    IF(LENG.EQ.0.OR.LENG.GT.8)GOTO 50
    WRD1=
    WRD1(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
    DO 10 K=1,NCKT
    IF(WRD1.EQ.CKTNAME(K))GOTO 30
10        CONTINUE
    GOTO 50
ELSE
    GOTO 40
ENDIF
20        CONTINUE
RETURN
30        JOUT=K
RETURN
40        CALL ERMSG(8,I,J1,*60)
50        CALL ERMSG(16,I,J1,*60)
60        IERROR=1
RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE PAD(STRG,JX,JX1,ISHIFT)

C insert blanks between words so that 8 digits can be accomodated

```
CHARACTER STRG(80)
ISHIFT=8-JX1+JX
IF(ISHIFT.LE.0)RETURN
I00=80-ISHIFT
IF(I00.LE.JX1)RETURN
DO 10 I=I00,JX1,-1
10  STRG(I+ISHIFT)=STRG(I)
J3=JX+7
DO 20 I=JX1,J3
20  STRG(I)='0'
RETURN
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE RDCKT(FILNAM,OLDFIL,IERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

```

```

c      organize the process of reading circuit and measurement files
c      it is called by the main program. It is the link between
c      this group of files and the rest of the program

```

```

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,A*80,KYWRD*2,STRG*17
CHARACTER FILNAM*12,OLDFIL*12
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION PA(MP,3),X(MX),INPX(MP,3),BND(2,MX),INDX(MX)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),FREQ(MF)
DIMENSION PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),WGT(8,MF,3)
LOGICAL THERE
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM,DAT,INPP,PA0(MP,3)
COMMON/BLK2/SNR(8,3),KFR(MF,3),DTM(8,MF,3),KOUNT,KODE
COMMON/FETCONST/F3DB(3),GGS(3),FDIM

```

```

OPEN(1,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='OLD')
WRITE(*,'(5X,'Reading file: ',A12)')FILNAM

```

```

c      read circuit file

```

```

CALL RDSCF(IERROR)
WRITE(*,*)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL BLKBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL FREQLBK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL DATBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL OPTBLK(IERROR)
IF(IERROR.NE.1)CALL OUTBLK(IERROR,NCKT)
CLOSE(1)
IF(IERROR.EQ.1)GOTO 230
OLDFIL=FILNAM

```

```

c      read measurement files

```

```

DO 40 K=1,NCKT
FILNAM=CKTFIL(INXMDA(K))
INQUIRE(FILE=FILNAM,EXIST=THERE)
IF(.NOT.THERE)CALL FERMSG(1,FILNAM,I,*220)
OPEN(1,FILE=FILNAM,STATUS='OLD')
EPS=0.001*FREQ(1)
ILINE=1
DO 30 J=1,NFR
20      CALL NODUMMY(IILINE)
      READ(1,*,ERR=190,END=200)FRE,(DAT(M,J,K),M=1,8)
      ILINE=ILINE+1
      IF(ABS(FRE-FREQ(J)).GE.EPS)GOTO 20
30      CONTINUE
      CLOSE(1)
40      CONTINUE

```



```

50      DO 50 J=1,6
        DIM(J)=1.0
        DO 60 J=1,MP
60      PDIM(J)=1.0
        FDIM=1.0

c      transform the measurement data to rectangular form

        C1=ASIN(1.0)/90.0
        DO 70 I=1,NCKT
        DO 70 K=1,4
          K1=2*K-1
          K2=K1+1
          DO 70 J=1,NFR
            T1=DAT(K1,J,I)
            T2=DAT(K2,J,I)*C1
            DTM(K1,J,I)=T1*COS(T2)
            DTM(K2,J,I)=T1*SIN(T2)
70      CONTINUE
          DO 100 I=1,NCKT
          DO 100 K=1,8
            SNR(K,I)=1.0
            IF(NFR.EQ.1)GOTO 100
            SMAX=-2000.0
            SMIN=2000.0
            DO 80 J=1,NFR
              IF(DTM(K,J,I).GT.SMAX)SMAX=DTM(K,J,I)
              IF(DTM(K,J,I).LT.SMIN)SMIN=DTM(K,J,I)
80      CONTINUE
            SNR(K,I)=1.0/(SMAX-SMIN)
100     CONTINUE

c      count the error functions

        MM=0
        DO 120 I=1,NCKT
        DO 120 J=1,NFR
          M1=0
          DO 110 K=1,8
            IF(WGT(K,J,I).GT.1.E-5)M1=M1+1
110     CONTINUE
          MM=MM+M1
120     KFR(J,I)=M1
          IF(MM.GT.250)THEN
            WRITE(*,*)'      Too many functions'
            GOTO 220
          ENDIF
        CALL BRIEF(OLDFIL,CKTFIL,NCKT)
180     RETURN
190     CALL FERMSG(2,FILNAM,ILINE,*210)
200     CALL FERMSG(3,FILNAM,ILINE,*210)
210     CLOSE(1)
220     IERROR=1
230     NCKT=0

```

GOTO 180
END

```

SUBROUTINE RDSCF(IEERROR)
PARAMETER (MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      put the contents of a the circuit file in char array TT(80,100)
c      locate various blocks in the file
c      block i begins at the LOCBLK(1,i)th line and ends at
c      the LOCBLK(2,i)th line

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,T*80,A,B,BLKNAME(6)*5,WRD*80
CHARACTER KYWRD*5
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INXMDA(3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8)
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
1      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
SAVE BLKNAME
DATA BLKNAME/'BLK ','FREQ ','OPT ','DATA ','OUT ',' '/
B=CHAR(9)
DO 25 I=1,100
READ(1,'(A)',ERR=30,END=30)T
DO 10 J=1,80
10      TT(J,I)=' '
K=1
DO 20 J=1,80
IF(T(J:J).EQ.B)THEN

c          a tab

          K=(K/9+1)*9
ELSE
          IF(K.GT.80)GOTO 25
          TT(K,I)=T(J:J)
          K=K+1
ENDIF
20      CONTINUE
25      CONTINUE
30      LINET=I-1
DO 40 I=1,10
40      LOCBLK(1,I)=0
IPRECED=0
DO 80 I=1,LINET
JO=1
KYWRD=' '
CALL GETWRD(TT(1,I),JO,J2,WRD,LENG)
IF(LENG.EQ.0)GOTO 80
IF(IPRECED.EQ.0)THEN
          IF(LENG.GT.4)GOTO 60
          KYWRD(1:LENG)=WRD(1:LENG)
          DO 50 J=1,5
          IF(KYWRD.EQ.BLKNAME(J))GOTO 70
50          CONTINUE
60          CALL ERMSG(27,I,1,*100)
70          IPRECED=J
          LOCBLK(1,IPRECED)=I
ELSEIF(LENG.EQ.3.AND.WRD(1:3).EQ.'END')THEN

```

```
        LOCBLK(2,IPRECED)=I-1
        IPRECED=0
    ENDIF
80      CONTINUE
        IF(IPRECED.NE.0)CALL ERMSG(28,LINET,1,*100)
        IERROR=0
        RETURN
100     IERROR=1
        RETURN
        END
```

```
c      file name: FETPLT1.FOR
```

c for program FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).

c this group of files are responsible for model simulation

SNOFLOATCALLS

[illegible]

c for program FETSCG.

c subroutines FETPLT and HPPLT are responsible for plotting

```
c      FETPLT generates screen graphics
```

```
c      HPPLT controls a HP plotter to generate a hardcopy
```

c they are valid for both TI or IBM/AT

c the appropriate graphics library (TIGRF or IBMGRF) must be linked

c the ISCREEN parameter must be set to distinguish TI or IBM/AT:

```
c      set ISCREEN=1 for TI and ISCREEN=2 for IBM/AT
```

c Also, the device for the plotter is system dependent. In this

c particular code, LPT3 is used for the TI, and COM1 for the AT.

[illegible]

```

      SUBROUTINE HPPLT(ICKT,MODNAM,IMO,MESNAM,IME,NF,IFPIX,IMODPIX,
+IMESPIX,IXBPIX,IYBPIX)

```

[illegible]

PARAMETER (ISCREEN=2,MF=20)

[illegible]

c HP plotting subroutine for FET modeling program

C

c eight boxes are to be displayed on the plotter.

c the top 4 boxes are numbered: 1 3 5 7 from left to right

c the bottom 4 boxes are numbered: 2 4 6 8 from left to right

C

C

c arguments needed: ICKT circuit number (multiple cct modeling)

c	MODNAM	model file name
---	--------	-----------------

C	IMO	number of character in MODNAM
---	-----	-------------------------------

c MESNAM measurement file name

C	IME	number of characters in MESNAM
---	-----	--------------------------------

c	NF	number of frequencies
---	----	-----------------------

```
C      IFPIX()      pixels for x axis plot
```

```
c      IMODPIX(,,)      pixels for y axis plot (model)
```

```
C      IMESPIX(,,)      pixels for y axis plot (measurement)
```

```
c          IXBPIX  pixel range for x axis of box
```

c IYBPIX pixel range for y axis of box

```

IMPLICIT REAL*4 (A-H,O-Z)
IMPLICIT INTEGER*2 (I-N)
DIMENSION IFPIX(MF),IMODPIX(MF,8,3),IMESPIX(MF,8,3),IBBB(4,8)
DIMENSION XCEN(4),YCEN(2)
CHARACTER BLAB(8)*4,MODNAM(IMO)*1,MESNAM(IME)*1
CHARACTER BLNK*89,STRG*89
DATA BLAB/'MS11','AS11','MS21','AS21','MS12','AS12','MS22','AS22'/

```

c glossary:

```

c
c XPAGE      the size of a page in the x direction (cm)
c YPAGE      the size of a page in the y direction (cm)
c XMARG      the x margin desired (cm)
c YMARG      the y margin desired (cm)
c XB         the x width of each of the 8 boxes (cm)
c YB         the y height of each of the 8 boxes (cm)
c XCEN( )    page location along x axis of the center of boxes (cm)
c YCEN( )    page location along y axis of the center of boxes (cm)
c H          size of the character in % wrt XB and YB
c S          the x distance between boxes, in % wrt XB
c IBBB(i,j)  the x and y coord. of the corners of each box (plotter units)
c            i = 1 to 4 denoting xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax of the box
c            j = 1 to 8 denoting the box number

```

c set defaults

```

XMARG=3.5
YMARG=3.5
H=0.035

```

c prompt user as to whether defaults are acceptable

```

BLNK(1:8)='@L01@C01'
DO 5 I=1,80
5 BLNK(I+8:I+8)=' '
BLNK(89:89)='_'
CALL DISP(BLNK)
STRG(1:38)='@L01@C01@7Plot defaults: XMARG=3.5cm, '
STRG(39:76)='YMARG=3.5cm, char=3.5% of box. (y/n)?_'
CALL DISP(STRG)
IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
IDEF=1
IF(ISCREE.EQ.1) THEN
    IF(IKY.EQ.78.OR.IKY.EQ.110) IDEF=0
ENDIF
IF(ISCREE.EQ.2) THEN
    IF(IKY.EQ.12622.OR.IKY.EQ.12654) IDEF=0
ENDIF

```

c if defaults unacceptable, get desired values

```

IF(IDEF.EQ.0) THEN
    CALL DISP(BLNK)
    STRG(1:37)='@L01@C01@7 Enter: XMARG cm, YMARG cm, '
    STRG(38:54)=' char (% box) : _'

```

```

7          CALL DISP(STRG)
          READ(*,*) XMARG,YMARG,H
          H=H/100.0
          STRG=BLNK
          STRG(1:4)='@L02'
          CALL DISP(STRG)
          Z=0.0
          IF(XMARG.LT.Z.OR.YMARG.LT.Z.OR.H.LT.Z) THEN
              CALL BELL
              GOTO 7
          ENDIF
      ENDIF
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      STRG(1:49)='@L01@C01@7 Prepare plotter pens: P1 box, P2 model'
      STRG(50:87)=' , P3 measurement. <CR> when ready. _'
      CALL DISP(STRG)
      IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
      CALL DISP(BLNK)
      CALL DISP('@L01@C30@7@B ... HP plotting ... @b _')

```

c the rest is automatically adjusted

```

      S=2.0*H
      XPAGE=28.0
      YPAGE=21.6
      XB=(XPAGE-2.0*XMARG)/(4.0+3.0*S)
      YB=(YPAGE-2.0*YMARG)/(2.0+7.5*H)
      XLCLIP=1.0
      XMARG=XMARG-XLCLIP
      YBCLIP=0.35
      YMARG=YMARG-YBCLIP
      YCEN(1)=YMARG+0.5*YB
      YCEN(2)=YMARG+(1.5+3.0*H)*YB
      XCEN(1)=XMARG+0.5*XB
      XCEN(2)=XCEN(1)+(1.0+S)*XB
      XCEN(3)=XCEN(2)+(1.0+S)*XB
      XCEN(4)=XCEN(3)+(1.0+S)*XB
      DO 10 IC=1,4
      DO 10 IB=1,8
          IX=(IB+1)/2
          IY=2
          IF(MOD(IB,2).EQ.0) IY=1
          PM=-1.0
          IF(MOD(IC,2).EQ.0) PM=+1.0

```

c the conversion between plotter units and cm = 400.0 pu/cm

```

          IF(IC.LE.2) IBBB(IC,IB)=(XCEN(IX)+PM*0.5*XB)*400.0
          IF(IC.GE.3) IBBB(IC,IB)=(YCEN(IY)+PM*0.5*YB)*400.0
10      CONTINUE

```

c obtain the character height in plotter units

```

      HPU=H*YB*400.0

```

```

c start plotting:
c these devices are system dependent

      IF(ISCN.EQ.1) OPEN(2,FILE='LPT3',STATUS='OLD')
      IF(ISCN.EQ.2) OPEN(2,FILE='COM1',STATUS='OLD')

c initialize plotter and set character size: width & height (cm)

      WRITE(2,300) H*XB, H*YB
      DO 20 IB=1,8

c draw the box labels

      IYPU=IBBB(4,IB)+0.5*HPU
      IX=(IB+1)/2
      IXPU=XCEN(IX)*400.0
      WRITE(2,310) IXPU,IYPU,BLAB(IB),CHAR(3)

c then the box

      WRITE(2,320) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)
20    CONTINUE

c draw Model title

      IYPU=IBBB(4,1)+3.5*HPU
      IXPU=IBBB(1,1)
      WRITE(2,330) IXPU,IYPU,MODNAM,CHAR(3)

c then the model curves

      DO 30 IB=1,8

c      first establish P1,P2; the corners of the box

      WRITE(2,350) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)

c      then scale it to the range of data to be plotted

      WRITE(2,360) 0,IXBPIX,0,IYBPIX

c      the plot the data

      DO 30 IF=1,NF
      WRITE(2,370) IFPIX(IF), IMODPIX(IF,IB,ICKT)
30    CONTINUE

c draw Measurement title

      IXPU=IBBB(1,5)
      WRITE(2,340) IXPU,IYPU,MESNAM,CHAR(3)

c then the measurement curves

      DO 40 IB=1,8

```



```
        WRITE(2,350) IBBB(1,IB),IBBB(3,IB),IBBB(2,IB),IBBB(4,IB)
        WRITE(2,360) 0,IXBPIX,0,IYBPIX
        DO 40 IF=1,NF
            WRITE(2,370) IFPIX(IF), IMESPIX(IF,IB,ICKT)
40      CONTINUE
        WRITE(2,380)
        CLOSE(2)
        CALL DISP(BLNK)
        RETURN

300      FORMAT(' IN ;SI ',2F10.3,' ;PU ;SP1 ;')
310      FORMAT(' PA ',2I10,' ;CP -2. 0. ;LB',A4,A1)
320      FORMAT(' PU ;PA ',2I10,' ;PD ;EA ',2I10,' ;PU ;')
330      FORMAT(' PU; SC; PA ',2I10,' ;SP2 ;LBMODEL: ',90A)
340      FORMAT(' PU; SC; PA ',2I10,' ;SP3 ;LBMEASUREMENT: ',90A)
350      FORMAT(' PU ;IP ',4I10,' ;')
360      FORMAT(' SC ',4I10,' ;')
370      FORMAT(' PA ',2I10,' ;PD ;')
380      FORMAT(' SPO ;IN ;')
        END
```

```

SUBROUTINE FETPLT(FM,JOB)
PARAMETER (ISCREEN=2,MP=13,MX=40,MF=20)

c      job=1 coming from main program for simple plotting
c      job=2 ..... preparing for optimization
c      job=3 coming from fdf during optimization
c      hp plotter interface should only deal with job=1

CHARACTER TT(80,100),VNAME(MX)*8,CKTNAME(6)*8,CKTFIL(6)*12
CHARACTER MSG(40)*30,PROC(3)*8,STRG*90
DIMENSION LOCBLK(2,10),VAL(3,MX),LOCV(3,MX),INDX(MX),PA(MP,3)
DIMENSION NODE(9),LOCX(2,MX),INVAR(MX),DIM(8),X(MX),BND(2,MX)
DIMENSION FREQ(MF),WGT(8,MF,3),FM(8,MF,3),INXMDA(3),INPX(MP,3)
INTEGER*2 IKY,IX(MF),IYO(MF,8,3),NPLT,IY(MF,8,3),IBB(4,9,2)
INTEGER*2 KYCODE,IHIGH,MODEL
COMMON/TS1/LOCBLK,LINET,NVAR,LOCV,NODE,INVAR,LOCX,VAL,DIM,
+      TT,VNAME,CKTNAME,CKTFIL,PROC,MSG
COMMON/TS2/NX,NCKT,NFR,INXMDA,INPX,INDX,PA,X,BND,FREQ,WGT,ETERM
COMMON/BLK1/PDIM(MP),DAT(8,MF,3),INPP(MP),PAO(MP,3)
COMMON/BLKPLT/IX,IY,YMIN(8,3),YR(8,3),JOUT
SAVE IBB

c      IBB(I,J,K) stores pixel coordinates for screen display of boxes
c      I = 1 to 4      denoting xmin,xmax,ymin,ymax
c      J = 1 to 8      denoting the 8 boxes to be displayed
c      J = 9           to denote the size of the entire screen
c      K = 1 / 2       flag denoting TI / AT type of screen

DATA IBB/15,165,160,280,15,165,15,135,195,345,160,280,
+      195,345,15,135,375,525,160,280,375,525,15,135,
+      555,705,160,280,555,705,15,135,0,719,0,299,
+      5,155,186,326,5,155,17,157,165,315,186,326,
+      165,315,17,157,325,475,186,326,325,475,17,157,
+      485,635,186,326,485,635,17,157,0,639,0,349/

c x pixels per box

      IXBPIX=IBB(2,1,ISCREEN)-IBB(1,1,ISCREEN)
      XBPIX=FLOAT(IXBPIX)

c y pixels per box

      IYBPIX=IBB(4,1,ISCREEN)-IBB(3,1,ISCREEN)
      YBPIX=FLOAT(IYBPIX)

      IF (NCKT.LE.0) RETURN

      NPLT=NFR
      GOTO(10,10,100),JOB
10     XMIN=FREQ(1)
      XRATIO=XBPIX/((FREQ(NFR)-XMIN)
      DO 20 J=1,NFR
20     IX(J)=INT(((FREQ(J)-XMIN)*XRATIO)
      DO 40 I=1,NCKT
      DO 40 K=1,8

```

```

FMX=-200.0
FMI=200.0
DO 30 J=1,NFR
    IF(DAT(K,J,I).GT.FMX)FMX=DAT(K,J,I)
    IF(FM(K,J,I).GT.FMX)FMX=FM(K,J,I)
    IF(DAT(K,J,I).LT.FMI)FMI=DAT(K,J,I)
    IF(FM(K,J,I).LT.FMI)FMI=FM(K,J,I)
30    CONTINUE
    FD=FMX-FMI
    YMI=FMI-0.1*FD
    YRATIO=(YBPIX/1.2)/FD
    YMIN(K,I)=YMI
    YR(K,I)=YRATIO
DO 40 J=1,NFR
    IYO(J,K,I)=INT((DAT(K,J,I)-YMI)*YRATIO)
    IY(J,K,I)=INT((FM(K,J,I)-YMI)*YRATIO)
40    CONTINUE
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        CALL CLEAR
    ELSE
        CALL SAVSCR
    ENDIF
    CALL MODE(MODE1,16)
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        I=JOUT
    ELSE
        I=1
    ENDIF
    CALL PTCOLR(7)
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)CALL SETXOR
50    STRG(1:38)= '@C09@L13@7MS11@S17MS21@S16MS12@S17MS22'
    STRG(39:75)= '@C09@L25AS11@S17AS21@S16AS12@S17AS22_'
    CALL DISP(STRG)
    STRG(1:18)= '@C10@L01@I@6Model:'
    STRG(19:26)=CKTNAME(I)
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) STRG(27:37)= '    @2File:'
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) STRG(27:37)= '    @4File:'
    STRG(38:49)=CKTFIL(INXMDA(I))
    IF(JOB.EQ.2)THEN
        STRG(50:75)= '@7@i    <ESC> to interrupt_'
        STRG(1:4)= '@C24'
    ELSE
        STRG(50:80)= '@7@i@S10<RETURN> or P=plot _'
    ENDIF
    CALL DISP(STRG)
DO 60 K=1,8
    CALL BOX(1,K,ISCREEN),'L')
    CALL WINDOW(1,K,ISCREEN)
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(2)
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(12)
    CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IYO(1,K,I))
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(6)
    IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(14)
    CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,I))
    CALL WINDOW(1,9,ISCREEN)

```

```

                CALL PTCOLR(7)
60      CONTINUE
        IF(JOB.EQ.2)GOTO 90

c wait for the user to respond

70      IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) IHIGH=IKY/256
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) IKY=IKY-IHIGH*256
        IF(IKY.NE.13.AND.IKY.NE.80.AND.IKY.NE.112) GOTO 70
        IF(IKY.EQ.13) GOTO 75

c HP plotter routine:

        IC1=8
        IC2=12
        CALL HPPLT(I,CKTNAME(I),IC1,CKTFIL(INXMDA(I)),IC2,NFR,IX,
+           IY,IY0,IXBPIX,IYBPIX)

75      CALL CLRGRF
        IF(I.EQ.NCKT)GOTO 80
        I=I+1
        GOTO 50

c all circuits done, ready for return to the main program

80      CALL MODE(MODE1,3)
        CALL RSTSCR
        RETURN

c here when JOB=2

90      IF (ISCREEN.EQ.1) CALL PTCOLR(6)
        IF (ISCREEN.EQ.2) CALL PTCOLR(14)
        RETURN

c here when JOB=3 (during optimization)

100     NPLT=NFR
        DO 120 K=1,8
            CALL WINDOW(1,K,ISCREEN))
            CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,JOUT))
            YMI=YMIN(K,JOUT)
            YRATIO=YR(K,JOUT)
            DO 110 J=1,NFR
                ITEMP=INT((FM(K,J,JOUT)-YMI)*YRATIO)
                IF (ITEMP.LT.0)      ITEMP=0
                IF (ITEMP.GT.IYBPIX) ITEMP=IYBPIX
                IY(J,K,JOUT)=ITEMP
110         CONTINUE
            CALL LINE(NPLT,IX,IY(1,K,JOUT))
            CALL WINDOW(1,9,ISCREEN))
120     CONTINUE

        RETURN

```

END

C*****

C file name: L1ABC.FOR

C for programs FETSCG and FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).
 C this group of subroutines constitutes the L1 optimization
 C package

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

```

SUBROUTINE ADDCOL(N,KCOL,KNEW,RIGHT,W,ACCUM,LRIGHT,EPS)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/XX(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W0(NX),W1(NX),W2(NX),
1  ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
DIMENSION RIGHT(N),W(N)
LOGICAL ACCUM,LRIGHT
K1=KCOL+1
K2=KCOL+KNEW
DO 200 K=K1,K2
S=0.0
T=0.0
IF(K.EQ.1) GOTO 20
KK=K-1
DO 10 I=1,KK
10 T=T+R(I,K)**2
20 DO 30 I=K,N
30 S=S+R(I,K)**2
T=T+S
T=SQRT(T)
S=SQRT(S)
IF(T.EQ.0.0) RETURN
IF(S.LT.T*EPS) RETURN
TT=R(K,K)
T=ABS(TT)
ALFA=SQRT(S*(S+T))
BETA=-SIGN(S,TT)
R(K,K)=BETA
W(K)=(TT-BETA)/ALFA
IF(K.EQ.N) GOTO 80
KK=K+1
DO 40 I=KK,N
40 W(I)=R(I,K)/ALFA
IF(K.EQ.K2) GOTO 80
DO 70 J=KK,K2
T=0.0
DO 50 I=K,N
50 T=T+W(I)*R(I,J)
DO 60 I=K,N
60 R(I,J)=R(I,J)-T*W(I)
70 CONTINUE
80 IF(.NOT.LRIGHT) GOTO 110

```

```
      T=0.0
      DO 90 I=K,N
90    T=T+W(I)*RIGHT(I)
      DO 100 I=K,N
100   RIGHT(I)=RIGHT(I)-T*W(I)
110   IF(ACCUM) GOTO 130
      DO 120 I=K,N
120   U(I,K)=W(I)
      GOTO 200
130   DO 160 I=1,N
      T=0.0
      DO 140 J=K,N
140   T=T+U(I,J)*W(J)
      DO 150 J=K,N
150   U(I,J)=U(I,J)-T*W(J)
160   CONTINUE
200   KCOL=KCOL+1
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE BFGS(N,SEPS)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/XX(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),W1(NX),Y(NX),
1  ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
EPS=(N+10)*SEPS
DO 20 I=1,N
  T=0.0
  DO 10 J=1,N
10  T=T+B(I,J)*XX(J)
20  W(I)=T
  YXX=0.0
  WXX=0.0
  DO 30 I=1,N
    YXX=YXX+Y(I)*XX(I)
30  WXX=WXX+W(I)*XX(I)
    IF(WXX.LT.1.E-12.OR.YXX.LT.EPS*WXX) RETURN
  DO 40 I=1,N
40  B(I,I)=B(I,I)+Y(I)**2/YXX-W(I)**2/WXX
    IF(N.EQ.1) RETURN
  DO 50 I=2,N
    I1=I-1
    DO 50 J=1,I1
      B(I,J)=B(I,J)+Y(I)*Y(J)/YXX-W(I)*W(J)/WXX
50  B(J,I)=B(I,J)
  RETURN
END
```



```

SUBROUTINE DELCOL(K,N,KCOL)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/X00(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),H(NX),W2(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
COMMON/L14/RIGHT(NX),FUP(MX),DLDF(MX),CUP(LX),DLDC(LX),
1   STEP(MX),KSTATL(NX),DSTA2(NX2,NX2)

KCOL=KCOL-1
IF(K.GT.KCOL) RETURN
DO 10 J=K,KCOL
J1=J+1
DO 10 I=1,J1
10 R(I,J)=R(I,J1)
DO 100 KK=K,KCOL
K1=KK+1
X=R(KK,KK)
Y=R(K1,KK)
A=SQRT(X*X+Y*Y)
C=X/A
S=Y/A
R(KK,KK)=C*X+S*Y
IF(KK.EQ.KCOL) GOTO 60
DO 50 J=K1,KCOL
X=R(KK,J)
Y=R(K1,J)
R(KK,J)=C*X+S*Y
50 R(K1,J)=C*Y-S*X
60 X=RIGHT(KK)
Y=RIGHT(K1)
RIGHT(KK)=C*X+S*Y
RIGHT(K1)=C*Y-S*X
70 DO 80 I=1,N
X=U(I,KK)
Y=U(I,K1)
U(I,KK)=C*X+S*Y
80 U(I,K1)=C*Y-S*X
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```
SUBROUTINE HACCUM(N,KCOL)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/X(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),H(NX),W2(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
K1=KCOL+1
DO 10 I=KCOL,N
10 W(I)=U(I,KCOL)
DO 20 I=KCOL,N
20 U(I,I)=1.0-W(I)**2
IF(KCOL.EQ.N) GOTO 40
DO 30 I=K1,N
I1=I-1
T=W(I)
DO 30 J=KCOL,I1
S=-T*W(J)
U(I,J)=S
30 U(J,I)=S
40 IF(KCOL.EQ.1) RETURN
DO 100 KK=2,KCOL
K=K1-KK
DO 50 I=K,N
50 W(I)=U(I,K)
T=W(K)
KP1=K+1
U(K,K)=1.0-T**2
DO 60 I=KP1,N
60 U(I,K)=-T*W(I)
DO 90 L=KP1,N
S=0.0
DO 70 I=KP1,N
70 S=S+W(I)*U(I,L)
U(K,L)=-T*S
DO 80 I=KP1,N
80 U(I,L)=U(I,L)-S*W(I)
90 CONTINUE
100 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
```

```
      SUBROUTINE L1A(N,M,X,MAXF)
      DIMENSION X(N)
      DX=0.0
      DO 10 I=1,N
10     DX=DX+X(I)*X(I)
      DX=0.05*SQRT(DX)
      IF(DX.LT.0.005)DX=0.005
      EPS=1.E-6
      MAXF=200
      CALL L1B(N,M,X,DX,EPS,MAXF)
      RETURN
      END
```

```
SUBROUTINE L1B(N,M,X,DX,EPS,MAXF)
DIMENSION X(N)
L=0
LEQ=0
CALL L1C(N,M,L,LEQ,X,DX,EPS,MAXF)
RETURN
END
```

```

SUBROUTINE L1C(N,M,L,LEQ,X,DX,EPS,MAXF)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NX)
DIMENSION X(N)
COMMON/L11/MARK,F1(MX),DF1(MX,NX),F(MX),DF(MX,NX)
COMMON/L12/C(LX),DC(LX,NX),CLOC(LX)
COMMON/L13/XX(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),W1(NX),W2(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSETO(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)

SEPS=1.E-12
IF(N.GT.NX.OR.M.GT.MX.OR.L.GT.LX)THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Fatal error: dimensional limits exceeded'
  RETURN
ENDIF
IF(DX.LE.SEPS.OR.EPS.LE.SEPS)THEN
  WRITE(*,*)' Fatal error: DX or EPS too small '
  RETURN
ENDIF

LI=L-LEQ
LNN=L+N+N
KEQSET=0
NSTEP=0
NACTO=0
MARK=1
NCALL=1
DX0=DX
FL1REF=1.E16
XN=0.0
DO 20 I=1,N
  XN=XN+X(I)**2
DO 10 J=1,N
10  B(I,J)=0.0
20  B(I,I)=1.0
  XN=SQRT(XN)
  IF(L.GT.0) THEN
    DO 30 K=1,L
      T=0.0
      DO 25 I=1,N
25      T=T+DC(K,I)*X(I)
30      CLOC(K)=T+C(K)
  ENDIF
  CALL FDF(N,M,X)
  IF(MARK.EQ.0)GOTO 300
  FL10=0.0
  DO 40 J=1,M
    F(J)=F1(J)
    DO 35 I=1,N
35    DF(J,I)=DF1(J,I)
40    FL10=FL10+ABS(F(J))

c   iterative loop

50  NACT=NACTO
  IF(NACT.GT.0) THEN
    DO 60 I=1,NACT

```

```

60          KSET(I)=KSET0(I)
          ENDIF

          CALL L1LP(M,N,L,LEQ,DX,XXN,NACT,FL1,IFALL)
          IF(FL1.GE.FL10) GOTO 300

          DO 70 I=1,N
70         X1(I)=X(I)+XX(I)
          CALL FDF(N,M,X1)
          IF(MARK.NE.1)GOTO 300
          NCALL=NCALL+1
          FL11=0.0
          DO 80 I=1,M
80         FL11=FL11+ABS(F1(I))

          IF((FL10-FL11).GT.0.75*(FL10-FL1)) DX=2.0*XXN
          IF((FL10-FL11).LT.0.25*(FL10-FL1)) DX=0.25*XXN

          K=0
          IF(NACT.GT.0)THEN
            DO 110 I=1,NACT
              II=KSET(I)
              IF(II.GT.LNN)THEN
                K=K+1
                KSET(K)=KSET(I)
                II=II-LNN
                DO 90 J=1,N
20             R(J,K)=DF(II,J)
              ELSEIF(II.LE.L)THEN
                K=K+1
                KSET(K)=KSET(I)
                DO 100 J=1,N
30             R(J,K)=DC(II,J)
              ENDIF
110          CONTINUE
          ENDIF

          DO 120 I=1,N
          W(I)=0.DO
120         W1(I)=0.DO
          DO 150 I=1,M
          IF(KSTATF(I).LT.0) THEN
            DO 130 J=1,N
            W(J)=W(J)-DF(I,J)
130         W1(J)=W1(J)-DF1(I,J)
          ELSEIF(KSTATF(I).GT.0) THEN
            DO 140 J=1,N
            W(J)=W(J)+DF(I,J)
140         W1(J)=W1(J)+DF1(I,J)
          ENDIF
          CONTINUE
150        CONTINUE
          DO 160 I=1,N
160        ASET(I)=-W(I)
          NACT=0
          IF(K.GT.0) THEN

```

```

      CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,K,ASET,W2,.FALSE.,.TRUE.,SEPS)
      IF(NACT.LT.K) KEQSET=1
      CALL RSOLV(N,NACT,ASET,ASET)
      DO 180 I=1,NACT
      K=KSET(I)
      IF(K.GT.LNN) THEN
          KK=K-LNN
          T=ASET(I)
          DO 170 J=1,N
          W1(J)=W1(J)+T*DF1(KK,J)
170      W(J)=W(J)+T*DF(KK,J)
      ENDIF
180      CONTINUE
      ENDIF

      DO 190 I=1,N
190      W2(I)=W1(I)-W(I)
      CALL BFGS(N,SEPS)

      IF((FL10-FL11).LE.0.01*(FL10-FL11)) GOTO 270

      IF(NACTO.NE.NACT) THEN
          KEQSET=1
      ELSE
          IF(NACT.GT.0) THEN
              DO 200 I=1,NACT
              K=KSET(I)
              DO 210 J=1,NACT
              IF(K.EQ.KSET0(J)) GOTO 200
210          CONTINUE
              KEQSET=1
              GOTO 220
200          CONTINUE
          ENDIF
          IF (FL11.GE.0.99*FL10) KEQSET=KEQSET+1
      ENDIF

220      NSTEP=NSTEP+1
      XN=0.0
      FL10=FL11
      NACTO=NACT
      DO 230 I=1,N
      X(I)=X1(I)
      XN=XN+X(I)**2
      DO 230 J=1,M
230      DF(J,I)=DF1(J,I)
      XN=SQRT(XN)
      DO 240 I=1,M
240      F(I)=F1(I)
      IF(L.GT.0) THEN
          DO 250 K=1,L
          T=0.0
          DO 245 I=1,N
245      T=T+DC(K,I)*X(I)
250      CLOC(K)=T+C(K)

```

```

ENDIF
IF(NACT.GT.0) THEN
    DO 260 I=1,NACT
260      KSET0(I)=KSET(I)
    ENDIF

270  IF(NCALL.GT.MAXF.OR.XXN.LE.EPS*XXN.OR.XXN.LE.SEPS*XXN) GOTO 300

    IF(NSTEP.LT.N.OR.FL10.GT.FL1REF.OR.KEQSET.LT.3) GOTO 50
    IF(NACT.GT.LEQ) THEN
        DO 280 I=1,NACT
            K=KSET(I)
            T=ASET(I)
            IF(K.GT.LEQ.AND.K.LE.L.AND.T.GE.0.0) GOTO 50
            IF(K.GT.LNN.AND.ABS(T).GE.1.0) GOTO 50
280      CONTINUE
    ENDIF

    NSHIFT=NSHIFT+1
    FL1REF=FL10*0.999999
    XXNMAX=AMAX1(DX0,10.0*DX)
    CALL L1STA2(N,M,L,LEQ,X,XXNMAX,NACT,EPS,MAXF,NCALL,
1      XXN,NSTEP,IFALL)
    IF(IFALL.LT.3) GOTO 300
    FL10=0.0
    DO 290 I=1,M
290      FL10=FL10+ABS(F(I))
        DX=AMAX1(DX,XXN*0.5)
        KEQSET=1
        GOTO 50

300  MAXF=NCALL
    EPS=XXN
    RETURN
    END

```



```

SUBROUTINE L1LP(M,N,L,LE,XNMAX,XN,NACT,FL1,IFALL)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+N)
COMMON/L11/MARK,F1(MX),DF1(MX,NX),F(MX),DF(MX,NX)
COMMON/L12/C0(LX),DC(LX,NX),C(LX)
COMMON/L13/X(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),H(NX),W2(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
COMMON/L14/DL(NX),FUP(MX),DLDF(MX),CUP(LX),DLDC(LX),
1   STEPF(MX),KSTATL(NX),DSTA2(NX2,NX2)
LOGICAL ACCUM,LINDEP

LE1=LE+1
LI=L-LE
LN=L+N
LNN=LN+N
XN=0.0
SEPS=1.E-12
EPS=N*SEPS
ACCUM=.FALSE.
LINDEP=.FALSE.
NCYC=0
IFALL=0
FL1=1.E16
DO 10 I=1,N
KSTATL(I)=0
10 X(I)=0.0
DO 15 I=1,M
KSTATF(I)=1
IF(F(I).LT.0.0) KSTATF(I)=-1
15 FUP(I)=F(I)

c   activate initial active set of constraints

NACTIN=NACT
NACT=0
IF(L.EQ.0) GOTO 100
DO 20 I=1,L
KSTATC(I)=0
20 CUP(I)=C(I)
IF(LE.EQ.0) GOTO 50
DO 40 I=1,LE
DO 30 J=1,N
30 R(J,I)=DC(I,J)
KSET(I)=I
40 KSTATC(I)=1
CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,LE,H,W,ACCUM,.FALSE.,EPS)
IF(NACT.EQ.LE) GOTO 50
IFALL=3
RETURN
50 IF(NACTIN.LT.LE1) GOTO 100
DO 70 K=LE1,NACTIN
KK=KSET(K)
IF(KK.LT.LE1.OR.KK.GT.L) GOTO 70
NACT1=NACT+1
IF(NACT1.GT.N) GOTO 100
DO 60 I=1,N

```

```

60 R(I,NACT1)=DC(KK,I)
   CALL UTRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM,R(1,NACT1))
   CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,1,H,W,ACCUM,.FALSE.,EPS)
   IF(NACT.LT.NACT1) GOTO 70
   EPS=EPS+2.0*SEPS
   KSET(NACT1)=KK
   KSTATC(KK)=1
70 CONTINUE

c      calculate the restricted gradient

100 FL1=0.0
   DO 105 I=1,N
105 H(I)=0.0
   DO 140 I=1,M
   FL1=FL1+ABS(FUP(I))
   K=KSTATF(I)
   IF(K.GT.-1) GOTO 120
   DO 110 J=1,N
110 H(J)=H(J)-DF(I,J)
120 IF(K.LT.1) GOTO 140
   DO 130 J=1,N
130 H(J)=H(J)+DF(I,J)
140 CONTINUE

c      transform the restricted gradient

   DO 150 I=1,N
150 DL(I)=-H(I)
   CALL UTRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM,DL)

c      check if the current point is a dead point

200 T=0.0
   NACT1=NACT+1
   DLN2=0.0
   IF(NACT.EQ.N) GOTO 220
   DO 210 I=NACT1,N
210 DLN2=DLN2+DL(I)**2
220 IF(NACT1.EQ.1) GOTO 240
   DO 230 I=1,NACT
230 T=T+DL(I)**2
240 T=T+DLN2
   IF(T.EQ.0.0) GOTO 900
   IF(DLN2.GT.EPS*EPS*T) GOTO 395

c      dead point - calculate multipliers

   IF(NACT.EQ.LE) GOTO 900
   CALL RSOLV(N,NACT,DL,ASET)
   AMAX=-1.E16
   DO 250 K=LE1,NACT
   A=ASET(K)
   IF(KSET(K).GT.LNN) A=ABS(A)-1.0
   IF(A.LE.AMAX) GOTO 250

```

```

      KMAX=K
      AMAX=A
250  CONTINUE
      IF(AMAX.LE.0.0) GOTO 900

c    delete a function from the active set

      KK=KSET(KMAX)
      IF(KK.LE.LNN) GOTO 310
      KK=KK-LNN
      A=ASET(KMAX)
      IF(A.LT.0.0) GOTO 280
      KSTATF(KK)=1
      DO 260 I=1,N
260  H(I)=H(I)+DF(KK,I)
      DO 270 I=1,KMAX
270  DL(I)=DL(I)-R(I,KMAX)
      GOTO 330
280  KSTATF(KK)=-1
      DO 290 I=1,N
290  H(I)=H(I)-DF(KK,I)
      DO 300 I=1,KMAX
300  DL(I)=DL(I)+R(I,KMAX)
      GOTO 330

c    deactivate a constraint

310  IF(KK.GT.L) GOTO 320
      KSTATC(KK)=0
      GOTO 330
320  IF(KK.GT.LN) GOTO 325
      KSTATL(KK-L)=0
      GOTO 330
325  KSTATL(KK-LN)=0

c    remove the corresponding column in r

330  IF(ACCUM) GOTO 340
      ACCUM=.TRUE.
      CALL HACCUM(N,NACT)
340  CALL DELCOL(KMAX,N,NACT)
      EPS=EPS+2.0*SEPS
      IF(KMAX.GT.NACT) GOTO 360
      DO 350 I=KMAX,NACT
350  KSET(I)=KSET(I+1)

c    remove linear dependence labels

360  IF(.NOT.LINDEP) GOTO 200
      LINDEP=.FALSE.
      DO 370 I=1,M
      IF(KSTATF(I).EQ.2) KSTATF(I)=1
370  IF(KSTATF(I).EQ.-2) KSTATF(I)=-1
      DO 380 I=1,N
380  IF(KSTATL(I).EQ.2) KSTATL(I)=0

```

```

        IF(LI.EQ.0) GOTO 200
        DO 390 I=LE1,L
390    IF(KSTATC(I).EQ.2) KSTATC(I)=0
        GOTO 200

c      calculate the direction of search

395    IF(NACT.EQ.0) GOTO 405
        DO 400 I=1,NACT
400    DL(I)=0.0
405    CALL UTRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM)
        DLH=0.0
        DO 410 I=1,N
410    DLH=DLH+DL(I)*H(I)

c      project gradients on the direction of search

        DO 415 J=1,M
        T=0.0
        DO 412 I=1,N
412    T=T+DF(J,I)*DL(I)
415    DLDF(J)=T
        IF(L.GT.0) THEN
            DO 419 K=1,L
            T=0.0
            DO 418 I=1,N
418    T=T+DC(K,I)*DL(I)
419    DLDC(K)=T
        ENDIF

c      calculate the step lengths

        DO 420 I=1,M
        S=DLDF(I)
        K=KSTATF(I)
        STEPF(I)=1.E16
        IF(IABS(K).NE.1.OR.K*S.GE.-1.E-12) GOTO 420
        STEPF(I)=-FUP(I)/S
420    CONTINUE
425    SLP=1.E16
        SLN=1.E16
        DO 440 I=1,N
        IF(KSTATL(I).NE.0) GOTO 440
        S=DL(I)
        IF(S*S.LE.EPS*EPS*DLN2) GOTO 440
        T=(XNMAX-X(I))/S
        IF(S.LT.0.0.OR.T.GE.SLP) GOTO 430
        SLP=T
        KLP=I
430    T=-(XNMAX+X(I))/S
        IF(S.GT.0.0.OR.T.GE.SLN) GOTO 440
        SLN=T
        KLN=I
440    CONTINUE
        SC=1.E16

```

```

        IF(LI.EQ.0) GOTO 460
        DO 450 I=LE1,L
        S=DLDC(I)
        IF(KSTATC(I).NE.0.OR.S.GE.-1.E-12) GOTO 450
        T=-CUP(I)/S
        IF(T.GE.SC) GOTO 450
        KC=I
        SC=T
450    CONTINUE
460    STEPLC=AMIN1(SLP,SLN)
        STEPLC=AMIN1(STEPLC,SC)
        NACT1=NACT+1

c      do line search

500    SF=1.E16
        DO 510 I=1,M
        S=STEPF(I)
        IF(S.GE.SF) GOTO 510
        KF=I
        SF=S
510    CONTINUE
        STEP=AMIN1(STEPLC,SF)
        IF(SF.GT.STEP) GOTO 630
        T=DLH-2*KSTATF(KF)*DLDF(KF)
        IF(T.GE.0.0) GOTO 600
        DLH=T
        KSTATF(KF)=-KSTATF(KF)
        STEP(KF)=1.E16
        GOTO 500

c      activate a function

600    DO 610 I=1,N
610    R(I,NACT1)=DF(KF,I)
        CALL UTRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM,R(1,NACT1))
        CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,1,DL,W,ACCUM,.FALSE.,EPS)
        IF(NACT.EQ.NACT1) GOTO 620
        KSTATF(KF)=2*KSTATF(KF)
        STEP(KF)=1.E16
        LINDEP=.TRUE.
        GOTO 500
620    KSET(NACT)=KF+LNN
        KSTATF(KF)=0
        GOTO 700

c      - or a constraint

630    IF(SC.GT.STEP) GOTO 660
        DO 640 I=1,N
640    R(I,NACT1)=DC(KC,I)
        CALL UTRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM,R(1,NACT1))
        CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,1,DL,W,ACCUM,.FALSE.,EPS)
        IF(NACT.EQ.NACT1) GOTO 650
        KSTATC(KC)=2

```

```

        LINDEP=.TRUE.
        GOTO 425
650 KSTATC(KC)=1
        KSET(NACT)=KC
        GOTO 700

c      - or a bound

660 DO 670 I=1,N
670 R(I,NACT1)=0.0
        IF(SLN.EQ.SLP) SLN=2.E16
        IF(STEP.EQ.SLN) R(KLN,NACT1)=1.0
        IF(STEP.EQ.SLP) R(KLP,NACT1)=-1.0
        CALL UTRRNS(N,NACT,ACCUM,R(1,NACT1))
        CALL ADDCOL(N,NACT,1,DL,W,ACCUM,.FALSE.,EPS)
        IF(NACT.EQ.NACT1) GOTO 680
        LINDEP=.TRUE.
        IF(STEP.EQ.SLN) KSTATL(KLN)=2
        IF(STEP.EQ.SLP) KSTATL(KLP)=2
        GOTO 425
680 IF(STEP.EQ.SLN) GOTO 690
        KSET(NACT)=KLP+L
        KSTATL(KLP)=1
        GOTO 700
690 KSET(NACT)=KLN+LN
        KSTATL(KLN)=-1
700 EPS=EPS+2.0*SEPS

c      introduce the new point

        XN=0.0
        XXN=0.0
        NCYC=NCYC+1
        IF(NCYC.GT.2*N) GOTO 900
        DO 800 I=1,N
        S=STEP*DL(I)
        XXN=AMAX1(XXN,ABS(S))
        X(I)=X(I)+S
800 XN=AMAX1(XN,ABS(X(I)))
        IF(XXN.GT.EPS*XN) NCYC=0
        DO 810 I=1,M
810 FUP(I)=FUP(I)+STEP*DLDF(I)
        IF(L.EQ.0) GOTO 100
        DO 820 I=1,L
820 CUP(I)=CUP(I)+STEP*DLDC(I)
        GOTO 100

c      return

900 IF(NACT.LT.N) IFALL=2
        DO 910 I=1,NACT
910 IF(KSET(I).GT.L.AND.KSET(I).LE.LNN) IFALL=1
        IF(IFALL.EQ.1) XN=XNMAX
        IF(NCYC.GT.2*N) IFALL=4
        RETURN

```

END

```

SUBROUTINE L1STA2(N,M,L,LEQ,X,XXNMAX,NACT,EPS,MAXF,NCALL,
1      XXN,NSTEP,IFALL)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NX)
DIMENSION X(N)
COMMON/L11/MARK,F1(MX),DF1(MX,NX),F(MX),DF(MX,NX)
COMMON/L12/C(LX),DC(LX,NX),CLOC(LX)
COMMON/L13/ZZ(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),WO(NX),W1(NX),
1      ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(N),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
COMMON/L14/ASET1(NX),WM(MX),DLDF(MX),WL(LX),DLDC(LX),
1      STEP(MX),KSTATL(NX),DZ(NX2,NX2)

LI=L-LEQ
LE1=LEQ+1
LNN=L+N+N
N1=N+1
IFALL=0
SEPS=1.E-12
SSEPS=SQRT(SEPS)
NZ=N+NACT
NSTEP2=0
XXN=0.0
RESREF=1.E16

c      iterative loop starts here
c      set up the iteration matrix and the righthand side

50 DO 70 I=1,N
   DO 60 J=1,N
60  DZ(I,J)=B(I,J)
70  ZZ(I)=0.0
   DO 100 I=1,M
   IF(KSTATF(I).GE.0) GOTO 80
   DO 75 J=1,N
75  ZZ(J)=ZZ(J)+DF(I,J)
   GOTO 100
80  IF(KSTATF(I).EQ.0) GOTO 100
   DO 90 J=1,N
90  ZZ(J)=ZZ(J)-DF(I,J)
100 CONTINUE
   IF(NACT.EQ.0) GOTO 200
   DO 190 J=1,NACT
   K=KSET(J)
   JN=J+N
   IF(K.GT.L) GOTO 140
   ZZ(JN)=-CLOC(K)
   DO 130 I=1,N
   DZ(I,JN)=DC(K,I)
130 DZ(JN,I)=DZ(I,JN)
   GOTO 160
140 KK=K-LNN
   ZZ(JN)=-F(KK)
   DO 150 I=1,N
   DZ(I,JN)=DF(KK,I)
150 DZ(JN,I)=DZ(I,JN)
160 DO 170 I=N1,NZ

```



```

170 DZ(I,JN)=0.0
    T=ASET(J)
    DO 180 I=1,N
180 ZZ(I)=ZZ(I)-T*DZ(JN,I)
190 CONTINUE

c    calculate the quasi-newton step

200 CALL LINSYS(NZ,K,SEPS)
    IF(K.EQ.NZ) GOTO 205
    IFALL=3
    RETURN

c    control step length

205 XXN1=0.0
    ALFA=1.0
    DO 210 I=1,N
210 XXN1=XXN1+ZZ(I)**2
    XXN1=SQRT(XXN1)
    IF(XXN1.GT.XXNMAX) ALFA=XXNMAX/XXN1
    IF(ALFA.LT.0.1) IFALL=4

c    will other constraints or functions become active?

    DO 220 J=1,M
    T=0.0
    DO 215 I=1,N
215 T=T+DF(J,I)*ZZ(I)
220 WM(J)=T
    IF(L.GT.0) THEN
        DO 225 K=1,L
        T=0.0
        DO 222 I=1,N
        T=T+DC(K,I)*ZZ(I)
222 WL(K)=T
225
    ENDIF
    STEP=1.E16
    IF(LI.EQ.0) GOTO 240
    DO 230 I=LE1,L
    IF(KSTATC(I).NE.0) GOTO 230
    T=WL(I)
    IF(T.GE.-1.E-12) GOTO 230
    T=-CLOC(I)/T
    IF(T.GT.STEP) GOTO 230
    STEP=T
230 CONTINUE
240 DO 250 I=1,M
    T=WM(I)
    K=KSTATF(I)
    IF(IABS(K).NE.1.OR.K*T.GE.-1.E-12) GOTO 250
    T=-2.5*F(I)/T
    IF(T.GE.STEP) GOTO 250
    STEP=T
250 CONTINUE

```

```

      IF(STEP.GT.ALFA) GOTO 275
      IFALL=4
      ALFA=STEP

c      scale the step

275 DO 280 I=1,NZ
280 ZZ(I)=ALFA*ZZ(I)
      XXN1=ABS(ALFA)*XXN1

c      calculate function values in the new point

      XN1=0.0
      DO 290 I=1,N
      X1(I)=X(I)+ZZ(I)
290 XN1=XN1+X1(I)**2
      XN1=SQRT(XN1)
      NCALL=NCALL+1
      CALL FDF(N,M,X1)
      IF(MARK.NE.1)GOTO 560
      IF(NACT.GT.0) THEN
          DO 295 I=1,NACT
295      ASET1(I)=ASET(I)+ZZ(I+N)
      ENDIF
      IF(L.GT.0) THEN
          DO 305 K=1,L
          T=0.0
          DO 300 I=1,N
          T=T+DC(K,I)*X1(I)
300      WL(I)=T+C(I)
305      ENDIF

c      calculate residuals

      DO 310 I=1,N
      W(I)=0.0
310 W1(I)=0.0
      DO 330 I=1,M
      IF(KSTATF(I).GE.0) GOTO 320
      DO 315 J=1,N
      W(J)=W(J)-DF(I,J)
315 W1(J)=W1(J)-DF1(I,J)
      GOTO 330
320 IF(KSTATF(I).EQ.0) GOTO 330
      DO 325 J=1,N
      W(J)=W(J)+DF(I,J)
325 W1(J)=W1(J)+DF1(I,J)
330 CONTINUE
      RES=0.0
      IF(NACT.EQ.0) GOTO 370
      DO 360 J=1,NACT
      K=KSET(J)
      T=ASET1(J)
      IF(K.GT.L) GOTO 340
      DO 335 I=1,N

```

```

      S=T*DC(K,I)
      W(I)=W(I)+S
335  W1(I)=W1(I)+S
      RES=RES+W1(K)**2
      GOTO 360
340  KK=K-LNN
      DO 350 I=1,N
      W(I)=W(I)+T*DF(KK,I)
350  W1(I)=W1(I)+T*DF1(KK,I)
      RES=RES+F1(KK)**2
360  CONTINUE
370  DO 380 I=1,N
380  RES=RES+W1(I)**2
      RES=SQRT(RES)

```

c update the hessian approximation

```

      IF(XXN1.LT.100.0*SEPS*XXN1) GOTO 395
      DO 390 I=1,N
390  W1(I)=W1(I)-W(I)
      CALL BFGS(N,SEPS)

```

c test if the residual has decreased

```

395  IF(RES.LE.0.999*RESREF) GOTO 480
      IF(IFALL.GT.2) RETURN
      IF(XXN1.GT.SSEPS*(XXNMAX+XXN1).OR.NSTEP2.LT.2) GOTO 400
      IFALL=2
      IF(XXN1.GT.EPS*XXN1) RETURN
      IFALL=1
      IF(NACT.LT.N) RETURN
      IFALL=0
      RETURN
400  IFALL=5
      RETURN
480  NSTEP2=NSTEP2+1
      NSTEP=NSTEP+1
      DO 490 I=1,N
      X(I)=X1(I)
      DO 490 J=1,M
490  DF(J,I)=DF1(J,I)
      XN=XXN1
      XXN=XXN1
      FL1=0.0
      DO 500 I=1,M
      FL1=FL1+ABS(F1(I))
500  F(I)=F1(I)
      RESREF=RES
      IF(NACT.EQ.0) GOTO 520
      DO 510 I=1,NACT
      K=KSET(I)
      S=ASET1(I)
      ASET(I)=S
      IF(K.GT.L) S=ABS(S)-1.0
510  IF(K.GT.LEQ.AND.S.GT.0.0) IFALL=6

```

```
520 IF(L.EQ.0) GOTO 535
      DO 530 J=1,L
530 CLOC(J)=WL(J)
535 DO 540 I=1,M
      IF(KSTATF(I).GT.0.AND.F(I).LT.-RES) IFALL=7
540 IF(KSTATF(I).LT.0.AND.F(I).GT.RES) IFALL=7
      IF(IFALL.GT.2) RETURN
      IF(XXN.GT.EPS*XXN) GOTO 550
      IF(NACT.LT.N) IFALL=1
      RETURN
550 IF(XXN.GT.SEPS*XXN.AND.NCALL.LE.MAXF) GOTO 50
560 IFALL=2
      RETURN
      END
```

```

SUBROUTINE LINSYS(N,NR,SEPS)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/B(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B0(NX,NX),W(NX),WO(NX),W1(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
COMMON/L14/ASET1(NX),WM(MX),DLDF(MX),WL(LX),DLDC(LX),
1   STEP(MX),KSTATL(NX),A(NX2,NX2)
NR=0

IF(N-1) 200,1,10
1 IF(ABS(A(1,1)).LT.1.E-12) RETURN
NR=1
B(1)=B(1)/A(1,1)
RETURN
10 DO 30 I=1,N
AM=ABS(A(I,1))
DO 20 J=2,N
S=ABS(A(I,J))
20 IF(AM.LT.S) AM=S
IF(AM.LT.1.E-12) AM=1.0
B(I)=B(I)/AM
DO 30 J=1,N
30 A(I,J)=A(I,J)/AM
N1=N-1
DO 80 K=1,N1
NR=K-1
AM=ABS(A(K,K))
IO=K
K1=K+1
DO 40 I=K1,N
S=ABS(A(I,K))
IF(S.LE.AM) GOTO 40
AM=S
IO=I
40 CONTINUE
IF(AM.LT.2*K*SEPS) RETURN
IF(IO.EQ.K) GOTO 60
DO 50 J=K,N
S=A(K,J)
A(K,J)=A(IO,J)
50 A(IO,J)=S
S=B(K)
B(K)=B(IO)
B(IO)=S
60 AM=A(K,K)
DO 80 I=K1,N
S=A(I,K)/AM
DO 70 J=K1,N
70 A(I,J)=A(I,J)-S*A(K,J)
80 B(I)=B(I)-S*B(K)
NR=N1
IF(ABS(A(N,N)).LT.2*N*SEPS) RETURN
NR=N
B(N)=B(N)/A(N,N)
K=N
DO 100 I=2,N

```

```
K1=K
K=K-1
S=B(K)
DO 90 J=K1,N
 90 S=S-A(K,J)*B(J)
100 B(K)=S/A(K,K)
200 RETURN
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE RSOLV(N,KCOL,RIGHT,X)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NX)
COMMON/L13/XX(NX2),X1(NX),R(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),W1(NX),W2(NX),
1  ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
DIMENSION RIGHT(N),X(N)
K=KCOL
K1=K+1
10 IF(K.EQ.0) RETURN
T=RIGHT(K)
IF(K1.GT.KCOL) GOTO 30
DO 20 J=K1,KCOL
20 T=T-X(J)*R(K,J)
30 X(K)=T/R(K,K)
K1=K
K=K-1
GOTO 10
END
```

```
SUBROUTINE UTRNS(N,KCOL,ACCUM)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/X(NX2),X1(NX),R0(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),H(NX),W2(NX),
1   ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
COMMON/L14/R(NX),FUP(MX),DLDF(MX),CUP(LX),DLDC(LX),
1   STEPFF(MX),KSTATL(NX),DSTA2(NX2,NX2)
LOGICAL ACCUM
K1=KCOL+1
IF(ACCUM) GOTO 100
IF(KCOL.EQ.0) RETURN
DO 30 KK=1,KCOL
K=K1-KK
T=0.0
DO 10 J=K,N
10 T=T+U(J,K)*R(J)
DO 20 J=K,N
20 R(J)=R(J)-T*U(J,K)
30 CONTINUE
RETURN
100 DO 110 I=1,N
110 W(I)=R(I)
DO 130 I=1,N
T=0.0
DO 120 J=1,N
120 T=T+U(I,J)*W(J)
130 R(I)=T
RETURN
END
```



```
SUBROUTINE UTRNS(N,KCOL,ACCUM,R)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40,NX2=NX+NK)
COMMON/L13/X(NX2),X1(NX),RO(NX,NX),B(NX,NX),W(NX),H(NX),W2(NX),
1  ASET(NX),U(NX,NX),KSET(NX),KSET0(NX),KSTATC(LX),KSTATF(MX)
DIMENSION R(N)
LOGICAL ACCUM

IF(ACCUM) GOTO 100
IF(KCOL.EQ.0) RETURN
DO 30 K=1,KCOL
T=0.0
DO 10 I=K,N
10 T=T+R(I)*U(I,K)
DO 20 I=K,N
20 R(I)=R(I)-T*U(I,K)
30 CONTINUE
RETURN
100 DO 110 I=1,N
110 W(I)=R(I)
DO 130 K=1,N
T=0.0
DO 120 I=1,N
120 T=T+U(I,K)*W(I)
130 R(K)=T
RETURN
END
```

C*****

C file name: QUASI2.FOR

C for programs FETSCG and FETSCG1 (PC/AT version).

C this group of subroutines constitutes the L2 optimization

C package

C*****

\$NOFLOATCALLS

```

SUBROUTINE PENALTY(N,L,X,V,G)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40)
DIMENSION X(N),G(NX)
COMMON/L12/C(LX),DC(LX,NX),CLOC(LX)
IF(L.LE.0)RETURN
DO 30 K=1,L
CLC=C(K)
DO 10 I=1,N
10  CLC=CLC+DC(K,I)*X(I)
IF(CLC.LT.0.0)THEN
      V=V+10.0*CLC*CLC
      DO 20 I=1,N
20    G(I)=G(I)+20.0*CLC*DC(K,I)
ENDIF
30  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE QUASI2(N,M,L,LEQ,X,DX,EPS,MAXF)
PARAMETER (NX=40,MX=250,LX=40)

DIMENSION X(N),H(NX,NX),X1(NX),G(NX),G1(NX)
DIMENSION W(NX),W1(NX),S(NX)
LOGICAL CONV
COMMON/L11/MARK,F(MX),DF(MX,NX),F1(MX),DF1(MX,NX)
NCALL=1
MARK=1
DMIN=1.0
ALP=0.5
SEPS=1.E-7
NP=N+1
N1=N-1
NN=N*NP/2
DO 20 I=1,N
DO 10 J=1,N
10 H(J,I)=0.
20 H(I,I)=1.
CALL FDF(N,M,X)
IF(MARK.EQ.0)GOTO 370
V=0.0
DO 30 I=1,N
30 G(I)=0.0
CALL PENALTY(N,L,X,V,G)
DO 40 J=1,M
V=V+F(J)*F(J)
DO 40 I=1,N
40 G(I)=G(I)+2.0*F(J)*DF(J,I)

c      iterative loop
c      find direction S

60 W1(1)=-G(1)
IF(N.EQ.1)GOTO 90
DO 80 I=2,N
I1=I-1
Z=-G(I)
DO 70 J=1,I1
70 Z=Z-H(I,J)*W1(J)
80 W1(I)=Z
90 S(N)=W1(N)/H(N,N)
IF(N.EQ.1)GOTO 120
N1=N-1
DO 110 I=1,N1
I1=N-I
I2=I1+1
Z=0.
DO 100 J=I2,N
100 Z=Z+H(I1,J)*S(J)
110 S(I1)=W1(I1)/H(I1,I1)-Z

c      check the directional gradient

120 GS=0.
DO 130 I=1,N

```

```

130      GS=GS+S(I)*G(I)
        IF(GS.GE.-SEPS)GOTO 350
140      GS0=GS
        ALAMDA=-2.*V/GS
        IF(ALAMDA.GT.1.)ALAMDA=1.
        TOT=0.
        VDIFF=V

c        small loop, line search

150      DXX=0.0
        DO 160 I=1,N
        DX=ALAMDA*S(I)
        IF(ABS(DX).GT.DXX)DXX=ABS(DX)
160      X1(I)=X(I)+DX
        CALL FDF(N,M,X1)
        NCALL=NCALL+1
        V1=0.0
        DO 170 I=1,N
170      G1(I)=0.0
        CALL PENALTY(N,L,X1,V1,G1)
        DO 180 J=1,M
        V1=V1+F(J)*F(J)
        DO 180 I=1,N
180      G1(I)=G1(I)+2.0*F(J)*DF(J,I)

        CONV=MARK.EQ.0.OR.V1.LT.SEPS.OR.NCALL.GE.MAXF.OR.DXX.LE.EPS
        IF(CONV)GOTO 350

        GYS=0.
        DO 190 I=1,N
190      GYS=GYS+S(I)*G1(I)
        IF(V1.GE.V)GOTO 220
        IF(ABS(GYS/GS0).LE.0.9)GOTO 230
        IF(GYS.GT.0.)GOTO 220

c        linear extrapolation

        TOT=TOT+ALAMDA
        Z=10.
        IF(GS.GE.GYS)GOTO 200
        Z1=10.0*ABS(GS-GYS)
        Z2=ABS(GYS)
        IF(Z2.GT.Z1)GOTO 200
        Z=10.0*Z2/Z1
200      ALAMDA=ALAMDA*Z
        V=V1
        GS=GYS
        DO 210 I=1,N
210      X(I)=X1(I)
        GOTO 150

c        cubic interpolation

220      Z=3.*(V-V1)/ALAMDA+GYS+GS

```

```

      ZZ=SQRT(Z*Z-GS*GYS)
      GZ=GYS+ZZ
      Z=1.0-(GZ-Z)/(ZZ+GZ-GS)
      ALAMDA=ALAMDA*Z
      GOTO 150

c      line search completed

230    ALAMDA=ALAMDA+TOT
      V=V1
      VDIFF=VDIFF-V
      DGS=GYS-GS0
      LINK=1

c      updating H

      IF(DGS+ALAMDA*GS0.GT.0.)GOTO 250
      DO 240 I=1,N
240    S(I)=G1(I)-G(I)
      SIG=1./(ALAMDA*DGS)
      GOTO 270

250    ZZ=ALAMDA/(DGS-ALAMDA*GS0)
      Z=DGS*ZZ-1.
      DO 260 I=1,N
260    S(I)=Z*G(I)+G1(I)
      SIG=1./(ZZ*DGS*DGS)
270    W1(1)=S(1)
      DO 290 I=2,N
      I1=I-1
      Z=S(I)
      DO 280 J=1,I1
280    Z=Z-H(I,J)*W1(J)
290    W1(I)=Z
      DO 300 I=1,N
      Z=H(I,I)+SIG*W1(I)*W1(I)
      IF(Z.LE.0.)Z=DMIN
      IF(Z.LT.DMIN)DMIN=Z
      H(I,I)=Z
      W(I)=W1(I)*SIG/Z
300    SIG=SIG-W(I)*W(I)*Z
      N1=N-1
      DO 310 I=1,N1
      I1=I+1
      DO 310 J=I1,N
      S(J)=S(J)-H(I,J)*W1(I)
      H(I,J)=H(I,J)+W(I)*S(J)
310    H(J,I)=H(I,J)
      IF(LINK.EQ.2)GOTO 330
      LINK=2
      DO 320 I=1,N
320    S(I)=G(I)
      SIG=1./GS0
      IF(DGS+ALAMDA*GS0.GT.0.)SIG=-ZZ
      GOTO 270

```

```
c      Updating of H completed

330      V=V1
        DO 340 I=1,N
          X(I)=X1(I)
340      G(I)=G1(I)
        GOTO 60
350      IF(V1.GE.V)GOTO 370
        DO 360 I=1,N
          X(I)=X1(I)
360      MAXF=NCALL
370      RETURN
        END
```

```

c*****
c      file name: CED.ASM
c      for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).
c      these assembly language routines are used for the screen editor
c*****

```

```

;=====
S_SEG  SEGMENT STACK
      DB      64      DUP      ('stack  ')
S_SEG  ENDS
;=====
D_SEG  SEGMENT
      PATH1  DB      30      DUP(0)
      FINLMSG DB      '  File saved: '
      PATH2  DB      30      DUP(0)
      FBUFF  DB      80      DUP(?)
      F5BUFF DB      81      DUP(32)
      F3BUFF DB      81      DUP(32)
      BLNKL  DB      80      DUP(32)
      STATUS DB      10      DUP(0)
      BUFSEG DW      (?)
      LBUF   DW      0
      TOPBUF DW      0
      SIZ    DW      0
      LSIZ   DB      1001     DUP(0)
      ERMSG1 DB      'NOT ENOUGH MEMORY$'
      ERMSG2 DB      'INVALID FILE NAME$'
      ERMSG3 DB      'FILE TOO LARGE$'
      MENU   DB      '          F1=Quit  F2=Exit  F3=UndoF4  F4=DeleOL'
      DB      '  F5=UndoF6  F6=DeLine
D_SEG  ENDS
;=====
Z_SEG  SEGMENT
Z_SEG  ENDS
C_SEG  SEGMENT
MAIN   PROC      FAR
      ASSUME  CS:C_SEG,DS:D_SEG
;
      push    ds
      sub     ax,ax
      push    ax
      mov     ax,D_SEG
      mov     ds,ax
;
      MOV     AL,0
      MOV     AH,05H
      INT     10H
      CALL    GET_BUF
      JNC     STEP1
      JMP     FINISH

```

```

STEP1:  CALL    GET_FN
;
        CALL    RD_FL
        JNC     STEP2
        JMP     FINISH
;
STEP2:  CALL    WR_FL
STEP3:  MOV     AH,0
        INT     16H
        CMP     AL,0
        JNE     NORML
        JMP     NONCHR
NORML:  CMP     AL,08H
        JNE     S_UP
        CALL    BKSPC
        JMP     SHORT  STEP3
S_UP:   CMP     AX,18488
        JNE     S_DN
        JMP     PGDN
        JMP     SHORT  STEP3
S_DN:   CMP     AX,20530
        JNE     S_LEFT
        JMP     PGUP
        JMP     SHORT  STEP3
S_LEFT: CMP     AX,19252
        JNE     S_RIGHT
        CALL    WRDLT
        JMP     SHORT  STEP3
S_RIGHT: CMP     AX,19766
        JNE     TABKEY
        CALL    WRDRT
        JMP     STEP3
TABKEY: CMP     AL,9
        JNE     CRLF
        CALL    TAB2
        JMP     STEP3
CRLF:   CMP     AL,0DH
        JNE     WR_CHR
        CALL    NEW_LN
        JMP     SHORT  GO_WR
WR_CHR: CALL    CINSRT
GO_WR:  MOV     DL,AL
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     21H
        JMP     STEP3
NONCHR: CMP     AH,60
        JNE     CON1
        JMP     STEP4
CON1:   CMP     AH,59
        JNE     CON2
        JMP     STEP5
CON2:   CMP     AH,80
        JE      C_MOVE
        CMP     AH,72
        JE      C_MOVE

```



```

        CMP     AH,75
        JE      C_MOVE
        CMP     AH,77
        JNE     CUREOL
C_MOVE: CALL    MOV_CUR
        JMP     STEP3
CUREOL: CMP     AH,116
        JNE     CURBOL
        CALL    CUR_EOL
        JMP     STEP3
CURBOL: CMP     AH,115
        JNE     NONCUR
        CALL    CUR_BOL
        JMP     STEP3
NONCUR: CMP     AH,83
        JNE     INST
        CALL    DELT
        JMP     STEP3
INST:   CMP     AH,82
        JNE     FKEY
        XOR     BYTE PTR STATUS,OFFH
        JMP     STEP3
FKEY:   CMP     AH,64
        JA      MOVPG
        CMP     AH,61
        JB      MOVPG
        CALL    FKEYS
        JMP     STEP3
MOVPG:  CMP     AH,73
        JNE     MOVPGU
PGDN:   MOV     CX,15
LPGDN:  CALL    LIN_DN
        LOOP    LPGDN
        JMP     STEP3
MOVPGU: CMP     AH,81
        JNE     CHOME
PGUP:   MOV     CX,15
LPGUP:  CALL    LIN_UP
        LOOP    LPGUP
        JMP     STEP3
CHOME:  CMP     AH,71
        JNE     CCORN
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     DX,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        JMP     STEP3
CCORN:  CMP     AH,79
        JNE     RBELL
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     DH,23
        MOV     DL,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        JMP     STEP3

```

```

RBELL:  CALL    BELL
        JMP     STEP3
;
STEP4:  CALL    SAV_FL
        JMP     SHORT    FINISH
STEP5:  CALL    QUIT
;
FINISH: MOV     AH,49H
        INT     21H
        RET
MAIN    ENDP
;
QUIT    PROC    NEAR
        SUB     DX,DX
        MOV     DH,23
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        MOV     CX,160
        MOV     AL,32
        MOV     AH,09H
        MOV     BL,7
        INT     10H
        RET
QUIT    ENDP
;
CLRS    PROC    NEAR
        MOV     CX,0
        MOV     DH,24
        MOV     DL,79
        MOV     AL,0
        MOV     AH,06H
        MOV     AL,0
        MOV     BH,07H
        INT     10H
        RET
CLRS    ENDP
;
GET_BUF PROC    NEAR
        PUSH    ES
        MOV     BX,Z_SEG
        MOV     AX,ES
        SUB     BX,AX
        MOV     AH,4AH
        INT     21H
        JC      ME_ER
        MOV     BX,4000
        MOV     AH,48H
        INT     21H
        JC      ME_ER
        MOV     BUFSEG,AX
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     DI,0
        MOV     AL,20H
        MOV     CX,64000

```

```

      CLD
REP    STOSB
      CLC
      JMP    OKG1
ME_ER: LEA    DX,ERMSG1
      MOV    AH,09H
      INT    21H
      STC
OKG1:  POP    ES
      RET
GET_BUF ENDP
;
GET_FN PROC    NEAR
      MOV    BYTE PTR STATUS[1],0      ;assume no output file name
      MOV    DI,80H
      SUB    CX,CX
      MOV    CL,ES:[DI]                ;number of parameter bytes
      JCXZ   GTFN4
      LEA    SI,PATH1
GTFNO: INC    DI
      CMP    BYTE PTR ES:[DI],' '      ;skip the leading spaces
      JNE    GTFN1
      LOOP   GTFNO
      JMP    SHORT  GTFN4
GTFN1: MOV    AL,ES:[DI]
      CMP    AL,' '
      JE     GTFN2                      ;a space would mark the
      MOV    [SI],AL                   ;end of the input file name
      INC    DI                        ;get the input file name
      INC    SI                        ;in PATH1
      LOOP   GTFN1
      JMP    SHORT  GTFN4              ;no output file name
GTFN2: CMP    BYTE PTR ES:[DI],' '      ;skip the spaces separating
      JNE    GTFN3                    ;two file names
      INC    DI
      LOOP   GTFN2
      JMP    SHORT  GTFN4              ;no output file name
GTFN3: LEA    SI,PATH2
      CLD
REP    MOVSB
      MOV    BYTE PTR STATUS[1],1      ;get output file name in PATH2
      RET                                ;set flag that PATH2 exists
GTFN4: RET
GET_FN ENDP
;
FNBAK PROC    NEAR
      PUSH   ES
      PUSH   DS
      POP    ES
      LEA    SI,PATH1
      LEA    DI,PATH2
      CLD
      MOV    BX,0
      MOV    CX,30
FNBK1: CMP    BYTE PTR [SI],0
      JE     FNBK3

```

```

        CMP     BYTE PTR [SI], '.'
        JNE     FNBK2
        MOV     BX, SI
FNBK2:  MOVSB
        LOOP    FNBK1
FNBK3:  CMP     BX, 0
        JNE     FNBK4
        MOV     BX, SI
FNBK4:  MOV     WORD PTR DS:[BX], 422EH
        MOV     WORD PTR DS:[BX+2], 4B41H
        POP     ES
        RET
FNBK4:  ENDP
;
RD_FL  PROC    NEAR
        MOV     AX, BUFSEG
        MOV     ES, AX
        MOV     AH, 3DH
        MOV     AL, 0
        LEA     DX, PATH1
        INT     21H                      ;open the file
        JNC     OKR1
        CMP     AX, 2
        JNE     FFER
        MOV     AX, 1920
        MOV     SI, AX
        MOV     BYTE PTR STATUS[1], 0
        JMP     OKR11
FFER:   LEA     DX, ERMSG2
        MOV     AH, 09H
        INT     21H
        STC
        JMP     OKR12
OKR1:   MOV     BX, AX
        MOV     DI, 0
OKR2:   LEA     DX, FBUFF
        MOV     CX, 80
        MOV     AH, 3FH
        INT     21H
        MOV     CX, AX
        CMP     CX, 0
        JA      OKR3
        JMP     OKR8
OKR3:   LEA     SI, FBUFF
        PUSH    CX
OKR4:   MOV     AL, [SI]
        INC     SI
        CMP     AL, 0DH
        JE      OKR7
        CMP     AL, 0AH
        JNE     OKR5
        CALL    END_LN
        JNC     OKR7
        LEA     DX, ERMSG3
        MOV     AH, 09H

```

```

        INT     21H
        POP     CX
        JMP     OKR12
OKR5:   CMP     AL,09H
        JNE     OKR6
        CALL    TAB1
        JMP     SHORT  OKR7
OKR6:   MOV     ES:[DI],AL
        INC     DI
OKR7:   LOOP    OKR4
        POP     CX
        CMP     CX,80
        JNE     OKR8
        JMP     OKR2
OKR8:   DEC     DI
        MOV     AL,20H
        MOV     ES:[DI],AL
        MOV     AX,LBUF
        ADD     AX,80
        CMP     AX,1920
        JAE     OKR9
        MOV     AX,1920
OKR9:   MOV     SI,AX
        MOV     AH,3EH
        INT     21H
OKR10:  CMP     BYTE PTR STATUS[1],0
        JA      OKR11
        CALL    FNBAK
OKR11:  CLC
OKR12:  RET
RD_FL   ENDP
;
WR_FL   PROC    NEAR
        PUSH    ES
        PUSH    DS
        CALL    CLRS
        MOV     CX,1920
        MOV     DI,0
        MOV     AX,0B800H
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     AX,BUFSEG
        MOV     DS,AX
        MOV     SI,0
        CLD
WRFL1:  MOVSB
        INC     DI
        LOOP    WRFL1
        POP     DS
        LEA     SI,MENU
        MOV     CX,80
        MOV     AL,1FH
WRFL2:  MOVSB
        MOV     ES:[DI],AL
        INC     DI
        LOOP    WRFL2

```

```

        POP      ES
        MOV      BH,0
        MOV      DX,0
        MOV      AH,02H
        INT      10H
        PUSH     ES
        SUB      AX,AX
        MOV      ES,AX
        MOV      AL,ES:[417H]
        MOV      STATUS[2],AL
        MOV      AL,11011111B
        AND      ES:[417H],AL
        POP      ES
        RET
WR_FL   ENDP
;
MOV_CUR PROC    NEAR
        CALL    GETCUR
        CMP     AH,80
        JNE     NO_DN
        CMP     DH,23
        JB      DNCUR
        CALL    LIN_UP
        JMP     OKMOV
DNCUR:  INC     DH
        JMP     SHORT  MOV_IT
NO_DN:  CMP     AH,72
        JNE     NO_UP
        CMP     DH,0
        JA      UPCUR
        CALL    LIN_DN
        JMP     OKMOV
UPCUR:  DEC     DH
        JMP     SHORT  MOV_IT
NO_UP:  CMP     AH,75
        JNE     NO_LF
        CMP     DL,0
        JBE     OKMOV
        DEC     DL
        JMP     SHORT  MOV_IT
NO_LF:  CMP     DL,79
        JAE     OKMOV
        INC     DL
MOV_IT: MOV     BH,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
OKMOV:  RET
MOV_CUR ENDP
;
LIN_UP  PROC    NEAR
        MOV     AX,TOPBUF
        MOV     DI,AX
        MOV     DX,AX
        ADD     DX,80
        ADD     AX,1920

```

```

      CMP      AX,WORD PTR SIZ
      JAE      OKUPL
      PUSH     CX
      MOV      TOPBUF,DX
      MOV      DX,0
      CALL     STOLIN
      CALL     SHTU
      MOV      SI,TOPBUF
      ADD      SI,1840
      PUSH     DS
      PUSH     ES
      POP      DS
      MOV      DH,23
      MOV      DL,0
      CALL     PUTLIN
      POP      DS
      POP      CX
OKUPL: RET
LIN_UP ENDP
;
LIN_DN PROC     NEAR
      CMP      WORD PTR TOPBUF,0
      JBE      OKDNL
      PUSH     CX
      MOV      DX,0
      CALL     SHTD
      MOV      DI,TOPBUF
      SUB      DI,80
      MOV      TOPBUF,DI
      MOV      SI,DI
      PUSH     DS
      PUSH     ES
      POP      DS
      CALL     PUTLIN
      POP      DS
      POP      CX
OKDNL: RET
LIN_DN ENDP
;
BELL  PROC     NEAR
      MOV      AH,02H
      MOV      DL,07H
      INT      21H
      RET
BELL  ENDP
;
TAB1  PROC     NEAR
      PUSH     CX
      MOV      AX,LBUF
      SUB      DI,AX
      MOV      CL,3
      SHR      DI,CL
      INC      DI
      MOV      CL,3
      SHL      DI,CL

```

```

                ADD     DI,AX
                POP     CX
                RET
TAB1            ENDP
;
TAB2            PROC    NEAR
                CALL    GETCUR
                MOV     CL,3
                SHR     DL,CL
                INC     DL
                MOV     CL,3
                SHL     DL,CL
                MOV     BH,0
                MOV     AH,02
                INT     10H
                RET
TAB2            ENDP
;
END_LN          PROC    NEAR
                MOV     AX,LBUF
                ADD     AX,80
                MOV     DI,AX
                MOV     LBUF,AX
                CMP     AX,60000
                JB      EDLN1
                STC
                JC      EDLN2
EDLN1:          CLC
EDLN2:          RET
END_LN          ENDP
;
SAV_FL          PROC    NEAR
                PUSH    DS
                MOV     SI,0
                MOV     AX,BUFSEG
                MOV     ES,AX
                MOV     DI,TOPBUF
                MOV     AX,0B800H
                MOV     DS,AX
                MOV     CX,1920
                CLD
SVFL1:          MOVSB
                INC     SI
                LOOP    SVFL1
                POP     DS
                MOV     CX,SIZ
                MOV     DI,CX
OKSF1:          DEC     DI
                CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI],' '
                JNE     OKSF2
                LOOP    OKSF1
                MOV     SI,CX
                JMP     OKSF10
OKSF2:          MOV     AX,CX
                SUB     DX,DX

```



```

        MOV     SI,80
        DIV     SI
        CMP     DX,0
        JE      OKSF3
        NEG     DX
        ADD     DX,80
        ADD     CX,DX
        INC     AX
OKSF3:   MOV     BX,AX
        PUSH    BX
        MOV     SI,CX
        DEC     SI
OKSF4:   MOV     CX,80
        MOV     DI,SI
OKSF5:   CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI], ' '
        JNE     OKSF6
        DEC     DI
        LOOP    OKSF5
OKSF6:   MOV     LSIZ[BX],CL
        DEC     BX
        JZ      OKSF7
        SUB     SI,80
        JMP     SHORT OKSF4
OKSF7:   POP     CX
        MOV     BX,1
        MOV     DI,0
        MOV     DX,0
OKSF8:   PUSH    CX
        SUB     CX,CX
        MOV     CL,LSIZ[BX]
        JCXZ    OKSF9
        MOV     SI,DX
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        POP     DS
        CLD
REP      MOVSB
        POP     DS
OKSF9:   MOV     AH,0AH
        MOV     AL,0DH
        MOV     ES:[DI],AX
        INC     BX
        ADD     DI,2
        ADD     DX,80
        POP     CX
        LOOP    OKSF8
        MOV     SI,DI
;
OKSF10:  CMP     BYTE PTR STATUS[1],0
        JA      OKSF00
        PUSH    ES
        PUSH    DS
        POP     ES
        LEA     DX,PATH1
        MOV     AH,41H

```

```

        INT     21H
        LEA     DX,PATH2
        LEA     DI,PATH1
        MOV     AH,56H
        INT     21H
        POP     ES
OKSF00: MOV     AH,3CH
        MOV     CX,0
        LEA     DX,PATH2
        INT     21H                ;open the file
        JNC     OKSF11
        CALL    FNBAK
        MOV     BYTE PTR STATUS[1],0
        JMP     SHORT  OKSF10
OKSF11: MOV     BX,AX
        MOV     CX,SIZ
        JCXZ    OKSF12
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        POP     DS
        MOV     DX,0
        MOV     AH,40H
        INT     21H
        POP     DS
OKSF12: MOV     AH,3EH
        INT     21H
        CALL    CLEANUP
OKSF20: RET
SAV_FL  ENDP
;
CLEANUP PROC    NEAR
        CALL    CLRS
        PUSH    ES
        SUB     AX,AX
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     AL,STATUS[2]
        MOV     ES:[417H],AL
        MOV     AX,0B800H
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     DI,160
        LEA     SI,FINLMSG
        MOV     CX,44
        MOV     AL,1FH
        CLD
CLNUP1: MOVSB
        MOV     ES:[DI],AL
        INC     DI
        LOOP    CLNUP1
        POP     ES
        MOV     BH,0
        SUB     DX,DX
        MOV     DH,3
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        RET

```

```

CLEANUP ENDP
;
GETCUR PROC NEAR
        PUSH    AX
        MOV     AH,03H
        MOV     BH,0
        INT     10H
        POP     AX
        RET
GETCUR ENDP
;
DELT PROC NEAR
        CALL    GETCUR
        CMP     DL,79
        JE      OKD1
        CALL    SHTL
OKD1:   RET
DELT ENDP
;
BKSPC PROC NEAR
        CALL    GETCUR
        CMP     DL,0
        JE      OKB1
        DEC     DL
        PUSH    DX
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        POP     DX
        CALL    SHTL
OKB1:   RET
BKSPC ENDP
;
VADRS PROC NEAR
        MOV     AL,DH
        MOV     BL,160
        MUL     BL
        MOV     DI,AX
        MOV     DH,0
        ADD     DI,DX
        ADD     DI,DX
        MOV     AX,0B800H
        RET
VADRS ENDP
;
SHTL PROC NEAR
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        CALL    VADRS
        MOV     SI,DI
        ADD     SI,2
        MOV     CX,79
        SUB     CX,DX
        MOV     DS,AX
        MOV     ES,AX

```

```

      CLD
REP    MOVSW
      MOV     AX,0720H
      MOV     ES:[DI],AX
      POP     ES
      POP     DS
      RET
SHTL   ENDP
;
SHTR   PROC    NEAR
      PUSH    DS
      PUSH    ES
      CALL    VADRS
      MOV     CX,79
      SUB     CX,DX
      ADD     DI,CX
      ADD     DI,CX
      MOV     SI,DI
      SUB     SI,2
      MOV     DS,AX
      MOV     ES,AX
      STD
REP    MOVSW
      CLD
      POP     ES
      POP     DS
      RET
SHTR   ENDP
;
FKEYS  PROC    NEAR
      CALL    GETCUR
      CMP     AH,63
      JNE     NO_F5
      CALL    UDELL
      JMP     SHORT  FDONE
NO_F5:  CMP     AH,64
      JNE     NO_F6
      CALL    DELL
      JMP     SHORT  FDONE
NO_F6:  CMP     AH,61
      JNE     NO_F3
      CALL    UDEOL
      JMP     SHORT  FDONE
NO_F3:  CALL    DEOL
FDONE:  RET
FKEYS  ENDP
;
STOLIN PROC    NEAR
      PUSH    DS
      PUSH    DX
      PUSH    DI
      CALL    VADRS
      MOV     SI,DI
      POP     DI
      MOV     DS,AX

```

```

        MOV     CX,80
        CLD
STLN1:  MOVSB
        INC     SI
        LOOP    STLN1
        POP     DX
        POP     DS
        RET
STOLIN ENDP
;
LIN_OUT PROC    NEAR
        MOV     AL,DH
        MOV     BL,80
        MUL     BL
        MOV     DI, TOPBUF
        ADD     DI, AX
        MOV     SI, DI
        ADD     SI, 80
        MOV     CX, SI
        CMP     CX, SI
        JBE     OKLO3
        SUB     CX, 80
        CMP     CX, 1920
        JB      MINSIZ
        MOV     SI, CX
MINSIZ: SUB     CX, DI
        ADD     CX, 80
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        POP     DS
        CLD
REP     MOVSB
        POP     DS
OKLO3:  RET
LIN_OUT ENDP
;
DELL    PROC    NEAR
        MOV     F5BUF, AH
        MOV     DL, 0
        CALL    LIN_OUT
        LEA     DI, F5BUF
        INC     DI
        PUSH    ES
        PUSH    DS
        POP     ES
        CALL    STOLIN
        POP     ES
        CALL    SHTU
        MOV     DH, 23
        MOV     DL, 0
        MOV     SI, TOPBUF
        ADD     SI, 1840
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        POP     DS

```

```

                CALL    PUTLIN
                POP     DS
                RET
DELL           ENDP
;
SHTU           PROC    NEAR
                CMP     DH,23
                JAE     OKS11
                MOV     CH,DH
;
                INC     CH
                MOV     CL,0
                MOV     DL,79
                MOV     DH,23
                MOV     BH,07H
                MOV     AH,06H
                MOV     AL,1H
                INT     10H
OKS11:         RET
SHTU           ENDP
;
SHTD           PROC    NEAR
                PUSH    DX
                PUSH    DI
                MOV     DI,TOPBUF
                ADD     DI,1840
                MOV     DH,23
                MOV     DL,0
                CALL    STOLIN
                POP     DI
                POP     DX
                PUSH    DX
                CMP     DH,23
                JAE     OKS21
                MOV     CH,DH
                MOV     CL,0
                MOV     DH,23
                MOV     DL,79
                MOV     BH,07H
                MOV     AH,07H
                MOV     AL,1H
                INT     10H
OKS21:         POP     DX
                RET
SHTD           ENDP
;
PUTLIN         PROC    NEAR
                PUSH    ES
                CALL    VADRS
                MOV     ES,AX
                MOV     CX,80
                CLD
PTLN1:         MOVSB
                INC     DI
                LOOP    PTLN1
                POP     ES

```

```

        RET
PUTLIN  ENDP
;
LIN_IN  PROC    NEAR
        MOV     AX, TOPBUF
        ADD     AX, 1839
        MOV     CX, SIZ
        MOV     SI, CX
        MOV     DI, SI
        ADD     DI, 80
        MOV     SI, DI
        CMP     CX, AX
        JBE     OKLIN
        SUB     CX, AX
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        POP     DS
        STD
REP     MOVSB
        POP     DS
OKLIN:  RET
LIN_IN  ENDP
;
UDELL   PROC    NEAR
        LEA     SI, F5BUF
        CMP     BYTE PTR [SI], 64
        JNE     OKU1
        MOV     DL, 0
        PUSH    SI
        CALL    SHTD
        CALL    LIN_IN
        POP     SI
        INC     SI
        CALL    PUTLIN
OKU1:   RET
UDELL   ENDP
;
DEOL    PROC    NEAR
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    ES
        MOV     F3BUF, AH
        CALL    VADRS
        MOV     SI, DI
        LEA     DI, F3BUF
        INC     DI
        PUSH    DS
        POP     ES
        MOV     DS, AX
        MOV     CX, 80
        SUB     CX, DX
        PUSH    DS
        PUSH    SI
        PUSH    CX
        CLD
DEOL1:  MOVSB

```

```

        INC     SI
        LOOP    DEOL1
        POP     CX
        POP     DI
        POP     ES
        MOV     AX,0720H
REP     STOSW
        POP     ES
        POP     DS
        RET
DEOL    ENDP
;
UDEOL   PROC    NEAR
        LEA     SI,F3BUF
        CMP     BYTE PTR [SI],62
        JNE     OKU11
        PUSH    ES
        CALL    VADRS
        INC     SI
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     CX,80
        SUB     CX,DX
        CLD
UDEOL1: MOVSB
        INC     DI
        LOOP    UDEOL1
        POP     ES
OKU11:  RET
UDEOL   ENDP
;
CINSRT  PROC    NEAR
        PUSH    AX
        CMP     BYTE PTR STATUS,0
        JE      OKC1
        CALL    GETCUR
        CMP     DL,79
        JE      OKC1
        CALL    SHTR
OKC1:    POP     AX
        RET
CINSRT  ENDP
;
WRDRT   PROC    NEAR
        CALL    GETCUR
        PUSH    ES
        CMP     DL,79
        JE      OKW6
        PUSH    DX
        CALL    VADRS
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     CX,79
        SUB     CX,DX
        PUSH    DI
OKW1:    CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI],''
        JE      OKW2

```



```

        ADD     DI,2
        LOOP    OKW1
        JMP     SHORT   OKW5
OKW2:    JCXZ    OKW5
OKW3:    ADD     DI,2
        CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI], ' '
        JNE     OKW4
        LOOP    OKW3
        JMP     SHORT   OKW5
OKW4:    POP     SI
        SUB     DI,SI
        SHR     DI,1
        POP     DX
        ADD     DX,DI
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        JMP     SHORT   OKW6
OKW5:    POP     DI
        POP     DX
OKW6:    POP     ES
        RET
WRDRT    ENDP
;
WRDLT    PROC     NEAR
        CALL    GETCUR
        PUSH    ES
        CMP     DL,0
        JE      OKW12
        PUSH    DX
        CALL    VADRS
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     CX,DX
        PUSH    DI
OKW7:    SUB     DI,2
        CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI], ' '
        JNE     OKW8
        LOOP    OKW7
OKW8:    JCXZ    OKW11
OKW9:    SUB     DI,2
        CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[DI], ' '
        JE      OKW10
        LOOP    OKW9
OKW10:   SUB     DI,2
        ADD     DI,2
        POP     AX
        SUB     AX,DI
        SHR     AX,1
        POP     DX
        SUB     DL,AL
        MOV     BH,0
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H
        JMP     SHORT   OKW12
OKW11:   POP     DI

```

```

        POP        DX
OKW12:  POP        ES
        RET
WRDLT  ENDP
;
CUR_BOL PROC      NEAR
        CALL      GETCUR
        MOV       DL,0
        MOV       BH,0
        MOV       AH,02H
        INT       10H
        RET
CUR_BOL ENDP
;
CUR_EOL PROC      NEAR
        CALL      GETCUR
        PUSH     ES
        MOV       DL,79
        PUSH     DX
        CALL     VADRS
        MOV       ES,AX
        POP       DX
        MOV       CX,79
LPC1:   CMP       BYTE PTR ES:[DI],''
        JNE      OKC11
        SUB      DI,2
        LOOP     LPC1
        JMP      SHORT OKC12
OKC11:  CMP       CX,79
        JE       OKC12
        INC      CX
OKC12:  MOV       DL,CL
        MOV       BH,0
        MOV       AH,02H
        INT       10H
        POP       ES
        RET
CUR_EOL ENDP
;
NEW_LN PROC      NEAR
        PUSH     AX
        CALL     GETCUR
        CMP      DL,0
        JE       BEFOR
        MOV      DL,0
        CMP      DH,23
        JE       AFTER
        INC      DH
        PUSH     DX
        MOV      BH,0
        MOV      AH,02H
        INT      10H
        POP      DX
BEFOR:  CALL      SHTD
OKNL1:  CALL      LIN_IN

```

```
        LEA     SI,BLNKL
        CALL    PUTLIN
        JMP     OKNL2
AFTER:  MOV     AX,TOPBUF
        MOV     DI,AX
        ADD     AX,80
        MOV     TOPBUF,AX
        PUSH    DX
        MOV     DX,0
        CALL    STOLIN
        CALL    SHTU
        POP     DX
        JMP     OKNL1
OKNL2:  POP     AX
        RET
NEW_LN  ENDP
;-----
C_SEG  ENDS
        END
```

C*****

C file name: IBMTXT.ASM

C for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).

C library of assembly language routines for text

C*****

```

DATA    SEGMENT PUBLIC 'DATA'
        STR00    DB      1BH,'[0m$'      ;escape sequence, normal attribute
        STR11    DB      1BH,'[1m$'      ;escape sequence, high intensity
        STR22    DB      1BH,'[3 m$'     ;escape sequence, set colour
        CRLF     DB      0DH,0AH,'$'     ;carriage return + line feed
        L1       DW      0H
        L2       DW      0H
        C1       DW      0H
        C2       DW      0H
        PGN      DB      0H
        ATTRIBUTE DB      7              ;default attribute for DISP
        OLDCUR   DW      26              DUP(?) ;buffer for save cursor
        OLDSCR   DW      2000           DUP(720H) ;buffer for save screen
DATA    ENDS
DGROUP  GROUP DATA

```

```

CODE    SEGMENT 'CODE'
        ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DGROUP,SS:DGROUP

```

```

PUBLIC  BELL,CHECKY,CLEAR,COLOUR,DISP,ERSEOL,KYCODE,LOCATE
PUBLIC  PAGER,PAGIN,PAGOUT,RSTSCR,SAVCUR,SAVSCR,SETCUR,STRIM,WRKY

```

```

;=====
;      CLEAR
;      Function: clear the text screen and home the cursor
;      Access:   CALL CLEAR
;=====

```

```

CLEAR  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        PUSH    AX
        PUSH    BX
        PUSH    CX                ;use BIOS scroll up routine to clear
        PUSH    DX
        MOV     CX,0                ;from (0,0)
        MOV     DH,24
        MOV     DL,79              ;to (24,79)
        MOV     AX,0600H           ;AH=6 and AL=0: scroll out
        MOV     BH,7               ;normal attribute for blank lines
        INT     10H
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get page number
        MOV     DX,0                ;home cursor, (0,0) screen position
        MOV     AH,2
        INT     10H

```

```

        POP     DX
        POP     CX
        POP     BX
        POP     AX
        POP     BP
        RET
CLEAR   ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      ERSEOL
;      Function: erase from cursor position to end of line
;      Access:   CALL ERSEOL
;=====
ERSEOL  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get the active page number in BH
        CALL    ERS_EOL
        POP     BP
        RET
ERSEOL  ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      DISP
;      Function: powerful screen writer
;      Access:   CALL DISP(STRG)
;               STRG is a character string ended with '_'
;      Imbedded commands available:
;      @B , @b      blinking on, off
;      @I , @i      high intensity on, off
;      @0 to @7     set foreground color
;                   (dark,blue,green,cyan,red,magenta,brown,white)
;      @R0 to @R7   set background color
;      $            go to start of next line
;      @Lnn         go to line nn (column unchanged)
;      @Cnn         go to column nn (line unchanged)
;      @Snn         skip nn columns
;      @@ , @$      display reserved symbols @, $
;      @X           clear screen and home cursor
;      @e           erase from cursor to the end of line
;=====
DISP    PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        LES     DI,DWORD PTR[BP+6]    ;input string starts at ES:DI
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get active page number in BH
        MOV     BL,ATTRIBUTE          ;get the current attribute in BL
TOP:    MOV     AL,ES:[DI]            ;get a char
        INC     DI                    ;increase the offset
        CMP     AL,'_'                ;end of string?
        JNE     CON1
        JMP     FINISH                ;yes, exit
CON1:   CMP     AL,'$'                ;go to the 1st column of the next line?
        JNE     CON2

```

```

        LEA     DX,CRLF
        MOV     AH,09H
        INT     21H                ;yes, write CR+LF
        JMP     TOP
CON2:    CMP     AL,'@'            ;a command begin with @ ?
        JE      CON4
CON3:    MOV     CX,1
        MOV     AH,09H
        INT     10H                ;no, just display the char
        MOV     AH,3
        INT     10H                ;read cursor position
        INC     DL                ;advance one column
        MOV     AH,2
        INT     10H                ;set cursor
        JMP     TOP
CON4:    MOV     AL,ES:[DI]        ;get the command following '@'
        INC     DI
        CMP     AL,'@'            ;display the reserved word '@'?
        JE      CON3
        CMP     AL,'$'            ;display the reserved word '$'?
        JE      CON3
        CMP     AL,'I'            ;set high intensity?
        JNE     CON5
        OR      BL,8H              ;turn on bit 3
        JMP     TOP
CON5:    CMP     AL,'i'            ;reset to normal intensity?
        JNE     CON6
        AND     BL,0F7H           ;turn off bit 3
        JMP     TOP
CON6:    CMP     AL,'B'            ;set blinking?
        JNE     CON7
        OR      BL,80H           ;turn on bit 7
        JMP     TOP
CON7:    CMP     AL,'b'            ;disable blinking?
        JNE     CON8
        AND     BL,7FH           ;turn off bit 7
        JMP     TOP
CON8:    CMP     AL,'X'            ;clear screen?
        JNE     CON9
        CALL    CLEAR
        JMP     TOP
CON9:    CMP     AL,'e'            ;erase to the end of line?
        JNE     CON10
        CALL    ERS_EOL
        JMP     TOP
CON10:   CMP     AL,'L'            ;move cursor to a new line?
        JE      CON11
        CMP     AL,'C'            ;move cursor to a new column?
        JE      CON11
        CMP     AL,'S'            ;skip some columns?
        JNE     CON12
CON11:   CALL    CHGCUR
        JMP     TOP
CON12:   CMP     AL,'R'            ;set background colour?
        JNE     CON13

```

```

        MOV     AL,ES:[DI]      ;get the new background colour (ASCII)
        INC     DI
        SUB     AL,30H          ;convert to a number
        MOV     CL,4
        SHL     AL,CL           ;shift it to bit 4-6
        AND     BL,8FH
        ADD     BL,AL           ;and set it
        JMP     TOP
CON13:  CMP     AL,'r'          ;reset reverse video?
        JNE     CON14
        JMP     TOP            ;not available on IBM
CON14:  CMP     AL,'U'          ;set underline?
        JNE     CON15
        JMP     TOP            ;not available on IBM
CON15:  CMP     AL,'u'          ;reset underline?
        JNE     CON16
        JMP     TOP            ;not available on IBM
CON16:  AND     BL,0F8H         ;set foreground colour
        SUB     AL,30H
        ADD     BL,AL
        JMP     TOP
FINISH: MOV     ATTRIBUTE,BL    ;save the current attribute setting
        POP     BP              ;done
        RET     4H
DISP    ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      CHGCUR
;      Function: set cursor to new location
;      Access:   internal, called by DISP
;=====
CHGCUR  PROC     NEAR          ;routine for changing cursor position
        PUSH     CX
        PUSH     AX
        MOV     AH,3H
        INT     10H           ;read the current cursor position in DH,DL
        MOV     AL,ES:[DI]    ;\
        INC     DI            ; get the high digit of new position
        AND     AL,0FH        ;/
        MOV     CL,10D        ;\
        MUL     CL            ;/ multiply it by 10
        MOV     CL,AL         ;save the partial result in CL
        MOV     AL,ES:[DI]
        INC     DI
        AND     AL,0FH        ;get the low digit
        ADD     CL,AL         ;add up the partial results
        POP     AX            ;restore AX
        CMP     AL,'L'        ;change line?
        JE      SETL
        CMP     AL,'C'        ;or change column?
        JE      SETC
        ADD     DL,CL         ;neither, skip columns
        JMP     MOVIT
SETC:   DEC     CL            ;normalize w.r.t. origin (0,0)
        MOV     DL,CL         ;change column

```

```

        JMP      MOVIT
SETL:   DEC      CL                      ;normalize w.r.t. origin (0,0)
        MOV      DH,CL                  ;change line
MOVIT:  PUSH     AX
        MOV      AH,02H
        INT      10H
        POP      AX
        POP      CX
        RET
CHGCUR  ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      ERS_EOL
;      Function: erase from cursor position to end of line
;      Access:   internal, called by ERSEOL and DISP
;      Note:     assume page number in BH
;=====
ERS_EOL PROC    NEAR
        PUSH     AX
        PUSH     CX
        PUSH     DX
        MOV      AH,03H
        INT      10H                  ;read the current cursor position in DH,DL
        PUSH     DX
        MOV      CX,80
        SUB      CL,DL                ;get the distance to the end of line
        MOV      AL,20H              ;put a space into AL
        MOV      AH,09H
        INT      10H                  ;repeat writing spaces to the end of line
        POP      DX
        MOV      AH,02H
        INT      10H                  ;restore the cursor position
        POP      DX
        POP      CX
        POP      AX
        RET
ERS_EOL ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      CHECKY
;      Function: get a keyboard input without waiting
;      Access:   CALL CHECKY(IKY)
;                IKY integer*2
;      Return:   IKY=0   no input available
;                otherwise IKY holds the ASCII code of the input
;=====
CHECKY  PROC    FAR
        PUSH     BP
        MOV      BP,SP
        MOV      AH,0BH
        INT      21H                  ;check keyboard buffer
        CMP      AL,0                  ;buffer is empty, no input
        JE       EXITT
        MOV      AH,08H
        INT      21H                  ;get the input

```



```

EXITT:  LES    BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV    AH,0
        MOV    ES:[BX],AX
        POP    BP
        RET    04H
CHECKY  ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      KYCODE
;      Function: get a keyboard input
;      Access:   IKY=KYCODE(IKY)
;               IKY,KYCODE integer*2
;      Return:   KYCODE (function value) holds the FULL CODE
;               high byte holds scan code
;               low  byte holds ASCII code
;=====

```

```

KYCODE  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     AH,0
        INT     16H
        POP     BP
        RET     04H
KYCODE  ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      SAVSCR
;      Function: save the text screen and then clear the text screen
;      Access:   CALL SAVSCR
;      Note:     retrieve the saved screen by calling RSTSCR
;=====

```

```

SAVSCR  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H           ;get page number
        MOV     AH,3
        INT     10H           ;read cursor position
        MOV     OLDCUR[50],DX ;save cursor
        LEA     DI,OLDSCR
        MOV     AX,DS
        MOV     ES,AX         ;ES:[DI] points at save screen buffer
        PUSH    DS
        MOV     AH,0H
        MOV     AL,BH         ;get page number in AX
        MOV     BX,1000H
        MUL     BX           ;figure out the page offset
        MOV     SI,AX
        MOV     AX,0B800H     ;video buffer segment
        MOV     DS,AX         ;DS:[SI] points at active screen buffer
        MOV     CX,2000D      ;save all 2000 screen positions by copying
                                ;from screen buffer to memory buffer
        CLD
        REP     MOVSW
        POP     DS
        CALL    CLEAR         ;clear screen, home cursor
        POP     BP
        RET

```

SAVSCR ENDP

```

=====
;
;   RSTSCR
;   Function: restore the text screen saved by SAVSCR
;   Access:   CALL RSTSCR
=====
RSTSCR PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get page number
        MOV     DX,OLDCUR[50]      ;retrieve cursor position saved by SAVSCR
        MOV     AH,2
        INT     10H                ;restore cursor
        MOV     AH,0H
        MOV     AL,BH                ;get page number in AX
        MOV     BX,1000H
        MUL     BX                ;figure out the page offset
        MOV     DI,AX
        MOV     AX,0B800H           ;video buffer segment
        MOV     ES,AX               ;ES:[DI] points at active video buffer
        LEA     SI,OLDSCR           ;DS:[SI] points at save screen buffer
        MOV     CX,2000D           ;restore all 2000 screen positions by
        CLD                        ;copying from memory buffer to video buffer
        REP     MOVSW
        POP     BP
        RET
RSTSCR ENDP

```

```

=====
;
;   BELL
;   Function: ring the bell
;   Access:   CALL BELL
=====
BELL PROC    FAR
        MOV     AH,02H
        MOV     DL,07H
        INT     21H
        RET
BELL ENDP

```

```

=====
;
;   WRKY
;   Function: write a single character
;   Access:   CALL WRKY(IKY)
;             IKY integer*2    holding an ASCII code,  or
;             IKY character*1
=====
WRKY PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV     DL,ES:[BX]          ;get the character
        MOV     AH,02H              ;display it
        INT     21H

```

```

        POP      BP
        RET      04H
WRKY    ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      PAGER
;      Function: set video display to a new page
;      Access:   CALL PAGER(IPAGE)
;                IPAGE integer*2    holding the page number
;      Note:     validity of IPAGE is not checked
;=====

```

```

PAGER   PROC     FAR
        PUSH     BP
        MOV      BP,SP
        LES      BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV      AL,ES:[BX]
        MOV      AH,05H
        INT      10H
        POP      BP
        RET      4H
PAGER   ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      LOCATE
;      Function: move the cursor to location (irow,icol)
;      Access:   CALL LOCATE(IROW,ICOL)
;                IROW  integer*2    holding the line number  ( 1 - 25 )
;                ICOL  integer*2    holding the column number( 1 - 80 )
;=====

```

```

LOCATE   PROC     FAR
        PUSH     BP
        MOV      BP,SP
        LES      BX,DWORD PTR[BP+10]
        MOV      AX,ES:[BX]                ;get the first parameter
        DEC      AX                        ;convert into row index w.r.t. 0
        LES      BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV      DX,ES:[BX]                ;get the second parameter
        DEC      DX                        ;convert into column index w.r.t. 0
        MOV      DH,AL                    ;DH,DL : row,column
        MOV      AH,0FH
        INT      10H                      ;get page number into BH
        MOV      AH,02H
        INT      10H                      ;set cursor position
        POP      BP
        RET      08H
LOCATE   ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      PAGIN
;      Function: save a window of display screen in an array
;      Access:   CALL PAGIN(L1,C1,L2,C2,ARRAY)
;                L1,C1,L2,C2 integer*2 defining the window
;                (L1,C1) top left corner inclusive
;                (L2,C2) bottom right corner inclusive
;                ARRAY any type of array with a minimum size of
;=====

```

```

;                                     2*number of screen positions (in bytes)
;=====
PAGIN  PROC  FAR
        PUSH  BP
        MOV   AH,0FH
        INT   10H
        MOV   PGN,BH
        MOV   BP,Sp
        LES   BX,DWORD PTR[BP+22]      ;get the first argument
        MOV   AX,ES:[BX]
        DEC   AX                      ;first row is 0
        MOV   L1,AX                   ;starting from this row
        LES   BX,DWORD PTR[BP+18]
        MOV   AX,ES:[BX]
        MOV   L2,AX                   ;end at row L2-1
        LES   BX,DWORD PTR[BP+14]
        MOV   AX,ES:[BX]
        DEC   AX
        MOV   C1,AX                   ;starting from this column
        LES   BX,DWORD PTR[BP+10]
        MOV   AX,ES:[BX]
        MOV   C2,AX                   ;end at column C2-1
        LES   DI,DWORD PTR[BP+6]      ;destination, array
        MOV   AX,L1                   ;row offset
        MOV   BX,160D
        MUL   BX
        MOV   SI,AX
        ADD   SI,C1                   ;column offset
        ADD   SI,C1                   ;twice, attribute byte
        MOV   CX,C2
        SUB   CX,C1                   ;CX: number of columns to copy
        MOV   DX,L2
        SUB   DX,L1                   ;DX: number of rows to copy
        PUSH  DX
        MOV   AH,0H
        MOV   AL,PGN
        MOV   BX,1000H
        MUL   BX                      ;page offset
        ADD   SI,AX
        PUSH  DS
        MOV   AX,0B800H               ;video buffer segment
        MOV   DS,AX
        MOV   AX,CX                   ;store column counter
        POP   DX
        CLD
        MOV   BX,SI                   ;store starting address
ROWW:  REP   MOVSW                     ;copy one row
        ADD   BX,160D                 ;next row
        MOV   SI,BX                   ;new starting address
        MOV   CX,AX                   ;restore column counter
        DEC   DX
        JNZ   ROWW                   ;all rows copied?
        POP   DS                      ;yes, return
        POP   BP
        RET   20d

```

PAGIN ENDP

```

;=====
;   PAGOUT
;   Function: restore a window of display screen from an array
;   Access:   CALL PAGOUT(L1,C1,L2,C2,ARRAY)
;             L1,C1,L2,C2  integer*2  defining the window
;                     (L1,C1) top left corner inclusive
;                     (L2,C2) bottom right corner inclusive
;             ARRAY  any type of array with a minimum size of
;                     2*number of screen positions  (in bytes)
;=====
PAGOUT  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H
        MOV     PGN,BH
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+22]    ;get the first argument
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]
        DEC     AX                    ;first row is 0
        MOV     L1,AX                ;starting from this row
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+18]
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]
        MOV     L2,AX                ;end at row L2-1
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+14]
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]
        DEC     AX
        MOV     C1,AX                ;starting from this column
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+10]
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]
        MOV     C2,AX                ;end at column C2-1
        MOV     AX,L1                ;row offset
        MOV     BX,160D
        MUL     BX
        MOV     DI,AX
        ADD     DI,C1                ;column offset
        ADD     DI,C1                ;twice, attribute byte
        MOV     CX,C2
        SUB     CX,C1                ;CX: number of columns to copy
        MOV     DX,L2
        SUB     DX,L1                ;DX: number of rows to copy
        PUSH    DX
        MOV     AH,0H
        MOV     AL,PGN
        MOV     BX,1000H
        MUL     BX                    ;page offset
        ADD     DI,AX
        MOV     AX,0B800H            ;video buffer segment
        MOV     ES,AX
        MOV     AX,CX                ;store column counter
        POP     DX
        PUSH    DS
        LDS     SI,DWORD PTR[BP+6]    ;source, input array
        CLD

```

```

      MOV     BX,DI                ;store starting address
ROW:   REP     MOVSW                ;copy one row
      ADD     BX,160D              ;next row
      MOV     DI,BX                ;new starting address
      MOV     CX,AX                ;restore column counter
      DEC     DX
      JNZ     ROW                  ;all rows copied?
      POP     DS                    ;yes, return
      POP     BP
      RET     20d
PAGOUT ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      COLOUR
;      Function: set the DOS display color
;      Access:   CALL COLOUR(COLRID)
;                COLRID integer*2    holding the color number ( 0 - 15 )
;=====
COLOUR PROC    FAR
      PUSH    BP
      MOV     BP,SP
      LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
      MOV     AL,ES:[BX]           ;get the input color id
      CMP     AL,0
      JB      EXIT                 ;id < 0,invalid
      CMP     AL,15
      JA      EXIT                 ;id >15,invalid
      PUSH    AX
      LEA     DX,STR00
      MOV     AH,09H
      INT     21H                  ;clear attribute
      POP     AX
      CMP     AL,8
      JB      LOWC                 ;high intensity?
      PUSH    AX
      LEA     DX,STR11             ;yes
      MOV     AH,09H
      INT     21H                  ;set high intensity
      POP     AX
      SUB     AL,8H                 ;find corresponding color
LOWC:  ADD     AL,30H               ;ASCII code for the numeral
      LEA     DX,STR22
      MOV     BX,DX
      MOV     [BX+3],AL            ;encode AL into STR22
      MOV     AH,09H
      INT     21H                  ;set color
EXIT:  POP     BP
      RET     4H
COLOUR ENDP

```

```

;=====
;      SAVCUR
;      Function: save indexed cursor position
;      Access:   CALL SAVCUR(ICUR)
;                ICUR integer*2    holding the index ( 0 - 25 )
;=====

```

```

=====
SAVCUR  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get the active page number in BH
        MOV     AH,03H
        INT     10H                ;read cursor position in DH,DL
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]         ;get the calling index
        LEA     BX,OLDCUR          ;get offset of OLDCUR
        ADD     BX,AX
        ADD     BX,AX              ;offset of the indexed cell
        MOV     [BX],DX            ;save the cursor position
        POP     BP
        RET     4H
SAVCUR  ENDP

```

```

=====
;
;      SETCUR
;      Function: restore indexed cursor position
;      Access:   CALL SETCUR(ICUR)
;                ICUR  integer*2   holding the index ( 0 - 25 )
;
=====
SETCUR  PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV     AX,ES:[BX]         ;get the calling index
        LEA     BX,OLDCUR          ;get offset of OLDCUR
        ADD     BX,AX
        ADD     BX,AX              ;offset of the indexed cell
        MOV     DX,[BX]            ;retrieve the cursor position
        MOV     AH,0FH
        INT     10H                ;get the active page number in BH
        MOV     AH,02H
        INT     10H                ;set the cursor to DH,DL
        POP     BP
        RET     4H
SETCUR  ENDP

```

```

=====
;
;      STRIM
;      Function: trim a string of its trailing spaces
;      Access:   CALL STRIM(STRG,LENGTH)
;                STRG  character*? string of any length
;                LENGTH integer*2   holding the length of STRG upon entry
;                returning with the trimmed length
;
=====
STRIM   PROC    FAR
        PUSH    BP
        MOV     BP,SP
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+6]
        MOV     CX,ES:[BX]         ;get the initial length of string
        LES     BX,DWORD PTR[BP+10] ;get address of the string

```

```
                ADD     BX,CX                ;let's search backwards
                DEC     BX                ;starting from the end
STRM1:  CMP     BYTE PTR ES:[BX], ' '    ;loop to skip the trailing spaces
                JNE     STRM2            ;break the loop at the first
                DEC     BX                ;non-space char
                LOOP    STRM1
STRM2:  LES     BX,DWORD PTR [BP+6]
                MOV     ES:[BX],CX        ;return the actual length
                POP     BP
                RET     08H
STRIM   ENDP
CODE    ENDS
END
```



```

C*****
C      file name: IBMGRF.ASM
C
C      for program FETSCG (PC/AT version).
C      library of assembly language routines for graphics
C*****

```

```

PAGE      60,132
TITLE     SUBROUTINE LINE for IBM PC/AT
PUBLIC    LINE,MODE,WINDOW,PTCOLR,BOX,SETXOR,RSTXOR,CLRGRF,AXIS

```

```

=====
;
;                      DATA SEGMENTS
;
;-----
DATA      SEGMENT PUBLIC 'DATA'
          X1      DW      ?          ;\
          Y1      DW      ?          ; \ x,y coordinate of first
          X2      DW      ?          ; / and second point
          Y2      DW      ?          ;/
          ESIX     DW      ?          ;storage for segment
          ;        address of array IX
          ESIY     DW      ?          ;storage for segment
          ;        address of array IY
          delta_X  DW      ?          ;horizontal distance between
          ;        two points
          delta_Y  DW      ?          ;vertical distance between
          ;        two points
          half_X   DW      ?          ;half of horizontal distance
          half_Y   DW      ?          ;half of vertical distance
          X_inc    DW      1          ;horizontal increment
          Y_inc    DW      1          ;vertical increment
          XMAX     DW      639d       ;maximum horizontal pixel no.
          XMIN     DW      0d         ;minimum horizontal pixel no.
          YMAX     DW      349d       ;maximum vertical pixel no.
          YMIN     DW      0d         ;minimum vertical pixel no.
          GCOLR    DB      7d        ;default color is white
          Cmode    DB      ?         ;store the current mode
          CXOR     DB      0         ;default color XOR off
DATA      ENDS

```

```

;-----
DGROUP   GROUP   DATA

```

```

=====
;
;                      CODE SEGMENT
;
;-----
CODE      SEGMENT 'CODE'
          assume  cs:CODE,ds:DGROUP,ss:DGROUP

```

```

;-----
;                      SUBROUTINE LINE
;-----
;
;

```

```

; Purpose      : plot the curve specified by the input array, using
;               Bresengam's algorithm
;               if XOR is set on then the curve is erased
; Input        : N..... no. of points to be plotted
;               IX..... x-axis values of points
;               IY..... y-axis values pf points
; Output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : SETLINE, PLOTPT
; Sample call  : From MS_Fortran 3.3
;               CALL LINE(N,IX,IY)
;               N,IX,IY are integer*2 variables
;+++++

```

```

LINE    PROC    FAR

```

```

;save all registers used

```

```

    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    cx
    push    dx
    push    si
    push    di
    push    es

```

```

;save BP, and set BP=SP

```

```

    push    bp
    mov     bp,sp

```

```

;get addresses point to the input parameters

```

```

    les     di,dword ptr [bp+28]    ;get address of N into ES:DI
    mov     cx,es:[di]              ;CX=N
    dec     cx                      ;N-1 segments between N points

    les     di,dword ptr [bp+24]    ;get starting address of
                                   ; array IX into ES:DI
    mov     ESIX,es                 ;save ES of IX
    les     si,dword ptr [bp+20]    ;get starting address of
                                   ; array IY into DS:SI
    mov     ESIY,es                 ;save EX of IY

```

```

;check 0 or 1 point

```

```

    cmp     cx,0ffffh               ;0 - 1 = fffffh
    je      escln                   ;if N = 0 then escape

    mov     ax,es:[si]              ;plot one point
    mov     es,ESIX
    mov     bx,es:[di]
    call    PLOTPT
    cmp     cx,0                    ;1 - 1 = 0
    je      escln                   ;if N = 1 then exit

```

```

;set loop to plot all points
repeat:

```

```

    mov     es,ESIY                 ;set ES=segment address of IY

```

```

mov     ax,es:[si]           ;get Y1
add     si,2d
mov     bx,es:[si]           ;get Y2
mov     Y1,ax                 ;store Y1
mov     Y2,bx                 ;store Y2

mov     es,ESIX               ;set ES=segment address of IX
mov     ax,es:[di]            ;get X1
add     di,2d
mov     bx,es:[di]            ;get X2
mov     X1,ax                 ;store X1
mov     X2,bx                 ;store X2

call    SETLINE               ;set a line between two points

loop    repeat                ;repeat until points exhausted

;restore all registers saved
escln:  pop     bp             ;restore BP
        pop     es
        pop     di
        pop     si
        pop     dx
        pop     cx
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

ret     12d

```

LINE ENDP

```

;-----
;                               SUBROUTINE SETLINE
;                               -----
;
; Purpose      : fill in points between two points
; Input        : X1..... x coordinate of the first point
;               Y1..... y coordinate of the first point
;               X2..... x coordinate of the second point
;               Y2..... y coordinate of the second point
; Output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : ALONG_X
;               ALONG_Y
; Sample call  : From ASM86 Routines
;               CALL SETLINE
;+++++
SETLINE PROC    NEAR

;save registers used
        push    ax
        push    bx
        push    cx
        push    dx

;initialize X_inc, Y_inc

```

```

        mov     X_inc,1           ;X_inc=+1
        mov     Y_inc,1           ;Y_inc=+1

;calculate horizontal distance |X2-X1| between two adjacent points
        mov     ax,X2             ;get X2
        sub     ax,X1             ;X2-X1
        jge     save_X            ;if pos., save the distance
        mov     X_inc,-1          ;else change the horizontal
                                   ; increment to -1
        neg     ax                ;take absolute value of X2-X1
save_X:
        mov     delta_X,ax        ;delta_X=|X2-X1|=AX
        mov     cx,ax            ;calculate |X2-X1|/2
        shr     cx,1
        mov     half_X,cx        ;half_X=|X2-X1|/2

;calculate vertical distance |Y2-Y1| between two adjacent points
        mov     bx,Y2             ;get Y2
        sub     bx,Y1             ;Y2-Y1
        jge     save_Y            ;if pos., save the distance
        mov     Y_inc,-1          ;else change the vertical
                                   ; increment to -1
        neg     bx                ;take absolute value of Y2-Y1
save_Y:
        mov     delta_Y,bx        ;delta_Y=|Y2-Y1|=BX
        mov     cx,bx            ;calculate |Y2-Y1|/2
        shr     cx,1
        mov     half_Y,cx        ;half_Y=|Y2-Y1|/2

;sort |X2-X1| and |Y2-Y1|
        cmp     ax,bx             ;compare |X2-X1| with |Y2-Y1|
        jl      steep            ;if |Y2-Y1| > |X2-X1| increase
                                   ; vertically
        call    ALONG_X           ;else increase horizontally
        jmp     escset1          ;exit the routine

steep:
        call    ALONG_Y           ;increase along vertical axis

;restore all registers saved
escset1:
        pop     dx
        pop     cx
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

        ret

```

SETLINE ENDP

```

;-----
;                               SUBROUTINE PLOTPT
;-----
;
; Purpose      : plot a point according to given coordinate
; Input       : AX..... Y coordinate

```

```

;          BX..... X coordinate
; Output      : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; BIOS called  : function 0Ch of int 10h
; Sample call  : From ASM86 Routines
;          CALL PLOTPT
;+++++
PLOTPT PROC    NEAR

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    cx
    push    dx

;add window offset
    add     ax,Ymin
    add     bx,Xmin

;escape out of bound points
    cmp     ax,Ymax           ;\
    ja      $esc1             ; \ check Y coordinate
    cmp     ax,Ymin           ; /
    jb      $esc1             ;/
    cmp     bx,Xmax           ;\
    ja      $esc1             ; \ check X coordinate
    cmp     bx,Xmin           ; /
    jb      $esc1             ;/

;change origin from top left to bottom left
    neg     ax
    add     ax,349d

    mov     dx,ax              ;DX = row no. of the pixel
    mov     cx,bx              ;CX = column no. of the pixel
    mov     bh,0               ;BH = page number
    mov     al,GCOLR           ;AL = color

    cmp     CXOR,0             ;check if XOR is on
    je      xoroff             ;skip if XOR is off
    or      al,80H             ;set XOR

xoroff: mov     ah,0CH          ;BIOS function of drawing a dot
        int     10h

;restore all registers saved
$esc1: pop     dx
        pop     cx
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

    ret

```

PLOTPT ENDP

```

;-----
;               SUBROUTINE ALONG_X
;-----
;
; Purpose      : implement Bresengam's algorithm along X axis
; Input        : X1..... x coordinate of the first point
;               Y1..... y coordinate of the first point
;               delta_X..... horizontal distance between two points
;               delta_Y..... vertical distance between two points
;               half_X..... on half of the horizontal distance
;               X_inc..... increment along X axis
;               Y_inc..... increment along Y axis
; Output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : PLOTPT
; Sample call  : From ASM86 Routines
;               CALL ALONG_X
;+++++

```

ALONG_X PROC NEAR

```

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    cx
    push    dx

    mov     dx,0d                ;initialize ERROR=0
    mov     ax,Y1                ;AX=Y1 (y coord. of 1st point)
    mov     bx,X1                ;BX=X1 (x coord. of 1st point)

    mov     cx,delta_X           ;number of points to be
                                ; plotted in CX

;plot all the points up to (X2,Y2) using Bresengam's algorithm
lineX: add     dx,delta_Y         ;ERROR <-- ERROR + delta_Y
        cmp     dx,half_X        ;compare ERROR with half_X
        jle     smoothX         ;if ERROR < half_X then
                                ; increase X only
        add     ax,Y_inc         ;else increase Y as well
        sub     dx,delta_X       ;ERROR <-- ERROR - delta_X

smoothX:
        add     bx,X_inc         ;increase X
        call    PLOTPT          ;plot the point
        loop    lineX           ;repeat

;restore all registers saved
    pop     dx
    pop     cx
    pop     bx
    pop     ax

    ret

```

ALONG_X ENDP

```

;-----
;               SUBROUTINE ALONG_Y
;-----
;
; Purpose      : implement Bresengam's algorithm along Y axis
; Input        : X1..... x coordinate of the first point
;               Y1..... y coordinate of the first point
;               delta_X..... horizontal distance between two points
;               delta_Y..... vertical distance between two points
;               half_Y..... on half of the vertical distance
;               X_inc..... increment along X axis
;               Y_inc..... increment along Y axis
; Output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : PLOTPT
; Sample call  : From ASM86 Routines
;               CALL ALONG_Y
;+++++

```

ALONG_Y PROC NEAR

```

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    cx
    push    dx

    mov     dx,0d                ;initialize ERROR = 0
    mov     ax,Y1                ;AX=Y1 (Y coord. of 1st point)
    mov     bx,X1                ;BX=X1 (X coord. of 1st point)

    mov     cx,delta_Y           ;CX=no. of points to plot

;plot all the points up to (X2,Y2) using Bresengam's algorithm
lineY: add     dx,delta_X         ;ERROR <-- ERROR + delta_X
    cmp     dx,half_Y           ;compare ERROR with half_Y
    jle     smoothY            ;if ERROR < half_Y then
                                ; increase Y only
    add     bx,X_inc            ;else increase X as well
    sub     dx,delta_Y         ;ERROR <-- ERROR - delta_Y
smoothY: add     ax,Y_inc        ;increase Y
    call    PLOTPT             ;plot the point
    loop    lineY              ;repeat

;restore all registers saved
    pop     dx
    pop     cx
    pop     bx
    pop     ax

    ret

```

ALONG_Y ENDP

```

;-----
;                               SUBROUTINE MODE
;                               -----
;
; Purpose      : set the video mode on IBM PC
; Input        : newmod.....  new video mode to be set
; output       : curmod.....  current video mode
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL MODE(CURMOD,NEWMOD)
;               CURMOD,NEWMOD are integer*2 variables
;+++++

```

MODE PROC FAR

```

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    es
    push    bp                ;save BP

    mov     ah,0fh            ;BIOS function 0Fh of
    int     10h              ;int 10h to get current mode

    mov     bp,sp            ;set BP = SP
    les     bx,[bp+16]       ;get the address of CURMOD
                                ; in DS:BX
    mov     es:[bx],al       ;return the current video mode
                                ; to FORTRAN

    les     bx,[bp+12]       ;get the address of NEWMOD
                                ; in DS:BX
    mov     al,es:[bx]       ;AL = video mode to be set
    mov     Cmode,al         ;save the NEW mode
    mov     ah,0h            ;BIOS function 0h of int 10h
    int     10h              ;to set new video mode

;restore all registers saved
    pop     bp
    pop     es
    pop     bx
    pop     ax

    ret     8d

```

MODE ENDP

```

;-----
;                               SUBROUTINE WINDOW
;                               -----
;
; Purpose      : set the physical window for graphics
; Input        : W.....  window size
;               W(1) = Xmin
;

```



```

;                                     W(2) = Xmax
;                                     W(3) = Ymin
;                                     W(4) = Ymax
;   Output       : none
;   Reg. modified: none
;   SUBs called  : none
;   Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL WINDOW(W)
;               W is array of integer*2 with 4 elements
;+++++

```

```
WINDOW PROC FAR
```

```

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    es
    push    bp

    mov     bp,sp                ;set BP = SP

    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+12] ;get the address of
                                ; input variable in DS:BX

    mov     ax,word ptr es:[bx]  ;get first element
    mov     Xmin,ax              ;update Xmin
    mov     ax,word ptr es:[bx+2] ;get second element
    mov     Xmax,ax              ;update Xmax
    mov     ax,word ptr es:[bx+4] ;get third element
    mov     Ymin,ax              ;update Ymin
    mov     ax,word ptr es:[bx+6] ;get forth element
    mov     Ymax,ax              ;update Ymax

;restore all registers saved
    pop     bp
    pop     es
    pop     bx
    pop     ax

    ret     4d

```

```
WINDOW ENDP
```

```

;-----
;               SUBROUTINE PTCOLR
;-----
;
;   Purpose      : set the pixel color for draw line
;   Input        : Col..... color, one of
;
;               0 -- black
;               1 -- blue
;               2 -- green
;               3 -- cyan
;               4 -- red
;               5 -- magenta
;               6 -- brown
;               7 -- white
;               8 -- gray
;

```

```

;                                     9 -- light blue
;                                     10-- light green
;                                     11-- light cyan
;                                     12-- pink
;                                     13-- light Magenta
;                                     14-- yellow
;                                     15-- bright white
;
; Output      : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL PTCOLR(Col) or CALL PTCOLR(2)
;               Col is a integer*2 variable
;
; ++++++

```

PTCOLR PROC FAR

```

;save registers used
    push    ax
    push    es
    push    bp

    mov     bp,sp                ;set BP = SP

    les     di,dword ptr [bp+10] ;get address of the input
                                   ; variable in ES:DI
    mov     al,byte ptr es:[di]  ;get the input value in AL
    cmp     al,0fh               ;check if color is in range
    ja      $outc                ;no change in color
                                   ; if out of range
    mov     GCOLR,al             ;update Colour

;restore all registers saved
$outc: pop   bp
       pop   es
       pop   ax

       ret   4d

```

PTCOLR ENDP

```

;
;               SUBROUTINE BOX
;               -----
;
; Purpose       : draw a box frame according to the given size
; Input         : B..... box size
;                B(1) = Xmin
;                B(2) = Xmax
;                B(3) = Ymin
;                B(4) = Ymax
;                TYPE..... line type of the box
;                only solid line implemented here
;
; output        : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called   : SETLINE

```

```

; Sample call : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL BOX(B,TYPE)
;               B is an array of 4 integer*2 variables,
;               TYPE is a character*1 variable
;+++++

```

```
BOX      PROC      FAR
```

```
;save registers used
```

```

    push    ax
    push    bx
    push    es
    push    bp                ;save BP
    mov     bp,sp            ;set BP = SP

```

```

    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+16] ;get the starting address
                                ; of array B into ES:BX

```

```
;draw line from (Xmin,Ymin) - (Xmax,Ymin)
```

```

    mov     ax,es:[bx]        ;X1 = Xmin
    mov     X1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+2]      ;X2 = Xmax
    mov     X2,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+4]      ;Y1 = Ymin
    mov     Y1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+4]      ;Y2 = Ymin
    mov     Y2,ax
    call    SETLINE

```

```
;draw line from (Xmax,Ymin) - (Xmax,Ymax)
```

```

    mov     ax,es:[bx+2]      ;X1 = Xmax
    mov     X1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+2]      ;X2 = Xmax
    mov     X2,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+4]      ;Y1 = Ymin
    mov     Y1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+6]      ;Y2 = Ymax
    mov     Y2,ax
    call    SETLINE

```

```
;draw line from (Xmax,Ymax) - (Xmin,Ymax)
```

```

    mov     ax,es:[bx+2]      ;X1 = Xmax
    mov     X1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx]        ;X2 = Xmin
    mov     X2,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+6]      ;Y1 = Ymax
    mov     Y1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx+6]      ;Y2 = Ymax
    mov     Y2,ax
    call    SETLINE

```

```
;draw line from (Xmin,Ymax) - (Xmin,Ymin)
```

```

    mov     ax,es:[bx]        ;X1 = Xmin
    mov     X1,ax
    mov     ax,es:[bx]        ;X2 = Xmin

```

```

        mov     X2,ax
        mov     ax,es:[bx+6]           ;Y1 = Ymax
        mov     Y1,ax
        mov     ax,es:[bx+4]           ;Y2 = Ymin
        mov     Y2,ax
        call    SETLINE

;restore all registers saved
        pop     bp
        pop     es
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

        ret     8d
BOX     ENDP
;-----
;                                     SUBROUTINE CLRGRF
;-----
;
; Purpose      : clear the screen using scrolling
; Input        : none
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;              CALL CLRGRF
;+++++
CLRGRF  PROC    FAR

;save registers used
        push    ax
        push    bx
        push    cx
        push    dx

;scrolling the screen up
        mov     bh,0h                 ;set color to black
        mov     cx,0h                 ;set the frame to be scrolled
                                         ; from (0,0)
                                         ;to (80,25)
        mov     dh,24d
        mov     dl,79d
        mov     ah,6h                 ;AH = 6 scroll up
        mov     al,0h                 ;AL = 0 to scroll the
                                         ; whole screen
        int     10h

;restore registers saved
        pop     dx
        pop     cx
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

        RET
CLRGRF  ENDP

```

```

;-----
;
;               SUBROUTINE SETXOR
;               -----
;
; Purpose      : turn the color XOR on
; Input        : none
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL SETXOR
;+++++
SETXOR  PROC    FAR

            mov     CXOR,1                ;set color XOR

            ret
SETXOR  ENDP
;-----
;
;               SUBROUTINE RSTXOR
;               -----
;
; Purpose      : turn the color XOR off
; Input        : none
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3
;               CALL RSTXOR
;+++++
RSTXOR  PROC    FAR

            mov     CXOR,0                ;clear color XOR

            ret
RSTXOR  ENDP
;-----
;
;               SUBROUTINE AXIS
;               -----
;
; Purpose      : draw X,Y axis
; Input        : AXtype..... type of axis
;               'X' -- X_axis
;               'Y' -- Y_axis
;               MIN..... starting point of the axis
;               MAX..... terminating point of the axis
;               OTH..... coordinate value of the other axis
;               TIC..... distance between each tics
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : X_AXIS
;               Y_AXIS
; Sample call  : From MS FORTRAN 3.3

```

```

;          CALL AXIS(AXtype,MIN,MAX,OTH,TIC)
;          AXtype is a character*1 variable
;          MIN,MAX,OTH,TIC are integer*2 variables
;+++++

```

```

AXIS      PROC      FAR

;save registers used
          push      ax
          push      bx

          push      bp          ;save BP
          mov       bp,sp      ;set BP = SP

          les       bx,dword ptr [bp+26] ;get address of the
                                   ; AXtype into ES:BX
          mov       al,es:[bx] ;get the AXtype
          cmp       al,'X'    ;check if X_axis
          jne       $Y        ;if not X_axis draw Y_axis
          call      X_AXIS     ;else draw X_axis
          jmp       esc_axis   ;exit

$Y:       call      Y_AXIS     ;draw Y_axis

esc_axis:
;restore registers saved
          pop       bp
          pop       bx
          pop       ax

          RET       20d
AXIS      ENDP

```

```

;-----
;          SUBROUTINE X_AXIS
;-----
; Purpose      : draw X axis
; Input        : MIN..... starting point of the axis
;               MAX..... terminating point of the axis
;               OTH..... coordinate value of the other axis
;               TIC..... distance between each tics
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From ASM86
;               CALL X_AXIS
;+++++

```

```

X_AXIS PROC      NEAR

;save registers used
          push      ax
          push      bx
          push      cx
          push      dx

```

```

;get input parameters, and draw the axis line
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+22]    ;get address of MIN
                                        ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get MIN
    mov     X1,ax                   ;set X1 = MIN
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+18]    ;get address of MAX
                                        ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get MAX
    mov     X2,ax                   ;set X2 = MAX
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+14]    ;get address of OTH
                                        ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get OTH
    mov     Y1,ax                   ;set Y1 = Y2 = OTH
    mov     Y2,ax
    call    setline                  ;draw the line

;calculate tic length
    mov     ax,Ymax                  ;AX = Ymax - Ymin
    sub     ax,Ymin
    inc     ax
    mov     cl,6d                    ;set counter for shifting
    shr     ax,cl                    ;tic length = 1.5%
                                        ; of window size
    cmp     ax,3                     ;if tic length is less
                                        ; than minimum
    ja      $TL                      ;if not saved it
    mov     ax,3                     ;else set minimum tic
                                        ; length be 3
$TL:      mov     dx,ax               ;save tic length in DX

;calculate number of tics to be drawn
    mov     ax,X2                    ;AX = X2 - X1
    sub     ax,X1
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+10]    ;get address of TIC
                                        ; into ES:BX
    mov     cx,es:[bx]              ;CL = TIC
    div     cl                       ;AX / CL
    cbw                                         ;AX = AL
    xchg    cx,ax                    ;CX = no. of tics
    inc     cx

;draw tics
    mov     bx,Y1                    ;BX = Y1
    add     bx,dx                    ;Y2 = Y1 + tic length
    mov     Y2,bx
    mov     bx,X1                    ;BX = X1
X_tic:    mov     X2,bx              ;X2 = X1
    call    setline                  ;draw a tic
    add     bx,ax                    ;X1 = X2 = X1 + TIC
                                        ; (distance between tics)
    mov     X1,bx
    loop    X_tic                    ;repeat until all tics
                                        ; have been drawn

```

```
;restore all registers saved
```

```
    pop    dx
    pop    cx
    pop    bx
    pop    ax
```

```
    RET
```

```
X_AXIS ENDP
```

```
-----
;                               SUBROUTINE Y_AXIS
;                               -----
;
```

```
; Purpose      : draw Y axis
; Input        : MIN..... starting point of the axis
;               MAX..... terminating point of the axis
;               OTH..... coordinate value of the other axis
;               TIC..... distance between each tics
; output       : none
; Reg. modified: none
; SUBs called  : none
; Sample call  : From ASM86
;               CALL Y_AXIS
```

```
Y_AXIS PROC    NEAR
```

```
;save registers used
```

```
    push   ax
    push   bx
    push   cx
    push   dx
```

```
;get input parameters, and draw the axis line
```

```
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+22]    ;get address of MIN
                                      ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get MIN
    mov     Y1,ax                   ;set Y1 = MIN
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+18]    ;get address of MAX
                                      ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get MAX
    mov     Y2,ax                   ;set Y2 = MAX
    les     bx,dword ptr [bp+14]    ;get address of OTH
                                      ; into ES:BX
    mov     ax,es:[bx]              ;get OTH
    mov     X1,ax                   ;set X1 = X2 = OTH
    mov     X2,ax
    call    setline                  ;draw the line
```

```
;calculate tic length
```

```
    mov     ax,Xmax                  ;AX = Xmax - Xmin
    sub     ax,Xmin
    inc     ax
    mov     cl,7d                    ;set counter for shifting
    shr     ax,cl                    ;tic length = 1.5%
                                      ; of window size
```



```

        cmp     ax,3                ;if tic length is
                                   ; less than minimum
        ja      $TLL                ;if not save the tic length
        mov     ax,3                ;else set minimum
                                   ; tic length be 3
$TLL:    mov     dx,ax              ;save tic length in DX

;calculate number of tics to be drawn
        mov     ax,Y2                ;AX = Y2 - Y1
        sub     ax,Y1
        les     bx,dword ptr [bp+10] ;get address of TIC
                                   ; into ES:BX
        mov     cx,es:[bx]          ;CL = TIC
        div     cl                  ;AX / CL
        cbw                                     ;AX = AL
        xchg    cx,ax              ;CX = no. of tics
        inc     cx

;draw tics
        mov     bx,X1                ;BX = X1
        add     bx,dx                ;X2 = X1 + tic length
        mov     X2,bx
        mov     bx,Y1                ;BX = Y1

Y_tic:   mov     Y2,bx                ;Y2 = Y1
        call    setline              ;draw a tic
        add     bx,ax                ;Y1 = Y2 = Y1 + TIC
                                   ; (distance between tics)

        mov     Y1,bx
        loop    Y_tic                ;repeat until all tics
                                   ; have been drawn

;restore all registers saved
        pop     dx
        pop     cx
        pop     bx
        pop     ax

        RET
Y_AXIS   ENDP
;-----
CODE     ENDS
;=====
        END

```