COVID-19 Living Evidence Synthesis #6

(Version 27: 5 January 2022)

Question

What is the efficacy and effectiveness of available COVID-19 vaccines for variants of concern?

Findings

For vaccine effectiveness in variants of concern (VOC), we present a <u>visual summary of evidence in Table 1</u> and detailed statements in Table 2.

Methods are presented in Box 1 and in the following appendices:

- 1) reference list
- 2) glossary
- 3) data-extraction template
- 4) process for assigning variant of concern to studies
- 5) research question and critical appraisal process
- 6) <u>detailed description of the narrative</u> <u>summary statement.</u>

Overall, 315 studies were appraised and 121 used to complete this summary. The reasons for excluding the remaining 194 studies are reported in the second section of Appendix 2.

Ten new studies have been added since the previous edition of this living evidence synthesis, all of which are signaled by a last-updated date of 05 January 2022 (highlighted in yellow). The new studies included results for VOC Omicron [B.1.1.529] (2), VOC Delta [B.1.617.2] (5), VOC Gamma [P.1] (1), VOC Beta to Delta (1), and VOC Alpha to Delta (3).



Box 1: Our approach

We retrieved candidate studies and updates to living evidence syntheses on vaccine effectiveness using the following mechanisms: 1) PubMed via COVID-19+ Evidence Alerts; 2) systematic scanning of pre-print servers; 3) updates to the COVID-END inventory of best evidence syntheses; and 4) cross-check with updates from the VESPa team. We included studies and updates to living evidence syntheses identified up to two days before the version release date. We did not include press releases unless a preprint was available. A full list of included and excluded studies is provided in **Appendix 1**. A glossary is provided in **Appendix 2**.

Prioritized outcome measures: Infection, severe disease (as defined by the study investigators), death, and transmission.

Data extraction: We prioritized variant-confirmed and vaccine-specific data over total study population data (variant assumed and/or vaccine unspecified). We extracted data from each study in duplicate using the template provided in **Appendix 3**. Relevance to VOC is determined directly, when reported by study authors, or indirectly where reasonable assumptions can be made about the variant prevalent in the jurisdiction at the time of the study as described in **Appendix 4**.

Critical appraisal: We assessed risk of bias, direction of effect, and certainty of evidence. Risk of bias: assessed in duplicate for individual studies using an adapted version of ROBINS-I. Direction of vaccine effect: "prevented" or "protects" was applied to mean estimates or range of mean estimates of effect that are greater than or equal to 50% (the lowest acceptable limit for vaccine effectiveness as determined by WHO). Certainty of evidence: assessed for the collection of studies for each vaccine according to variant of concern using a modified version of GRADE. Details of the research question for this synopsis and the critical appraisal process are provided in Appendix 5.

Summaries: We summarized the evidence by presenting narrative evidence profiles across studies, with or without pooling, as appropriate. A template for the summary statements used on page 1 under "Findings" and in Table 1 under each VOC is provided in **Appendix 6**.

We update this document every Wednesday and post it on the COVID-END website.

VOC Omicron

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **BNT162b2** prevented infection from VOC **Omicron** (55% [95% CI, 23.5 to 73.7] -1 Obs) up to 44 days after 2^{nd} dose and provided no protection (-76.5% [95% CI, -95.3 to -59.5] -1 Obs) up to 164 days after 2^{nd} dose.

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **BNT162b2** prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Omicron** (88% [95% CI, 65.9 to 95.8] – 1 Obs) at 14 to 63 days after 2nd dose and limited protection (34.3% [95% CI, -5 to 58.7] – 1 Obs) up to 175 days after 2nd dose.

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection from VOC **Omicron** (36.7% [95% CI, -69.9 to 76.4] -1 Obs) up to 44 days after 2^{nd} dose and provided no protection (-39.3% [95% CI, -61.6 to -20] -1 Obs) up to 164 days after 2^{nd} dose.

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1** provided no protection from symptomatic infection by VOC **Omicron** (5.9% [95% CI, -29.7 to 31.7] – 1 Obs) at 25 weeks after 2nd dose.

We have low certainty evidence that **3 doses** of **BNT162b2** prevented infection from VOC **Omicron** (54.6% [95% CI, 30.4 to 70.4] – 1 Obs) up to 30 days after 3rd dose. We have low certainty evidence that **3 doses** of **BNT162b2** prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Omicron** (75.5% [95% CI, 56.1 to 86.3] – 1 Obs) up to 14 days after 3rd dose

We have low certainty evidence that **2 doses of ChAdOx1 followed by an mRNA vaccine** provided protection from symptomatic infection by VOC **Omicron** (71.4% [95% CI, 41.8 to 86] – 1 Obs) at 25 weeks after 3rd dose.

VOC Delta

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **BNT162b2** prevented infection from VOC **Delta** (range of mean estimates: 42 to 89%); moderate certainty evidence it prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Delta** (range of mean estimates: 63 to 88%). We have low certainty evidence it prevented severe, critical, or fatal disease (range of mean estimates: 93 to 98%) and low certainty evidence it prevented death (90% [95% CI, 86 to 94] – 1 Obs) from VOC **Delta**. We have low certainty evidence that it prevented transmission of VOC **Delta** to close contacts (65% [95% CI, 52 to 74] - 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 52 to 91%) and prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Delta** (87% [95% CI, 84 to 88] – 1 Obs). We have low certainty evidence that it prevented severe, critical, or fatal disease (range of mean estimate: 93 to 100%) and prevented transmission of VOC **Delta** to close contacts (range of mean estimates: 62 to 77%).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 45 to 73%) and prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Delta** (range of mean estimates: 61 to 92%). We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1** prevented death 91% [95% CI, 83 to 94] – 1 Obs) and provided limited protection from transmission of VOC **Delta** (36% [95% CI, 28 to 43] – 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that **AD26.COV2.S** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 3 to 71%), prevented symptomatic infection (51% [95% CI, 35.5 to 63] – 1 Obs) and prevented death due to VOC **Delta** (90.5% [95% CI, 31.5 to 99.6] – 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **Covaxin [BBV152]** prevented symptomatic infection due to VOC **Delta** (50% [95% CI, 33 to 62] – 1 Obs).

We low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **Sinovac [CoronaVac]** prevented symptomatic infection (59% [95% CI, 16 to 81.6] – 1 Obs) and prevented severe infection (89% [95% CI, 55 to 98%]- 1 Obs) due to VOC **Delta**.

We have low certainty evidence that **3 doses** of **BNT162b2** prevented infection from VOC **Delta** (range of estimates: 81 to 92% up to 30 days after 3rd dose. We have low certainty evidence that **3 doses** of **BNT162b2** prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Delta** (94% [95% CI, 93.4 to 94.6] 1 Obs) at least 14 days after 3rd dose.

We have low certainty evidence that **3 doses** of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection from VOC **Delta** (range of estimates: 83 to 94% up to 30 days after 3rd dose.

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2** prevented infection by VOC **Delta** (82% [95% CI, 68 to 90]- 1 Obs). We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA-1273** prevented infection by VOC **Delta** (91% [95% CI, 63 to 98] – 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that **ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273** prevented infection (88% [95% CI, 85 to 89]- 1 Obs) and prevented transmission of VOC **Delta** (86% [95% CI, 45 to 97} - 1 Obs).

VOC Gamma

We have low certainty evidence that **BNT162b2** prevented infection (93% [95% CI, 81 to 99]- 1 Obs) and moderate certainty of evidence it prevented symptomatic disease from VOC **Gamma** (range of mean estimates: 84 to 88% - 2 reports from the same study population).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 95%) and low certainty evidence that it prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Gamma** (88% [95% CI, 61 to 96] – 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of ChAdOx1 prevented infection from VOC **Gamma** (90% [95% CI, 61 to 98] – 1 Obs); prevented symptomatic infection (65.4% [95% CI, 64.6 to 66.2] – 1 Obs) at 60 days after 2nd dose and prevented severe disease (75.6% [95% CI, 73.4 to 77.6] – 1 Obs) at 60 days after 2nd dose.

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **CoronaVac** prevented infection (65.9% [95% CI, 65.2 to 66.6] – 1 Obs) and death (86.3% [95% CI, 84.5 to 87.9} – 1 Obs) from VOC **Gamma**.

We have low certainty evidence that **ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273** prevented infection by VOC **Gamma** (96% [95% CI, 70 to 99] – 1 Obs).

VOC Beta

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **BNT162b2** prevented infection (93% [95% CI, 89 to 95%] – 1 Obs) and moderate certainty evidence that it prevented symptomatic infection from VOC **Beta** (range of mean estimates: 84 to 88%).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection from VOC **Beta** (96.4% [95% CI, 92 to 99] – 1 Obs).

We have moderate certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1** provided limited protection from infection by VOC **Beta** (10.4% [95% CI, -76.8 to 54.8]- 1 RCT).

We have moderate evidence that **AD26.COV2.S** prevented severe disease from VOC **Beta** (81.7% [95% CI, 46.2 to 95.4] - 1 RCT).

We have moderate certainty evidence that 2 doses of **Novavax [NVX-Co2373]** provided limited protection against symptomatic infection from VOC **Beta** (43% [95% CI, -9.8 to 70.4] - 1 RCT).

VOC Alpha

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **BNT162b2** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 78 to 95%), prevented severe disease (range of mean estimates: 92 to 100%), prevented death (range of mean estimates: 91 to 97%), and prevented transmission of VOC **Alpha** to close contacts (range of mean estimates: 70 to 82%).

We have low certainty evidence that 2 doses of **mRNA-1273** prevented infection from VOC **Alpha** (range of mean estimates: 86 to 100%). We have low certainty evidence that it prevented severe, critical, or fatal disease from VOC **Alpha** (combined with Beta) (95.7% [95% CI, 73.4 to 99.9] – 1 Obs) and prevented transmission of VOC **Alpha** to close contacts (88% [95% CI, 50 to 97] – 1 Obs).

We have moderate certainty evidence that 2 doses of **ChAdOx1** prevented infection (range of mean estimates: 62 to 79%) and low certainty evidence it prevented transmission of VOC **Alpha** (range of mean estimates: 58 to 63%).

We have low certainty evidence that **Johnson & Johnson [AD26.COV2.S]** prevented transmission of VOC **Alpha** (77% [95% CI, 6 to 94] – 1 Obs).

We have low certainty evidence that **ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273** prevented infection by VOC **Alpha** (88% [95% CI, 83 to 92] – 1 Obs).





Table 1a: Visual summary of evidence for COVID-19 vaccines for variants of concern

Percentages indicate <u>level of effectiveness</u> from 0% (no effect) to 100% (full protection): ranges of estimated means are provided when ≥ 1 study is available; estimated mean value is provided for single studies

Colour indicates Level of Certainty based on the evidence

High certainty evidence = pooling of low to moderate risk of bias RCTs or pooling of

observational studies with low risk of bias and consistent findings

Moderate certainty evidence = single RCT with low to moderate risk of bias or >one

observational study with low to moderate risk of bias and at

least partially consistent findings (modified Dec 1, 2021)

Low certainty evidence = single RCT or observational study with serious risk of bias or

multiple low to serious risk of bias observational studies with

inconsistent findings (modified Dec 1, 2021)

0 4	outcome Vaccine Effectiveness (2 doses unless otherwise stated)				
Outcome	Vaccine Effe	rwise stated)			
(and vaccine)		for each combination of vaccine, variant, and outcome			
	Alpha	Beta	Gamma	Delta	Omicron
Any Infection					
Pfizer	78 to 95%		93%	42 to 89%	55% (44 days) -76% (164 days)
Moderna	86 to 100%	96%	95%	52 to 91%	37% (44 days)
AstraZeneca	62 to 79%		90%	45 to 73%	
(AZ)					
Johnson &				3 to 71%*	
Johnson					
Novavax					
CoronaVac			66%		
AZ followed by	82 to 91%		96%	88%	
Pfizer or					
Moderna					
Symptomatic Info	ection (reported	when data on "a	ny infection" is l	imited)	
Pfizer		84 to 88%	84 to 88%	63 to 88%	88% (63 days)
					34.3% (175
			/	· ·	days)
Moderna			88%	87%	
AstraZeneca		10%**	65%	61 to 92%	6% (175 days)
Johnson &				51%*	
Johnson					
Novavax	86%	43%**			
CoronaVac				59%	

Outcome (and vaccine)	Vaccine Effectiveness (2 doses unless otherwise stated) for each combination of vaccine, variant, and outcome				
	Alpha	Beta	Gamma	Delta	Omicron
Covaxin	Прпа	Вста	Gaimna	50%	Officion
AZ followed by				67 to 79%	
Pfizer or				07 60 7970	
Moderna					
Transmission	L.		L		
Pfizer	70 to 82%			65%	
Moderna	88%			62 to 77%	
AstraZeneca	58 to 63%			36%	
Johnson &	77%*				
Johnson					
Novavax					
CoronaVac					
AZ followed by				86%	
Pfizer or					
Moderna					
Severe Disease (n	nay include deat	h for some st	udies)		
Pfizer	92 to 100%			93 to 98%	
Moderna	96%	96%		93 to 100%	
AstraZeneca			76%		
Johnson &		82%*			
Johnson					
Novavax					
CoronaVac				89%	
Sinopharm					
Sputnik V					
Death					
Pfizer	91 to 97%			90%	
Moderna					
AstraZeneca				91%*	
Johnson &					
Johnson					
Novavax					
CoronaVac			86%		
Sinopharm					
Sputnik V *single dose					

^{*}single dose

AZ, AstraZeneca

^{**}mean estimate of effect less than the lowest acceptable limit for vaccine effectiveness as determined by WHO

Table 1b: Summary of vaccine effectiveness against variants of concern over time

Outcome	Vaccine Effectiveness Longer than 60 days after Last Dose			
(and vaccine)			G	•
	Variant	Number	Time since	Vaccine Effectiveness
		of	Last Dose	
		Doses	(days)	
Infection				
Pfizer	Delta	2	120	53 to 85%
Moderna	Delta	2	120	81 to 88%
AstraZeneca	Delta	2	120	72% (66 to 77)
AZ followed by	Delta	1 dose	120	86% (81 to 89)
mRNA vaccine		each		
Pfizer	Delta	2	150	57% (52 to 62)
Moderna	Delta	2	151 to 180	65 to 80%
Symptomatic Infection	on			
Pfizer	Delta	2	60 to 89	72% (61 to 80)
AstraZeneca	Delta	2	60 to 89	65% (48 to 76)
Johnson & Johnson	Delta	1	60 to 89	52% (33 to 66)
Moderna	Delta	2	70 to 98	90%
AZ followed by	Delta	1 dose	120	66% (41 to 80)
mRNA vaccine		each		
Moderna	Delta	2	121 to 180	71% (56 to 81)
Pfizer	Delta	2	121 to 180	47%
Johnson & Johnson	Delta	1	150	64.3% (62.3 to 66.1)
Pfizer	Delta	2	210	70.1% (69 to 71)
Moderna	Delta	2	210	81.9% (81 to 82.7)
Severe Disease				
AstraZeneca	Delta	2	112 to 119	70% (67 to 73.7)
AstraZeneca	Delta	2	140	69.7% (68.7 to 70.5)
Pfizer	Delta	2	150	92 to 94%
Death				
Johnson & Johnson	Delta	1	120	89.4% (52.3 to 97.6)
Pfizer	Delta	2	150	81 to 88%

Table 2: Visual summary of evidence for COVID-19 vaccines for variants of concern (Moderate to Low Risk of Bias Studies compared to All studies)

Percentages indicate <u>level of effectiveness</u> from 0% (no effect) to 100% (full protection): ranges of estimated means are provided when ≥ 1 study is available; estimated mean value is provided for single studies

Colour indicates **Risk of Bias** of included studies (level of certainty of evidence reported in Table 1a)

Low to Moderate Risk of Bias: top row shows range of estimated means for studies with low to moderate risk of bias

High Risk of Bias: bottom row shows range of estimated means for studies with high risk of bias

Outcome	Vaccine Effectiveness (2 doses unless otherwise stated) for				,
(and vaccine)	each combination of vaccine, variant, and outcome				
	Alpha	Beta	Gamma	Delta	Omicron
Any Infection					
Pfizer	92% (1 Obs – ref 1) 78 to 95%			75% (1 Obs – ref 84) 42 to 89%	
Moderna	(11 Obs)			(13 Obs)	
AstraZeneca	62% (1 RCT - ref 5) 78 to 79% (2 Obs)				
Symptomatic Info	ection (reported	when data on "a	ny infection" is	limited)	
Pfizer		84 to 88% (2 Obs – refs 23,47)	84 to 88% (2 Obs – refs 23,47)	63 to 88% (3 Obs – refs 47,92, 136) 78 to 88%	88% (1 Obs – ref 136)
Moderna				(3 Obs)	
AstraZeneca		10%** (1 RCT – ref 4)		76 to 92% (2 Obs – refs 92, 136) 61 to 67% (2 Obs)	6% (1 Obs – ref 136)
Johnson & Johnson				(2 0 0 0)	
Novavax	86% (1 RCT – ref 19)	43%** (1 RCT – ref 7)			
Severe Disease (r	nay include dea	ath for some stu	dies)		
Johnson & Johnson		82% (1 RCT – ref 7)	,		
tok	CC 1 1		1.1. 11. 11. 6	·	

^{**}mean estimate of effect less than the lowest acceptable limit for vaccine effectiveness as determined by WHO

AZ, AstraZeneca; MOD, Moderna; PF, Pfizer

Notes:

Comparing Table 1a with Table 2 allows you to see whether it is an RCT or multiple Observational studies that determined the "moderate certainty of evidence" rating on Table 1

For example: Pfizer/Alpha/Any Infection:

Table 1a = yellow in Table 2 because only a single <u>Observational</u> study of moderate ROB (need more than 1 moderate ROB study to turn cell orange on Table 1a)

For example: AZ/Alpha/Any Infection:

Table $1a = \text{orange because only a single } \underline{RCT}$ of moderate ROB (Table 1b) is needed to turn square orange

Table 2: Key findings about vaccine effectiveness (revised format 13 Dec 2021)

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
Omicron	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 (2 doses) provided protection against VOC Omicron for the following
	BioNTech	outcomes:
	Comirnaty	• 55.2% (95% CI, 23.5 to 73.7) from infection up to 44 days after 2 nd dose
	[BNT162b2]	• -76.5% (95% CI, -95.3 to -59.5) from infection up to 164 days after 2 nd dose
		(1 Obs) [<u>137</u>]; last update 2022-01-05
		BNT162b2 (2 doses) provided protection against VOC Omicron for the following
		outcomes:
		• 88% (95% CI, 65.9 to 95.8) from symptomatic infection at 14 to 63 days after
		2 nd dose
		• 34.3% (95% CI, -5 to 58.7) from symptomatic infection at 175 days after 2 nd
		dose
		(1 Obs) [<u>136</u>]; last update <u>2022-01-05</u>
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against VOC Omicron for the following
		outcomes:
		• 54.6% (95% CI, 30.4 to 70.4) from infection at up to 30 days after 3 rd dose
		(1 Obs) [<u>137</u>]; last update <u>2022-01-05</u>
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against VOC Omicron for the following
		outcomes: • 75.5% (95% CI, 56.1 to 86.3) from symptomatic infection at 14 days after 3 rd
		dose
		(1 Obs) [136]; last update 2022-01-05
Omicron	Moderna	mRNA-1273 (2 doses) provided protection against VOC Omicron for the
	Spikevax	following outcomes:
	[mRNA-1723]	• 36.7% (95% CI, -69.9 to 76.4) from infection up to 44 days after 2 nd dose
		• -39.3% (95% CI, -61.6 to -20) from infection up to 164 days after 2 nd dose
		(1 Obs) [137]; last update 2022-01-05
Omicron	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 (2 doses) provided limited protection against VOC Omicron for the
	[ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria	following outcomes: • 5.9% (95% CI, -29.7 to 31.7) from symptomatic infection at 25+ weeks after
	Serum Institute	2 nd dose
	of India	(1 Obs) [136]; last update 2022-01-05
	[Covishield]	
Omicron	ChAdOx1 (2	ChAdOx1 (2 doses) followed by BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC
	doses) followed	Omicron for the following outcomes:
	by mRNA	• 71.4% (95% CI, 41.8 to 86) from symptomatic infection at 2 weeks after 3 rd
	vaccine	dose
D. I.	DC /	(1 Obs) [136]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcome at
	BioNTech Comirnaty	least 14 to 21 days after 1 st dose: • 30 to 65% from infection (RME)
	[BNT162b2]	• 33 to 47.5% from symptomatic infection (RME)
		87 to 94% from hospitalization (RME)
		• 100% (95% CI, not reported) against severe, critical, or fatal disease
		- 10070 (7570 GI, HOL Teported) against severe, efficial, of fatal disease

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
		BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcome at
		least 7 days after 2 nd dose:
		• 42 to 89% from infection (RME)
		• 62 to 93.7% from symptomatic infection (RME)
		• 96% (95% CI, 86 to 99) from hospitalization
		• 93 to 98% from severe, critical, or fatal disease (RME)
		• 90% (95% CI, 86 to 94) from death
		(23 Obs) [29][38][42][47][57][63][64][71][74][76][84][88][92][97][102][109][110]
		[111][118][119][121][123][133][138]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes
	Spikevax	at least 14 days after 1 st dose:
	[mRNA-1723]	• 75 to 86.7% from infection (RME)
		• 72% (95% CI, 57 to 82) from symptomatic infection
		• 96% (95% CI, 72 to 99) from hospitalization
		• 93 to 100% from severe, critical, or fatal disease (RME)
		mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes
		14 days after 2 nd dose:
		• 52 to 91% from infection (RME)
		87% (95% CI, 84 to 88) from symptomatic infection
		• 93 to 100% from severe, critical, or fatal disease(RME)
		(18 Obs)
		[47][57][63][64][71][74][97][101][102][109][110][111][118][121][123][133][138][140];
		last update 2022-01-05
Delta	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcome at
	[ChAd0x1]	least 21 days after 1 st dose:
	Vaxzevria	• 18 to 46% from infection (RME)
	Serum Institute	• 33 to 58% from symptomatic infection (RME)
	of India	• 71% (95% CI, 51 to 83) from hospitalization
	[Covishield]	ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcome at
		least 7 days after 2 nd dose:
		• 44.8 to 73% from infection (RME)
		• 61 to 92% from symptomatic infection (RME)
		• 92% (95% CI, 75 to 97) from hospitalization
		• 91% (95% CI, 83 to 94) from death
		(10 Obs) [29][38][42][47][71][92][118][119][123][131][141]; last update 2021-12-15
Delta	Johnson &	Ad26.COV2.S provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes
	Johnson	≥ 14 days after dose:
	[AD26.COV2.S]	\ /
		• 50.9% (95% CI, 35.5 to 63.0) from symptomatic infection
		• 92.5% (95% CI, 54.9 to 99.6) from ICU admission
		• 90.5% (95% CI, 31.5 to 99.6) from death
		(6 Obs) [97][109][110][111][117][133]; last update 2021-12-15
Delta	Sinovac	CoronaVac provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcome ≥
	[CoronaVac]	14 days after 2 nd dose:
		• 59% (95% CI, 16 to 81.6) from symptomatic infection
		• 89% (95% CI, 55 to 98) from severe infection
		(1 Obs) [91]; last update 2021-11-03

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
Delta	ChAdOx1 (1	ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 at least 14 days after 2 nd dose provided
	dose) followed	protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes:
	by mRNA	67% (95% CI, 59 to 73) against symptomatic infection
	vaccine	(1 Obs) [<u>121</u>]; last update 2021-12-01
		ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA-1273 at least 14 days after 2 nd dose provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes: • 79% (95% CI, 62 to 88) against symptomatic infection (1 Obs) [121]; last update 2021-12-01
		ChAdOx1 followed by either BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 at least 14 days after 2 nd dose provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes: • 88% (95% CI, 85 to 89) against infection (1 Obs) [123]; last update 2021-12-01
		ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Delta compared to ChAdOx1 (homologous):
		• HR 0.61 (95% CI, 0.52 to 0.71) unreported number of days after 2nd dose (1 Obs) [128]; <i>last update 2021-12-01</i>
Delta	ChAdOx1 (2	ChAdOx1 (2 doses) followed by BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC
	doses) followed	Delta for the following outcomes:
	by mRNA	• 82% (95% CI, 68 to 90) from infection at least 7 days after 3rd dose
	vaccine	(1 Obs) [<u>139</u>]; last update <u>2022-01-05</u>
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) followed by mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following outcomes: • 91% (95% CI, 63 to 98) from infection at least 7 days after 3rd dose (1 Obs) [139]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 showed a higher risk of infection by VOC Delta in participants <u>fully</u>
>14 days after 2 nd dose	BioNTech Comirnaty [BNT162b2]	vaccinated (≥14 days after 2 nd dose) longer than or equal to 146 days ago vs fully vaccinated less than 146 days ago [OR 2.06 (95% CI, 1.69 to 2.51)] (1 Obs) [69]; last update 2021-08-25
Varying intervals for		BNT162b2 provided protection against the following outcomes by VOC Delta for the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
2 nd dose		• 93% (95% CI, 85 to 87) from infection at 7 to 30 days
		• 86.7% (95% CI, 84.6 to 88.6) from infection up to 44 days
		• 53 to 85% from infection up to ≥120 days (RME) (3 Obs) [84][123][137]; last update 2022-01-05
		BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Delta at the following intervals between doses:
		• 92% (95% CI, 91 to 93) at 14 to 27 days after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)
		• 90% (95% CI, 88 to 91) at 4 months after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks) (1 Obs) [123]; <i>last update 2021-11-17</i>
		BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Delta at 5 months after
		2 nd dose:
		• 50% (95% CI, 45 to 55) - age 16 to 39
		• 58% (95% CI, 54 to 62) - age 40 to 59

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
		• 57% (95% CI, 52 to 62) - age 60+
		(1 Obs) [76]; last update 2021-11-17
		BNT162b2 provided protection against symptomatic infection by VOC Delta for
		the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
		• 62.7% (95% CI, 61.7 to 63.8) – at 7 days
		• 76% (95% CI, 72 to 81) – at 30 to 59 days (age 30-59)
		• 72% (95% CI, 61 to 80) – at 60 to 89 days (age 30-59)
		• 47% – at 121 to 180 days (RME)
		• 70.1% (95% CI, 68.9 to 71.2) – at 7 months (210 days)
		(4 Obs) [92][114][124][141]; last update 2022-01-05
		BNT162b2 provided protection against severe, critical, or fatal disease by VOC
		Delta at 5 months after 2 nd dose:
		• 92 to 94% (RME) - age 40 to 59
		• 86% (95% CI, 82 to 90) - age 60+
		(2 Obs) [76][125]; last update 2021-11-17
		BNT162b2 provided protection against death by VOC Delta at least 5 months
		after 2 nd dose:
		• 81 to 88.4% (RME)
		(2 Obs) [124][125]; last update 2021-12-01
Delta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 provided protection against the following outcomes by VOC Delta
>14 days	Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	the following number of days after 2 nd dose: • 88 to 94% (RME) from infection at 14 to 60 days
after 2 nd dose		81 to 88% (RME) from infection at 120 days
		• 65 to 80% (RME) from infection at 151 to 180 days
Varying		• 91.5% (95% CI, 60.8 to 98.1) from severe disease at 120 days
intervals for 2 nd dose		• 96% (95% CI, 91.9 to 98) from death at 210 days
2 dose		(5 Obs) [101][123] [124] [137][143]; last update 2022-01-05
		mRNA-1273 provided protection against infection by VOC Delta at the following
		intervals between doses:
		• 92% (95% CI, 90 to 94) at 14 to 27 days after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)
		• 91% (95% CI, 87 to 94) at 4 months after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)
		(1 Obs) [123]; last update 2021-11-17
		mRNA-1273 provided protection against symptomatic infection by VOC Delta
		the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
		• 95.2% (95% CI, 94.4 to 95.9) – at 7 days
		• 91% (95% CI, 85 to 95) – at 30 to 59 days (age 30-59)
		• 90% – at 70 to 98 days (RME)
		• 71% (95% CI, 56 to 81) – at 121 to 180 days
		• 81.9% (95% CI, 81 to 82.7) – at 7 months (210 days) (4 Obs) [92][114][124][141]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 provided protection against the following outcomes by VOC Delta the
	[ChAd0x1]	following number of days after 2 nd dose:
	Vaxzevria	• 72% (95% CI, 66 to 77) from infection at 120 days

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
>14 days	Serum Institute	• 79.0% (95% CI, 75.9 to 81.7) from severe disease at 56 to 63 days
after 2 nd dose	of India	• 70.% (95% CI, 67 to 73.7) from severe disease at 112 to 119
	[Covishield]	(1 Obs) [123][142]; last update 2022-01-05
Varying		
intervals for		ChAdOx1 provided protection against infection by VOC Delta at the following
2 nd dose		intervals between doses:
		• 85% (95% CI, 60 to 94) at 14 to 27 days after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)
		• 72% (95% CI, 66 to 77) at 84+ days after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)
		(1 Obs) [123]; last update 2021-11-17
		Ch AdOvil anaxided anatoption assingt avantomatic infection by VOC Delta the
		ChAdOx1 provided protection against symptomatic infection by VOC Delta the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
		• 92.4% (95% CI, 92.1 to 92.7) – at 7 days
		• 63 to 67% – at 30 to 59 days(RME)
		• 65% (95% CI, 48 to 76) – at 60 to 89 days
		• 41 to 49% – at 120 days (17 weeks) (RME)
		• 69.7% (95% CI, 68.7 to 70.5) – at 140 days
		$(4 \text{ Obs}) [92][114][141][142]; last update \frac{2022-01-05}{2022-01-05}$
Delta	Johnson &	Ad26.COV2.S provided protection against symptomatic infection by VOC Delta
2 cita	Johnson	the following number of days after dose:
>14 days	[AD26.COV2.S]	• 50% (95% CI, 36 to 62) – at 30 to 59 days
after dose	1	• 52% (95% CI, 33 to 66) – at 60 to 89 days
		• 64.3% (95% CI, 62.3 to 66.1) – at 150 days
		(2 Obs) [124][141]; last update 2022-01-05
		Ad26.COV2.S provided protection against death by VOC Delta at 3 months after
		dose:
		• 89.4% (95% CI, 52.3 to 97.6)
		(1 Obs) [<u>124</u>]; last update 2021-11-17
Delta	ChAdOx1 (1	ChAdOx1 followed by an mRNA provided protection against infection by VOC
	dose) followed	Delta the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
>14 days	by mRNA	• 86% (95% CI, 81 to 89) at 120 days
after 2 nd dose	vaccine	(1 Obs) [123]; last update 2021-11-17
		ChAdOx1 followed by an mRNA provided protection against symptomatic
		infection by VOC Delta the following number of days after 2 nd dose:
		• 67% (95% CI, 59 to 73) at least 14 days (BNT162b2)
		• 79% (95% CI, 62 to 88) at least 14 days (mRNA-1273)
		• 66% (95% CI, 41 to 80) – > 120 days (17 weeks)
		(2 Obs) [114][121]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against the following outcomes
	BioNTech	compared to unvaccinated:
3 doses	Comirnaty	• 81 to 92% from infection up to 30 days after 3 rd dose (RME)
	[BNT162b2]	(2 Obs) [137][139]; last update 2022-01-05
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against symptomatic infection compared
		to unvaccinated:
		• 94% (95% CI, 93.4 to 94.6) – at least 14 days after 3 rd dose (age 50+)
		(1 Obs) [126]; last update 2021-12-15

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against infection by VOC Delta compared to 2 doses: • 84.0% (95% CI, 79 to 88) at 14 to 20 days after 3rd dose • 45.7% (95% CI, 37.9 to 53.5) median of 30 days after 3 rd dose (2 Obs) [93][132]; last update 2021-12-15
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against the following outcomes by VOC Delta compared to 2 doses: Rate ratio 11.3 to 12.3 from infection at least 12 days after 3 rd dose Rate ratio 17.9 to 19.5 from severe illness at least 12 days after 3 rd dose Rate ratio 14.7 (95% CI, 10 to 21.4) from death at least 12 days after 3 rd dose 90% (95% CI, 86 to 93) from death unclear number of days after 3 rd dose (3 Obs)[100][134][135]; last update 2022-01-05
Delta	Moderna Spikevax	mRNA-1273 (3 doses) provided protection against infection by VOC Delta compared to unvaccinated:
3 doses	[mRNA-1723]	• 83 to 94% up to 30 days after 3 rd dose (RME) (2 Obs) [137][139]; last update 2022-01-05
		mRNA-1273 (3 doses) provided protection against infection by VOC Delta compared to 2 doses: • 46.6% (95% CI, 36.4 to 55.3) median of 16 days after 3 rd dose (1 Obs) [132]; last update 2021-12-15
Delta	Pfizer/ BioNTech	Fully vaccinated index cases by BNT162b showed VET for unvaccinated (hh contact):
Transmission Household or close contacts of index case	Comirnaty [BNT162b2]	 63% (95% CI: 46 to 75) from infection Fully vaccinated index cases by BNT162b showed VET for fully vaccinated household contacts: 40% (95% CI, 20 to 54) from infection Fully vaccinated index cases by BNT162b showed VET for hh contacts (unclear
		status): • 65% (95% CI, 52 to 74) from infection
		Fully vaccinated hh contacts by BNT162b showed VE (unclear status of index case): • 62 to 90% from infection (RME) • 100% (95% CI, not reported) from severe disease (4 Obs) [105][107][108][129]; last update 2021-12-01
Delta	Moderna	Fully vaccinated household contacts by mRNA-1273 showed VE (unclear status
Transmission Household or close contacts of index case	Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	of index): • 62 to 77% from infection (RME) (2 Obs) [108][129]; last update 2021-12-01
Delta	AstraZeneca	Fully vaccinated index cases by ChAdOx1 showed VET for household contacts
Transmission	[ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria	(unclear status): • 36% (95% CI, 28 to 43) from infection

VOC	Vaccine	Findings
Household	Serum Institute	Fully vaccinated household contacts by ChAdOx1 showed VE (unclear status of
or close	of India	index):
contacts of	[Covishield]	• 55 to 72% from infection (RME)
index case		(2 Obs)[<u>107</u>][<u>108</u>]; last update 2021-11-03
Delta	ChAdOx1	Fully vaccinated household contacts by ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA showed
	followed by	VE (unclear status of index):
Transmission	mRNA vaccine	• 86% (95% CI, 45 to 97) from infection
Household		(1 Obs)[<u>108</u>]; last update 2021-11-03
or close		
contacts of		
index case		

Gamma	Moderna Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcomes 14 days after 1 st dose: • 85% (95% CI, 71 to 92) from infection • 77% (95% CI, 63 to 86) from symptomatic infection • 89% (95% CI, 73 to 95) from hospitalization mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Gamma (or Beta) for the following outcomes 35-41 days after 1 st dose: • 43% (95% CI, 22 to 59) from symptomatic infection mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcome ate least 7 days after 2 nd dose: • 95% from infection (RME) • 88% (95% CI, 61 to 96) from symptomatic infection
Gamma	AstraZeneca [ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria Serum Institute of India [Covishield]	(4 Obs – 5 refs) [23][47][101][122][123]; last update 2021-12-01 ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcomes at least 14 days after 1 st dose: • 60% (95% CI, 48 to 69) from infection • 42 to 48% from symptomatic infection (RME) • 83% (95% CI, 66 to 92) from hospitalization ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcomes at least 14 days after 2 nd dose: • 90% (95% CI, 61 to 98) from infection • 65.4% (95% CI, 64.6 to 66.2) from symptomatic infection at 56 to 63 days after 2 nd dose • 58.7% (95% CI, 56.7 to 60.5) from symptomatic infection at 112 to 119 days after 2 nd dose • 75.6% (95% CI, 73.4 to 77.6) from severe disease at 56 to 63 days after 2 nd dose • 50.5% (95% CI, 43.4 to 56.6) from severe disease at 112 to 119 days after 2 nd dose • 50.5% (95% CI, 43.4 to 56.6) from severe disease at 112 to 119 days after 2 nd dose
Gamma	Johnson & Johnson [AD26.COV2.S]	Ad26.COV2-S provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcomes 28 days after dose: • 50.9% (95% CI, 35.5 to 63.0) from symptomatic infection • 92.5% (95% CI, 54.9 to 99.6) from ICU admission • 90.5% (95% CI, 31.5 to 99.6) from death

		(1 Obs) [117], last update 2021-11-17
Gamma	Sinovac [CoronaVac]	CoronaVac provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcome ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose: • 65.9% (95% CI, 65.2 to 66.6) from infection CoronaVac provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcome ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose for people over age 70: • 41.6% (95% CI, 26.9 to 63.3) from symptomatic infection
Gamma	ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine	(2 Obs) [30] [49]; last update 2021-07-14 ChAdOx1 followed by either BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 at least 14 days after 2 nd dose provided protection against VOC Gamma for the following outcomes: • 96% (95% CI, 70 to 99) against infection (1 Obs) [123]; last update 2021-11-17
Beta	Moderna Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcomes 14 days after 1st dose: • 61.3% (95% CI, 56.5 to 65.5) from infection • 77% (95% CI, 63 to 86) from symptomatic infection • 89% (95% CI, 73 to 95) from hospitalization • 81.6% (95% CI, 71.0 to 88.8) from severe, critical, or fatal disease (combined with Alpha) mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcomes 35-41 days after 1st dose: • 43% (95 CI, 22 to 59) from symptomatic infection mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcome 7 days after 2nd dose: • 96.4% (95% CI, 91.9 to 98.7) from infection • 88% (95% CI, 61 to 96) from symptomatic infection • 95.7% (95% CI, 73.4 to 99.9) from severe, critical, or fatal disease (combined with Alpha)
Beta	AstraZeneca [ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria Serum Institute of India [Covishield]	(2 Obs – 3 refs) [23] [47] [50]; last update 2021-07-14 ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcome 14 days after 1 st dose: • 48% (95% CI, 28 to 63) from symptomatic infection • 83% (95% CI, 66 to 92) from hospitalization ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcome after 2 doses: • 10.4% (95% CI, -76.8 to 54.8) from mild to moderate disease (1 RCT, moderate quality; 1 Obs) [4] [47]; last update 2021-07-07
Beta	Novavax [NVX-CoV2373	 NVX-CoV2373 provided protection against VOC Beta for the following outcome after 7 days after 2nd dose: Post-hoc: 43% (95% CI, -9.8 to 70.4) from symptomatic infection (1 RCT, moderate quality), [17]; last update 2021-07-14
Alpha	Moderna Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following outcomes 14-41 days after 1 st dose: • 58.9 to 88.1% from infection (RME) • 60 to 61% from symptomatic infection (RME)

	1	
Alpha	AstraZeneca	 81.6% (95% CI, 71.0 to 88.8) from severe, critical, or fatal disease (combined with Beta) mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following outcomes at least 7 days after 2nd dose: 86 to 100% from infection (RME) 90 to 95.7% from symptomatic infection (RME) 95.7% (95% CI, 73.4 to 99.9) from severe, critical, or fatal disease (combined with Beta) (10 Obs – 11 refs) [8][23][31][34][37][47][50][60][74][101][102]; last update 2021-10-20 ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the
Alpha	[ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria Serum Institute of India [Covishield]	following outcome 14 days after 1 st dose: • 64% (95% CI, 60 to 68) from symptomatic infection • 85% (95% CI, 81 to 88) from hospitalization ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following outcome 21 to 28 days after 1 st dose: • 44 to 74% from infection (RME) ChAdOx1 provided protection against confirmed VOC Alpha for the following outcome at least 14 days after 2 doses: • 62 to 79% from infection (RME) (1 RCT, moderate quality; 5 Obs)[9][10][5][47][70][71][]; last update 2021-08-25
Alpha	Novavax [NVX-CoV2373	 NVX-CoV2373 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following outcome after 2 doses: 89.7% (95% CI, 80.2 to 94.6) from symptomatic infection. No hospitalizations or deaths in vaccinated group Post hoc: 86.3% (95% CI, 71.3 to 93.5) from confirmed Alpha symptomatic infection (1 RCT, moderate quality), [19]; last update 2021-06-16
Alpha	ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine	ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 at least 14 days after 2 nd dose provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following outcomes: • 88% (95% CI, 83 to 92) against infection (1 Obs) [70]; last search date 2021-08-25
Alpha Transmission Household or close contacts of index case	Pfizer/ BioNTech Comirnaty [BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 reduced transmission of VOC Alpha from a vaccinated index case (14 to 21 days after 1 st dose) to household contacts compared to households of unvaccinated index cases: • 30 to 49% from infection (RME) BNT162b2 reduced transmission of VOC Alpha from a vaccinated HCW (10 weeks after 1 st dose) to household spouse: • 42.9% (95% CI, 22.3 to 58.1) from infection
		Fully vaccinated index cases showed VET for household contacts (unclear status): • 70 to 82% from infection (RME) Fully vaccinated household contacts showed VE (unclear status of index): • 65 to 94% from infection (RME) (8 Obs) [6][14][33][40][48][104][107][108]; last update 2021-11-03

Alpha	Moderna	mRNA-1273 reduced transmission of VOC Alpha from a		
-	Spikevax	vaccinated HCW (10 weeks after 1st dose) to household spouse:		
Transmission	[mRNA-1723]	• 42.9% (95% CI, 22.3 to 58.1) from infection		
Household or close				
contacts of index		Fully vaccinated index cases by mRNA-1273 showed VET for		
case		household contacts (unclear status):		
		• 88% (95% CI, 50 to 97) from infection		
		Fully vaccinated household contacts by mRNA-1273 showed VE		
		(unclear status of index):		
		• 86 to 91% from infection (RME)		
		(3 Obs)[33][104][108]; last update 2021-11-03		
Alpha	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 reduced transmission of VOC Alpha from a vaccinated		
	[ChAd0x1]	index case (14 to 21 days after 1st dose) to household contacts		
Transmission	Vaxzevria	compared to households of unvaccinated index cases:		
Household or close	Serum Institute of	• 30 to 47% from infection (RME)		
contacts of index	India	Fully vaccinated index cases by ChAdOx1 showed VET to		
case	[Covishield]	household contacts (unclear status):		
		• 58 to 63% from infection (RME)		
		Fully vaccinated household contacts by ChAdOx1 showed VE		
		(unclear status of index case):		
		• 38 to 87% from infection (RME)		
		(6 Obs) [6][14][40][104][107][108]; last update 2021-12-01		
Alpha	Johnson & Johnson	Fully vaccinated index cases by Ad26.COV2.S showed VET for		
	[AD26.COV2.S]	household contacts (unclear status):		
Transmission		• 77% (95% CI, 6 to 94) from infection		
Household or close		Fully vaccinated household contacts by Ad26.COV2.S showed VE		
contacts of index		(unclear status of index):		
case		• 12% (95% CI, -71 to 54) from infection		
		(1 Obs) [<u>104</u>]; last update 2021-11-03		

Studies Covering Tin	Studies Covering Time Frame for More than One VOC (insufficient data to divide them into separate VOC)			
Alpha to Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Alpha to		
	BioNTech	Delta at least 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 69.7% (95% CI, 68.6 to 70.8)		
	Comirnaty			
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Alpha		
		to Delta for the following outcomes \geq 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 57% (95% CI, 53 to 60) from infection at 144 days after 2nd dose		
		• 68% (95% CI, 64 to 71) from symptomatic infection at 42 to 69 days after 2 nd dose		
		• 39% (95% CI, 29 to 48) from symptomatic infection at 98 to 148 days after 2 nd dose		
		• 92% (95% CI, 85 to 96) from severe disease in people with no risk conditions		
		• 72% (95% CI, 51 to 84) from severe disease with very high risk conditions		
		• 95% (95% CI, 88 to 98) from death at 14 to 41 days after 2 nd dose		
		86 to 93% from death at 70 to 148 days after 2 nd dose(RME)		

Alpha to Delta	Pfizer/ BioNTech (3 doses) Comirnaty [BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 showed OR 1.61 (95% CI, 1.45 to 1.79) for infection comparing fully vaccinated Jan to Feb (VOC_Alpha) vs fully vaccinated Mar to May (VOC Delta). (5 Obs) [95][96][127][144][145]; last update 2022-12-01 BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against VOC Alpha to Delta for the following outcomes compared to unvaccinated: • 88% (95% CI, 86 to 89) from infection at least 14 days after 3rd dose (age>18) BNT162b2 (3 doses) provided protection against VOC Alpha to Delta for the following outcomes: • 75% (95% CI, 71 to 78) from infection at least 14 days after 3rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 6 months previously) (age>18)
		(1 Obs) [<u>146</u>]; last update <u>2022-01-05</u>
Alpha to Delta	Moderna Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	mRNA-1273 provided protection against infection by VOC Alpha to Delta at least 7 days after 2 nd dose: • 78.2% (95% CI, 76.7 to 79.6)
		mRNA-1273 or BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha to Delta for the following outcomes ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose: • 73% (95% CI, 70 to 76) from infection at 144 days after 2 nd dose • 92% (95% CI, 85 to 96) from severe disease in people with no risk conditions • 72% (95% CI, 51 to 84) from severe disease with very high risk conditions • 93% (95% CI, 81 to 97) from death at 144 days after 2 nd dose (3 Obs) [95][127][145]; last update 2022-01-05
Alpha to Delta	AstraZeneca [ChAd0x1] Vaxzevria Serum Institute of	ChAdOx1 provided protection against infection by VOC Alpha to Delta at least 7 days after 2 nd dose: • 43.4% (95% CI, 4.4 to 66.5)
	India [Covishield]	 ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Alpha to Delta for the following outcomes ≥ 14 days after 2nd dose: 94% (95% CI, 90 to 96) from severe disease in people with no risk conditions 63% (95% CI, 46 to 75) from severe disease with very high risk conditions 33% (95% CI, 23 to 42) from symptomatic infection at 42 to 69 days after 2nd dose 34% (95% CI, 10 to 52) from symptomatic infection at 70 to 140 days after 2nd dose 95% (95% CI, 90 to 97) from death at least 14 days after 2nd dose 205) [95][127][144]; last update 2022-01-05
Alpha to Delta	Johnson & Johnson [AD26.COV2.S]	Ad26.COV2.S provided protection against VOC Alpha to Delta for the following outcomes ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose: • 36% (95% CI, 30 to 42) from infection at 144 days after 2 nd dose • 72% (95% CI, 49 to 85) from death at 144 days after 2 nd dose (1 Obs) [145]; <i>last update</i> 2022-01-05

Alpha to Delta	Heterologous	Heterologous mRNA vaccines provided protection against infection		
inpila to Della	mRNA vaccines	by VOC Alpha to Delta at least 7 days after the 2 nd dose:		
	ChAdOx1 followed	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
by mRNA vaccine		• 84.7% (83.1 to 86.1)		
	by mixing vaccine	ChAdOx1 followed by either BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 provided protection against infection by VOC Alpha to Delta at least 7 days		
		after 2 nd dose:		
		• 60.7% (95% CI, 57.5 to 63.6)		
		(1 Obs) [<u>127</u>]; last update 2021-12-01		
Alpha to Delta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 or BNT162b showed OR of 8.89 (95% CI, 5.92 to		
	Spikevax	13.34) for unvaccinated vs fully vaccinated against infection (VOC		
Maintenance	[mRNA-1723]	Alpha)		
hemodialysis				
		mRNA-1273 or BNT162b showed OR of 2.27 (95% CI, 1.72 to		
(not updated after		3.00) for unvaccinated vs fully vaccinated against infection (VOC		
Nov 5, 2021)		Delta)		
,		(1 Obs) [106]; last update 2021-11-03		
Alpha or Beta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 provided protection against infection by		
•	BioNTech	VOC Alpha or Beta at the following number of days after 2 nd dose:		
Immunosuppressed,		• 46.6% (95% CI, 0.0 to 73.7) \geq 14 days		
renal transplant	Comirnaty	• 66.0% (95% CI, 21.3 to 85.3) ≥42 days		
1	[BNT162b2]	• 73.9% (95% CI, 33 to 98.9) ≥56 days		
(not updated after				
Nov 5, 2021)		BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 provided protection against severe, critical, or fatal disease by VOC Alpha or Beta at the following		
,		number of days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 72.3% (95% CI, 0.0 to 90.9) \geq 14 days		
		• 85% (95% CI, 35.7 to 96.5) ≥42 days		
		• 83.8% (95% CI, 31.3 to 96.2) ≥56 days		
A1 1 D .	N/ 1	(1 Obs) [90]; last update 2021-09-22		
Alpha or Beta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 or BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by		
T	Spikevax	VOC Alpha or Beta at the following number of days after 2 nd dose:		
Immunosuppressed,	[mRNA-1723]	• 46.6% (95% CI, 0.0 to 73.7) ≥14 days		
renal transplant		• 66.0% (95% CI, 21.3 to 85.3) ≥42 days		
/ . 1 . 1 C		• 73.9% (95% CI, 33 to 98.9) \geq 56 days		
(not updated after		mRNA-1273 or BNT162b2 provided protection against severe,		
Nov 5, 2021)		critical, or fatal disease by VOC Alpha or Beta at the following		
		number of days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 72.3% (95% CI, 0.0 to 90.9) \geq 14 days		
		• 85% (95% CI, 35.7 to 96.5) ≥42 days		
		• 83.8% (95% CI, 31.3 to 96.2) ≥56 days		
		(1 Obs) [<u>90</u>]; last update 2021-09-22		
Alpha or Beta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 (2 doses) after prior infection provided protection		
	BioNTech	against VOC Alpha (or Beta) for the following outcomes:		
Previously infected	Comirnaty	• 85% (95% CI, 80 to 89) against re-infection compared to		
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 without prior infection		
(not updated after	_	(1 Obs) [72]; last update 2021-08-25		
Nov 5, 2021)				
Alpha or Beta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 (2 doses) after prior infection did not offer additional		
-	Spikevax	protection against VOC Alpha (or Beta) for the following outcomes:		
Previously infected	[mRNA-1723]	• 15% (95% CI, -105 to 66) against re-infection compared to		
•		, , ,		
Previously infected	[mRNA-1723]	15% (95% CI, -105 to 66) against re-infection compared to mRNA-1273 without prior infection		

(not updated after		(1 Obs) [72]; last update 2021-08-25			
Nov 5, 2021)					
Beta to Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Beta to			
	BioNTech	VOC Delta for the following number of days after the 2 nd dose:			
	Comirnaty	• 65.8% (95% CI, 63.8 to 67.7) at 5 to 9 weeks			
	[BNT162b2]	• 29.7% (95% CI, 21.7 to 36.9) at 15 to 19 weeks			
		• 0% (95% CI, 0 to 0) 20 to 24 weeks			
		BNT162b2 provided protection against hospitalization or death by			
		VOC Beta to VOC Delta for the following number of days after the			
		2 nd dose:			
		• 94.2% (95% CI, 91.0 to 96.5) at 5 to 9 weeks			
		• 86.4% (95% CI, 69.9 to 94.8) at 15 to 19 weeks			
		• 95.3% (95% CI, 70.5 to 99.9) at 20 to 24 weeks			
		(1 Obs) [98]; last update 2021-10-06			
Beta or Gamma	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Beta or Gamma for			
	BioNTech	the following outcomes 14 to 42 days after 1 st dose:			
HCW	Comirnaty	• 37.2% (95% CI, 16.6 to 52.7) from infection			
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Beta or Gamma for			
(not updated after		the following outcome 7 days after 2 nd dose:			
Nov 5, 2021)		• 79.2% (95% CI, 64.6 to 87.8) from infection			
		(1 Obs)[<u>27]</u> ; last update 2021-06-01			
Beta or Gamma	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 reduced transmission of VOC Beta or Gamma from			
	BioNTech	vaccinated HCW compared to unvaccinated community ≥14 days			
Transmission	Comirnaty	after 1 st dose:			
Vaccinated HCW vs	[BNT162b2]	• 54.7% (95% CI, 44.8 to 62.9) from infection			
unvaccinated		BNT162b2 reduced transmission of VOC Beta or Gamma from			
community		vaccinated HCW compared to unvaccinated community ≥7 days			
		after 2 nd dose:			
		• 84.8% (95% CI, 75.2 to 90.7) from infection			
		(1 Obs) [27]; last update 2021-06-08			

Special Populations (will not be updated after November 5, 2021)				
Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Delta for the		
	BioNTech	following outcomes at least 14 days after 1 st dose:		
Adolescents	Comirnaty	• 59% (95% CI, 52 to 65) from infection		
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Delta for the		
(moved to		following outcomes at least 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
Pediatric/Adolescent		• 90 to 92% against infection (RME)		
LES)		(2 Obs) [112][120]; last update 2021-11-17		
Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Delta for the		
	BioNTech	following outcomes ≥ 14 days after 2^{nd} dose:		
HCW	Comirnaty	• 66% (95% CI, 26 to 84)		
	[BNT162b2]	(1 Obs) [81]; last update 2021-09-22		
Delta	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Delta for the following		
	[ChAd0x1]	outcomes at least 14 days after 2nd dose:		
HCW	Vaxzevria	• 54 to 85% from infection (RME)		
	Serum Institute of	• 64% (95% CI, 38 to 78) from symptomatic infection		
	India	(2 Obs) [59][66]; last update 2021-10-06		
	[Covishield]			

Delta	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 (2 doses) provided protection against VOC Delta for the		
Dena	BioNTech	following outcomes compared to <u>natural immunity after prior</u>		
Previously infected,	Comirnaty	infection:		
(65+)	[BNT162b2]	• 66% (95% CI, 22 to 86) from infection		
(05.)	[21110202]	(1 Obs) [103]; last update 2021-10-20		
Delta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 (2 doses) provided protection against VOC Delta for		
Detta	Spikevax	the following outcomes compared to <u>natural immunity after prior</u>		
Previously infected	[mRNA-1723]	infection:		
(65+)		• 68% (95% CI, 30 to 86) from infection		
(00 1)		• 30% (-11 to 1) from death		
		(1 Obs) [103]; last update 2021-10-20		
Delta	Moderna	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Delta for the		
Delta	Spikevax	following outcomes at least 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
Prison	opino, uni	57% (95% CI, 42 to 67.5)		
	[mRNA-1723]	(1 Obs) [113]; last update 2021-11-03		
Gamma	Sinovac [CoronaVac]	CoronaVac provided protection against VOC Gamma for the		
	[following outcomes ≥14 days after 1 st dose:		
HCW		• 35.1% (95% CI, -6.6 to 60.5) from infection		
		• 49.6% (95% CI, 11.3 to 71.4) from symptomatic infection		
		(1 Obs)[18]; last update 2021-05-07		
Gamma	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 (or mRNA-1273) provided protection against VOC		
	BioNTech	Gamma 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
LTC residents	Comirnaty	• 52.5% (95% CI, 26.9 to 69.1) against infection		
	[BNT162b2]	• 78.6% (95% CI, 47.9 to 91.2) against severe disease		
		(1 Obs) [61]; last update 2021-08-11		
Gamma	Moderna	mRNA-1273 (or BNT162b2) provided protection against VOC		
	Spikevax	Gamma for the following outcomes 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
LTC residents	[mRNA-1723]	• 52.5% (95% CI, 26.9 to 69.1) against infection		
		• 78.6% (95% CI, 47.9 to 91.2) against severe disease		
		(1 Obs) [61]; last update 2021-08-11		
Gamma	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the		
	BioNTech	following outcomes \geq 21 days after 1 st dose:		
Over 70 years	Comirnaty	• 61% (95% CI, 45 to 72) from infection		
	[BNT162b2]	(1 Obs)[<u>35</u>]; last update 2021-07-07		
Gamma	Moderna	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Gamma for the		
	Spikevax	following outcome ≥21 days after 1 st dose:		
Over 70 years	[mRNA-1723]	• 61% (95% CI, 45 to 72) from infection		
	_	(1 Obs) [35]; last update 2021-06-23		
Alpha	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
TTOW!	BioNTech	following outcomes 14 to 21 days after 1 st dose:		
HCW	Comirnaty	• 64 to 84% from infection (RME)		
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
		following outcomes at least 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 90 to 97% from infection (RME)		
		BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
		following outcome 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 86% (95% CI, 69 to 93) from asymptomatic infection [25]		
		BNT162b2 provided protection against infection by VOC Alpha for		
		the following number of days after 2 nd dose:		

		• 85% (95% CI, 68 to 93) at 14 to 119 days		
		• 73% (95% CI, 49 to 86) ≥150 days		
		(6 Obs)[11][34][45][46][56][81]; last update 2021-11-17		
Alpha	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
	[ChAd0x1]	following outcomes at least 14 days after 1 st dose:		
HCW	Vaxzevria	• 64% (95% CI, 50 to 74) from infection		
	Serum Institute of	ChAdOx1provided protection against VOC Alpha for the following		
	India	outcomes at least 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
	[Covishield]	• 90% (95% CI, 62 to 98) from infection		
		(1 Obs) [46]; last update 2021-07-07		
Alpha	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
1	BioNTech	following outcomes 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
LTC residents	Comirnaty	• 53% (95% CI, 29 to 69) from infection		
	[BNT162b2]	• 89% (95% CI, 81 to 93) from death		
		(1 Obs)[32]; last update 2021-10-06		
Alpha	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
Tapin.	BioNTech	following outcomes 7 days after 2^{nd} dose:		
Over 65 years,	Comirnaty	• 86% (95% CI, 78 to 91) from infection		
requiring home	[BNT162b2]	• 97% (95% CI, 88 to 99) from death		
support	[D1(110202]	(1 Obs)[32]; last update 2021-07-07		
Alpha	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
Мрна	BioNTech			
Over 70 years	Comirnaty	following outcomes at least 21 days after 1 st dose: • 41 to 67% from infection (RME)		
Over 70 years	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
	[DINT 10202]			
		following outcomes at least 7 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 75 to 90% from infection (RME)		
Almba	Moderna	(3 Obs)[28][35][51]; last update 2021-10-06		
Alpha		mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
O 70	Spikevax	following outcome ≥ 21 days after 1 st dose:		
Over 70 years	[mRNA-1723]	• 67% (95% CI, 57 to 75) from infection		
A1 1	A	(1 Obs) [35]; last update 2021-06-23		
Alpha	AstraZeneca	ChAdOx1 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
0 00	[ChAd0x1]	following outcomes at least 14 days after 2 nd dose:		
Over 80 years	Vaxzevria	• 88% (95% CI, 48 to 97) from symptomatic infection		
	Serum Institute of	(1 Obs) [79]; last update 2021-10-20		
	India			
A1 1	[Covishield]	Difference in the control of the con		
Alpha	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
D	BioNTech	following outcomes at least 28 days after 1 st dose:		
Pregnant	Comirnaty	• 78% (95% CI, 57 to 89) from infection		
	[BNT162b2]	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Alpha for the		
		following outcomes 7 to 56 days after 2 nd dose:		
		• 86.1% (95% CI, 82.4 to 89.1) from infection		
		• 89% (95% CI, 43 to 100) from hospitalization		
	72.00	(2 Obs) [52][54]; last update 2021-07-28		
Epsilon	Pfizer/	BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Epsilon for the		
	BioNTech	following outcome 15 days after 1st dose:		
	Comirnaty	• 58.9% (95% CI, -9.7 to 84.5) from infection		
	[BNT162b2]			

		BNT162b2 provided protection against VOC Epsilon for the following outcome 15 days after 2 nd dose: • 85.7% (67.2 to 93.9) from infection (2 Obs) [8][31]; last update 2021-06-08	
Epsilon	Moderna Spikevax [mRNA-1723]	mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Epsilon for the following outcome 15 days after 1 st dose: • 58.9% (95% CI, -9.7 to 84.5) from infection mRNA-1273 provided protection against VOC Epsilon for the following outcome 15 days after 2 nd dose: • 85.7% (67.2 to 93.9) from infection (2 Obs) [8] [31]; last update 2021-06-08	

Links to references are provided in Appendix 1

Pan American Health Organization/World Health Organization. Pharmacovigilance for COVID-19 Vaccines. https://covid-19pharmacovigilance.paho.org

Iorio A, Little J, Linkins L, Abdelkader W, Bennett D, Lavis JN. COVID-19 living evidence synthesis #6 (version 6.27): What is the efficacy and effectiveness of available COVID-19 vaccines in general and specifically for variants of concern? Health Information Research Unit (HIRU); McMaster and Ottawa Knowledge Synthesis and Application Unit, 5 January 2022.

The COVID-19 Evidence Network to support Decision-making (COVID-END) is supported by an investment from the Government of Canada through the Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR). To help Canadian decision-makers as they respond to unprecedented challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, COVID-END in Canada is preparing rapid evidence responses like this one. The opinions, results, and conclusions are those of the evidence-synthesis team that prepared the rapid response, and are independent of the Government of Canada and CIHR. No endorsement by the Government of Canada or CIHR is intended or should be inferred.

Appendix 1: Summary of Study Findings and Appraisals

	Section 1: included studies					
Ref	Author	Bottom line	ROBINS- I*	Design, Notes		
		*Note: ROBINS-I score risk of bias: Low risk of	of bias indicates	s high quality		
1	<u>Dagan</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 46% (95% CI, 40 to 51) against infection 14 to 20 days after 1 st dose and VE 92% (95% CI, 88 to 95) 7 days after 2 nd dose. BNT162b2 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 75 to 100) for severe disease at 7 days after 2 nd dose.	Moderate	Data-linkage study in Israel; .5 M matched participants (2 M excluded – also (possible overlap with Haas); time and setting for VOC Alpha (estimated 80%).		
2	<u>Haas</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 95.3% (95% CI, 94.9 to 95.7) against infection; VE 97.5% (95% CI, 97.1 to 97.8) against severe or critical COVID-19-related hospitalization; VE 96.7% (95% CI, 96.0 to 97.3) against death 7 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Data-linkage study in Israel; >6.5 M matched participants (possible overlap with Dagan) Updated May 14 due to final publication; sample confirmed VOC Alpha (estimated 94%).		
3	*Delayed exclusion-only included infected	BNT162b2 showed lower relative VE (2.4:1) against Alpha. after 1 st dose; and lower VE (8:1) against Beta after 2 nd dose in a population with >90% of Alpha and <1% Beta	Moderate	Case-control study in Israel; small sample for Beta (no overlap CHS cohort); confirmed VOC Alpha and Beta.		
4	<u>Madhi</u>	ChAdOx1 nCoV-19 showed VE 10.4% (95% CI, -76.8 to 54.8) against mild to moderate disease 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Moderate quality (RCT)	RCT in South Africa; Underpowered for 20% efficacy (42 cases); VOC Beta.		
5	Emary	ChAdOx1nCoV-19 showed VE 61.7% (95% CI, 36.7 to 76.9) against infection by VOC Alpha \geq 15 days after 2 nd dose.	Moderate quality (RCT)	RCT in UK; neutralization of Alpha 9 times lower; no sequencing for 45% of cases; 52 cases (19%) had VOC Alpha.		
6	Shah	ChAdOx1nCoV-19 or BNT162b2 reduced infection in unvaccinated household contacts of vaccinated HCW by about 30% (HR, 0.70, 95% CI, 0.63 to 0.78) ≥ 14 days after 1 st dose; ChAdOx1nCoV-19 or BNT162b2 reduced infection in HCW by about 55% (HR 0.45, 95% CI, 0.42 to 0.49) and hospitalization by 84% (HR 0.16, 95% CI, 0.09 to 0.27) ≥ 14 days after 1 st dose.	Moderate	Data-linkage study in Scotland - (25% of cases had received 2 doses); time and setting for VOC Alpha.		
7	Sadoff	Single dose Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 52.0% (95% CI, 30.3 to 67.4) at 14 days and VE 64.0% (95% CI, 41.2 to 78.7) at 28 days against moderate to severe disease and VE	Moderate quality (RCT)	RCT; over 40,000 participants; Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Mexico, Peru, South Africa, and the United		

		81.7% (95% CI, 46.2 to 95.4) at 28 days against severe disease (VOC Beta in South Africa).		States; 86 of 91 cases sequenced for VOC Beta.
8	<u>Andrejko</u>	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 58.9% (95% CI, -9.7 to 84.5) at 15 days after 1 st dose, and VE 85.7% (95% CI, 67.2 to 93.9) 15 days after 2 nd dose against infection.	Serious	Test-negative study in California; 645 participants; 69% of population at time had VOC Alpha or Epsilon.
9	Glampson	ChAdOx1nCoV-19 showed VE 74% (95% CI, 65 to 81) against infection 28 days after 1st dose. BNT162b2 showed VE 78% (95% CI, 73 to 82) against infection 28 days after 1st dose.	Serious	Retrospective cohort in UK; 2M participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha.
10	Pritchard	ChAdOx1nCoV-19 or BNT162b2 showed VE 66% (95% CI, 59 to 72%) 21 days after 1st dose and 78% (95% CI, 68 to 85%) after 2nd dose against infection.	Serious	Survey of randomly selected private households with longitudinal follow-up in UK; 370,000 participants; sample confirmed VOC Alpha.
11	<u>Hall</u> (SIREN)	BNT162b2 vaccine showed VE of 70% (95% CI, 55 to 85) 21 days after 1 st dose and 85% (95% CI, 74 to 96) 7 days after 2 nd dose against infection in HCW.	Moderate	Prospective cohort with standardized testing for HCW over all of England; 23,000 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
12	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	Similar effect sizes were seen for ChAdOx1 (aHR 0.32, 95% CI, 0.15 to 0.66) and BNT162b2 (aHR 0.35, 95% CI, 0.17 to 0.71) at 35-48 days after 1 st dose.	Critical	Prospective cohort in England: 9160 of 10412 frail LTC residents; routine screening; time and setting for VOC Alpha
13	*Delayed exclusion – did not report clinical outcomes of interest for this LES	BNT162b2 showed VE 71.4% (95% CI, 43.1 to 86.2) against hospitalization 14 days after 1st dose; ChAdOx1nCoV-19 showed VE 80.4% (95% CI, 36.4 to 94.5) against hospitalization 14 days after 1st dose for 80+. When effectiveness analysis for BNT162b2 was restricted to the period covered by ChAdOx1nCoV-19, the estimate was 79.3% (95% CI, 47.0 to 92.5).		Test negative case-control study in Scotland. Single center; 466 participants, 80+; time and setting for VOC Alpha
14	<u>Harris</u>	BNT162b2 or ChAdOx1 reduced likelihood of transmission by 40-50% for household contacts of HCW 21 days after 1 st dose.	Serious	Data-linkage and case-control study in England; 338,887 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
15	Goldberg	Prior infection (in unvaccinated) has similar VE against infection [94.8%], and severe illness [96.4%] as two doses of BNT162b2.	Serious	Data-linkage study in Israel; 6,351,903 participants; likely overlaps with Dagan and Haas; time and setting for VOC Alpha

16	<u>Cavanaugh</u>	VE 66.2% (95% CI, 40.5% to 80.8%)	Critical	Outbreak analysis in LTC in
	*Delayed	against infection among LTC residents and 75.9% (95% CI, 32.5% to 91.4%) among		Kentucky; small number of events; VOI R.1
	exclusion –	HCW. VE 94.4% (95% CI, 73.9% to 98.8%)		events, voi K.i
	VOI instead	against hospitalization among residents; no		
	of VOC	HCW were hospitalized. Three residents		
		died, two of whom were unvaccinated (VE		
		94.4%; 95% CI, 44.6% to 99.4%).		
17	<u>Shinde</u>	NVX-CoV2372 VE showed VE 50.4%	Moderate	RCT in South Africa; 4387
		(95% CI, 16.6 to 70.5) against symptomatic	quality	participants; 38/41 cases VOC
10	T Tinal in a c	infection 7 days after 2 nd dose.	(RCT)	Beta
18	<u>Hitchings</u>	CoronaVac showed VE of 35.1% (95% CI, -6.6 to 60.5) against infection in HCW after	Serious	Case-control study in HCWs in Manaus; 53,176
		1 st dose.		participants;
		i dosc.		75% prevalence of Gamma;
				776 (28%) of 2797 PCR were
				used for the case-controls; rate
				of previous infection high in
				the population
19	<u>Heath</u>	NVX-CoV2373 showed VE 89.7% (95%	Moderate	RCT; 15,187 participants in
		CI, 80.2 to 94.6) against symptomatic	quality	UK Doot how VE 96 20/ (050/ CI
		infection after 2 nd dose. No hospitalizations or deaths in vaccinated group.	(RCT)	Post hoc: VE 86.3% (95% CI, 71.3 to 93.5) against Alpha
		of deaths in vaccinated group.		variant; 10 cases in vaccinated
				participants; 66 infections
				confirmed Alpha; 11
				infections no sequencing
				available
20	<u>Ismail</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 81% (95% CI, 76 to		Screening study in UK; 13,907
	∀ D 1 1	85) against hospitalization 28 days after 1 st		hospitalized patients; results
	*Delayed exclusion –	dose and 93% (95% CI, 89 to 95) 14 days after the 2 nd dose for people 80+.		for age 80+; time and setting for VOC Alpha
	did not	after the 2 dose for people 80+.		тог у ОС Лірна
	report	ChAdOx1 showed VE 73% (95% CI, 60 to		
	clinical	81) against hospitalization 28 days after 1 st		
	outcomes of	dose; sample size too small to report VE		
	interest for	after 2 nd dose for people 80+.		
	this LES	Dayling color 1		
21	Bernal (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 44% (95% CI, 32 to	Critical	Data-linkage study in England;
		53) after 1 st dose and 69% (95% CI, 31 to 86) after 2 nd dose against symptomatic		48,096 cases above age 70+; 12.7% BNT162b2 and 8.2%
	*Delayed	infection in 70+.		ChAdOx1; VE also reported
	exclusion –	intection in 701.		for 80+ and LTC; time and
	critical ROB	Single dose ChAdOx1 showed VE 55%		setting for VOC Alpha
		(95% CI, 41 to 66) against death.		
22	Chodick	BNT162b2 showed VE 90% (95% CI, 79 to	Serious	Data-linkage study in Israel
		95) against infection and VE 94% (95% CI,		(Maccabi Health Care
		88 to 97) against death 7-27 days after 2 nd		Organization); 1,178,597
		dose; 71% (95% CI, 37 to 87) in		participants; time and setting
		immunosuppressed.		for VOC Alpha

23	Chung	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 61% (95% CI, 56 to 66) against symptomatic infection by VOC Alpha 14 days after 1 st dose and 90% (95% CI, 85 to 94) 7 days after 2 nd dose; 43% (95% CI, 22 to 59) against symptomatic infection by VOC Beta or Gamma 14 days after 1 st dose and 88% (95% CI, 61 to 96) 7 days after 2 nd dose.	Moderate	Test-negative study in Ontario 324,033 participants; screening for variants started 2 months into study period; results also reported for age>70 and according to vaccine (but not according to confirmed variant)
24	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	BNT162b2 showed VE 50% (95% CI, 34 to 73) against infection with VOC Beta >28 days after 2 doses.	Critical	Outbreak in a single LTC in France; 90 participants; all samples genome sequenced for VOC Beta; 2 deaths in vaccinated group
25	Angel	BNT162b2 showed VE 97% (95% CI, 94 to 99) against symptomatic infection and 86% (95% CI, 69 to 93) against asymptomatic infection ≥ 7 days after 2 doses in HCW.	Serious	Retrospective cohort at a single centre tertiary medical centre in Israel, 6,710 participants; testing strategy was different between vaccinated and unvaccinated; time and setting for VOC Alpha
26	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	BNT162b2 showed VE 61.9% (95% CI, 19.2 to 82) against infection 14 to 20 days after 1 st dose; 96% (95% CI, 82.2 to 99.1) \geq 7 days after 2 nd dose in HCW.	Critical	Data-linkage, single centre medical centre in Italy, 2,034 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
27	Yassi	BNT162b2 (93%) or mRNA-1273 showed VE 37.2% (95% CI, 16.6 to 52.70) against infection by VOC Beta or Gamma 14 to 42 days after 1 st dose and 79.2% (95% CI, 64.6 to 87.8) 7 days after 2 nd dose in HCW.	Serious	Data-linkage, 25,558 Canadian HCW; evenly split between VOC Gamma and VOC Beta by end of study period
28	Bernal (1)	BNT162b2 showed VE 60% (95% CI, 40 to 73) against confirmed symptomatic infection by VOC Alpha at least 28 days after 1 st dose and 90% (95% CI, 84 to 94) at least 14 days after 2 nd dose for people 70+.	Serious	Test-negative in England, 156,930 participants; spike gene target failure as proxy for confirmed VOC Alpha
29	Bernal (3)	BNT162b2 showed VE 47.5% (95% CI, 41.6 to 52.8) at least 21 days after 1st dose and VE 93.7% (95% CI, 91.6 to 95.3) at least 14 days after 2nd dose against symptomatic infection by confirmed VOC Alpha. ChadOx1showed VE 48.7% (95% CI, 45.2 to 51.9) at least 21 days after 1st dose and VE 74.5% (95% CI, 68.4 to 79.4) at least 14 days after 2nd dose against symptomatic infection by confirmed VOC Alpha.	Serious	Test-negative in England; 19,109 sequenced cases: 14,837 VOC Alpha and 4,272 VOC Delta.

		BNT162b2 showed VE 35.6% (95% CI, 22.7 to 46.4) at least 21 days after 1st dose and VE 88% (95% CI, 85.3 to 90.1) at least 14 days after 2nd dose against symptomatic infection by confirmed VOC Delta. ChAdOx1 showed VE 30% (95% CI, 24.3 to 35.3) at least 21 days after 1st dose and VE 67% (95% CI, 61.3 to 71.8) at least 14 days after 2nd dose against symptomatic infection by confirmed VOC Delta.		
30	Ranzani	CoronaVac reduced risk of symptomatic infection by VOC Gamma VE 41.6% (95% CI, 26.9 to 63.3) ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose for people 70+.	Serious	Test-negative in Brazil; 44,055 participants; sequencing not performed; effectiveness declined with age; time and setting for VOC Gamma
31	Andrejko (2)	BNT162b2 and mRNA-1273 showed VE 86.8% (95% CI, 68.6 to 94.7) and VE 86.10% (95% CI, 69.1 to 93.9), respectively, against infection 15 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative in California; 1,023 participants; expansion of sample size and timeline since previous study by same authors; VOC Alpha, Epsilon
32	Emborg	BNT162b2 showed VE 53-86% against infection across high-risk groups, VE 75-87% against hospitalization across high-risk groups, VE 89% (95% CI, 81 to 93) against death in LTCF residents and VE 97% (95% CI, 88 to 99) against death in 65+ requiring personal care 7 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Data-linkage population study of high-risk groups in Denmark; 864,096 participants; sample confirmed VOC Alpha
33	Salo	BNT162b2 showed VE 42.9% (95% CI, 22.3 to 58.1) against infection in unvaccinated household members of vaccinated HCW 10 weeks after 1 st dose.	Moderate	Data-linkage for household contacts of HCW in Finland; 52,766 spouses of vaccinated HCW; time and setting for VOC Alpha
34	Shrestha	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 97.1% (95% CI, 94.3 to 98.5) against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (based on multivariable model).	Moderate	Retrospective cohort of employees of a health care system in Ohio; 46,866 participants (60%) vaccinated by end of study; time and setting for VOC Alpha
35	Skowronski	BNT162b2 (85%) or mRNA-1273 showed VE 67% (95% CI, 57 to 75) against infection by confirmed VOC Alpha ≥21 days after 1 st dose for 70+. BNT162b2 (85%) or mRNA-1273 showed VE 61% (95% CI, 45 to 72) against infection by confirmed VOC Gamma ≥21 days after 1 st dose for 70+.	Serious	Test-negative in Canada; 16,993 specimens; out of 1,131 genetically sequenced: 45% VOC Alpha and 28% Gamma; results reported by vaccine but not according to confirmed variant
36	Abu-Raddad	BNT162b2 showed VE 89.5% (95% CI, 85.9 to 92.3) against infection, VE 100%	Serious	Test-negative in Qatar; 17,293 cases; sequencing showed 50%

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		(95% CI, 81.7 to 100) against any severe, critical, or fatal disease by VOC Alpha ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose.		VOC Beta and 45% VOC Alpha between February- March 2021
		BNT162b2 showed VE 75% (95% CI, 70.5 to 78.9) against infection, VE 100% (95% CI, 73.7 to 100) against severe, critical, or fatal disease by VOC Beta ≥ 14 days after 1 st dose.		
37	Akhrass *Delayed exclusion - failure to report outcomes of interest for this LES	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed overall VE 60.4% (95% CI, 30 to 77.6) against symptomatic infection ≥ 14 days after 1 st dose; BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed overall VE 95.7% (95% CI, 90 to 98.2) against symptomatic infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Critical	Retrospective cohort of HCW at a single centre in Kentucky, USA; 2,134 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
38	Sheikh	BNT162b2 showed VE 30% (95% CI, 17 to 41) against confirmed VOC Delta infection and VE 33% (95% CI, 15 to 47) against symptomatic infection at least 28 days after 1 st dose; VE 79% (95% CI, 75 to 82) against infection and VE 83% (95% CI, 78 to 87) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose. ChAdOx1 showed VE 18% (95% CI, 9 to 25) against confirmed VOC Delta infection and VE 33% (95% CI, 23 to 41) against symptomatic infection at least 28 days after 1 st dose; VE 60% (95% CI, 53 to 66) against infection and VE 61% (95% CI, 51 to 70%) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative in Scotland; 626,900 specimens; also compared hospitalization rates between S gene positive (VOC Delta) and S gene negative specimens within 14 days of positive test result (not summarized here)
39	Furer *Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias	BNT162b2 reported no symptomatic infections in the vaccinated group (0/686) compared to 0.83% infections in the vaccinated general population control group.	Critical	Prospective cohort of adults with autoimmune inflammatory rheumatic diseases in Israel; 686 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
40	Martinez- Baz	BNT162b2 showed VE 65% (95% CI, 56 to 73) against infection and VE 94% (95% CI, 60 to 99) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 2 nd dose in close contacts of COVID+ index cases. ChAdOx1 showed VE 44% (95% CI, 31 to 54) against infection and VE 92% (95% CI, 46 to 99) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1 st dose in close contacts of index cases. Second dose results not reported.	Serious	Prospective cohort of close contacts of COVID+ people in Spain; 20,961 participants; VOC Alpha confirmed for small sample; sample size for Moderna too small to report results separately

41	Chodick (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 51.4% (95% CI, 16.3 to 71.8) against infection 13 to 24 days after 1 st dose.	Serious	Data-linkage study in Israel (Maccabi Health Care Services); 351,897 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
42	Stowe	BNT162b2 showed VE 94% (95% CI, 46 to 99) at least 21 days after 1 st dose and VE 96% (95% CI, 86 to 99) at least 14 days after 2 nd dose against hospitalization by confirmed VOC Delta. ChAdOx1 showed VE 71% (95% CI, 51 to 83) at least 21 days after 1 st dose and VE 92% (95% CI, 75 to 97) 14 days after 2 nd dose against hospitalization by confirmed VOC Delta.	Serious	Same cohort as Bernal (3) with extended time frame for symptomatic infection and adding in data-linkage to hospitalization; 14,019 participants; sample confirmed VOC Delta
43	<u>Saciuk</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 93% (95% CI, 92.6 to 93.4) against infection, VE 93.4% (95% CI, 91.9 to 94.7) against hospitalization and VE 91.1% (95% CI, 86.5 to 94.1) against death at least 7 days after 2 nd dose	Serious	Retrospective cohort of members of a health management organization in Israel; 1,650,885 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
44	*Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias	BNT162b2 showed VE 61% (95% CI, 49 to 71) at least 14 days after 1 st dose and VE 89% (95% CI, 82 to 94) at least 7 days after 2 nd dose against infection	Serious	Retrospective cohort of a subpopulation of members of a health management organization in Israel who had undergone repeated PCR testing; 6,286 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
45	Azamgarhi	BNT162b2 showed VE 70% (95% CI, 6 to 91) against infection at least 14 days after 1 st dose	Serious	Single centre cohort study of HCW in UK; 2,260 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
46	Lumley	BNT162b2 (63%) or ChAdOx1showed VE 64% (95% CI, 50 to 74) 14 days after 1 st dose and VE 90% (95% CI, 62 to 98) 14 days after 2 nd dose against infection	Serious	Prospective cohort of HCWs in Oxfordshire, UK; 13,109 participants; confirmed VOC Alpha
47	Nasreen	BNT162b2 showed VE 89% (95% CI, 86 to 91) against symptomatic infection and VE 95% (95% CI, 92 to 97) against hospitalization at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha); VE 84% (95% CI, 69 to 92) against symptomatic infection and VE 95% (95% CI, 81 to 99) against hospitalization at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Beta/Gamma); VE 87% (95% CI, 64 to 95) against symptomatic infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).	Moderate	Test-negative study in Ontario 421,073 participants (same population as for Chung but extended to May 2021 and more detailed with respect to reporting of VOC); screening for VOC Alpha, Beta/Gamma and Delta varied during study period

48	Gazit	BNT162b2 showed VE 78% (95% CI, 65 to 86) against hospitalization at least 7 days after 2nd dose (VOC Delta). mRNA-1273 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 86 to 96) against symptomatic infection and VE 94% (95% CI, 89 to 97) against hospitalization at least 7 days after 2nd dose (VOC Alpha). mRNA-1273 showed VE 77% (95% CI, 63 to 86) against symptomatic infection and VE 89% (95% CI, 73 to 95) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Beta/Gamma); VE 72% (95% CI, 57 to 82) against symptomatic infection and VE 96% (95% CI, 72 to 99) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Delta). ChAdOx1 showed VE 64% (95% CI, 60 to 68) against symptomatic infection and VE 85% (95% CI, 81 to 88) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Alpha); VE 48% (95% CI, 28 to 63) against symptomatic infection and VE 83% (95% CI, 66 to 92) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Beta/Gamma); VE 67% (95% CI, 44 to 80) against symptomatic infection and VE 88% (95% CI, 60 to 96) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Beta/Gamma); VE 67% (95% CI, 44 to 80) against symptomatic infection and VE 88% (95% CI, 60 to 96) against hospitalization at least 14 days after 1st dose (VOC Delta). BNT162b2 showed VE 80% (95% CI, 73 to 85) at least 7 days after 2nd dose against infection in vaccinated howehold members infection in vaccinated howehold members.	Serious	Retrospective cohort of household members (household = 2 adults with no
		infection in vaccinated household members of a confirmed COVID+ case.		(household = 2 adults with no children) of a health management organization in Israel; 173,569 households; time and setting for VOC Alpha
49	<u>Jara</u>	CoronaVac showed VE 65.9% (95% CI, 65.2 to 66.6) against infection and VE 86.3% (95% CI, 84.5 to 87.9) against death at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Moderate	Prospective cohort in Chile; 10.2 million participants; time and setting for VOC Gamma
50	Chemaitelly	mRNA-1273 showed VE 88.1% (95% CI, 83.7 to 91.5) and VE 100% (95% CI, 91.8 to 100) against infection by confirmed VOC Alpha at least 14 days after 1 st and 2 nd dose, respectively.	Serious	Test-negative in Qatar; >75,000 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Alpha and VOC Beta

		mRNA-1273 showed VE 61.3% (95% CI, 56.5 to 65.5) and VE 96.4% (95% CI, 91.9 to 98.7) against infection by confirmed VOC Beta at least 14 days after 1 st and 2 nd dose, respectively. mRNA-1273 showed VE 81.6% (95% CI, 71.0 to 88.8) and VE 95.7% (95% CI, 73.4 to 99.9) against severe, critical, or fatal disease at least 14 days after 1 st and 2 nd dose, respectively (combined VOC Alpha and Beta).		
51	Baum	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 41% (95% CI, 25 to 54) against infection ≥ 21 days after 1 st dose; BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 75% (95% CI, 65 to 82) against infection ≥ 7 days after 2 nd dose in age 70+. BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 41% (95% CI, 17 to 58) against infection ≥ 21 days after 1 st dose; BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 77% (95% CI, 65 to 85) against infection ≥ 7 days after 2 nd dose in chronically ill (age 16-69). ChAdOx1 showed VE 24% (95% CI, -1 to 43) against infection ≥ 21 days after 1 st dose	Serious	Data-linkage study in Finland; 901,092 participants age 70+ and 774,526 participants age 16 to 69 years with chronic illness; time and setting for VOC Alpha; results for mRNA vaccines not reported separately
52	Balicer	in chronically ill (age 16-69). BNT162b2 showed VE 86.1% (95% CI, 82.4 to 89.1) against infection; VE 89% (95% CI, 43 to 100) against hospitalization 7 to 56 days after 2 nd dose. Too few events to report VE for severe disease or death.	Serious	Data-linkage study of pregnant women over age 16 in Israel (same database as Dagan); 21,722 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha.
53	Mateo- Urdiales	BNT162b2 (61%) or ChAdOx1 (31%) or mRNA-1273 (7%) or Ad26.COV ₂ -S (0.6%) showed VE 78% (95% CI, 76 to 79) against infection 42 to 49 days after at least 1 st dose; VE 93% (95% CI, 89 to 96) against death 35 to 42 days after at least 1 st dose.	Serious	Data-linkage study in Italy; 13,721,506 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha. Results not reported by vaccine and some participants (42%) who also received 2 nd dose were included in estimates.
54	Goldshtein	BNT162b2 showed VE 78% (95% CI, 57 to 89) against infection at least 28 days after 1st dose.	Serious	Data-linkage study of pregnant women in Israel (same database as Gazit); 15,060 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha.
55	<u>Mason</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 55.2% (95% CI, 40.8 to 66.8) and VE 70.1% (95% CI, 55.1	Moderate	Case-control study of age 80-83 vs 76-79 community-

		to 80.1) against infection 21 to 27 days and 35 to 41 days after 1 st dose, respectively.		dwelling unvaccinated residents in England; time and setting for VOC Alpha
56	<u>Fabiani</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 84.1% (95% CI, 39.7 to 95.8) and VE 85.4% (95% CI, -35.3 to 98.4) against infection 14 to 21 days and ≥21 days after 1 st dose, respectively in HCW.	Serious	Retrospective cohort of HCW in Italy; 6,423 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha
		BNT162b2 showed VE 95.1% (95% CI, 62.4 to 99.4) against infection ≥7 days after 2 nd dose in HCW.		
57	<u>Chia</u>	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 92.7% (95% CI, 65.7 to 98.4) against severe disease (defined as requiring supplemental oxygen) > 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Retrospective cohort of confirmed VOC Delta admitted to hospital (including asymptomatic) in Singapore; 218 participants; not reported by vaccine
58	Kaur *Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	Two doses of Covishield showed VE 87% (95% CI, 33 to 97) against severe disease when compared with one dose (timing of doses not reported).	Critical	Preliminary report of prospective cohort in India; 1500 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
59	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	Covishield showed VE 49% (95% CI, 17 to 68) against infection 21 days after 1 st dose and VE 54% (95% CI, 27 to 71) against infection 14 days after 2 nd dose. Covishield showed VE 58% (95% CI, 28 to 75) against symptomatic infection 21 days after 1 st dose and VE 64% (95% CI, 38 to 78) against symptomatic infection 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Critical	Test-negative study in a single hospital site in India; 360 matched pairs (203 symptomatic pairs); time and setting for VOC Delta
60	Carazo	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 60% (95% CI, 53.6 to 65.5) against infection by confirmed VOC Alpha 14 days after 1 st dose. BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 92.6% (95% CI, 87.1 to 95.8) against infection by confirmed VOC Alpha 7 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative study in Quebec, Canada; 58,476 participants; sample confirmed VOC Alpha; reported according to vaccine but not concurrently for VOC Alpha
61	Williams	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 52.5% (95% CI, 26.9 to 69.1) against infection and VE 78.6% (95% CI, 47.9 to 91.2) against severe disease 14 days after 2 nd dose in residents at LTCF. Two deaths in vaccinated residents but were palliative prior to infection.	Serious	Outbreak in a single LTCF in Ontario; 60 residents and 83 staff; sample confirmed VOC Gamma

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		BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE		
		66.2% (95% CI, 2.3 to 88.3) against		
		infection 14 days after 2 nd dose in staff at LTCF. None of the staff developed severe		
		disease.		
62	Hitchings(2)	ChAdOx1 showed VE 33.4% (95% CI, 26.4	Critical	Test-negative study in Sao
02	<u>111(Clinigs(2)</u>	to 39.7) against symptomatic infection and	Citucai	Paulo, Brazil; 61,164
		VE 50.9% (95% CI, 33.6 to 63.8) against		participants over age 60; time
		ICU admission and VE 61.8% (95% CI,		and setting for VOC Gamma
	*Delayed	48.9 to 71.4) against death at least 28 days		and setting for voc Gamma
	exclusion –	after 1 st dose for 60+.		
	critical ROB			
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 77.9% (95% CI, 69.2		
		to 84.2) against symptomatic infection and		
		VE 89.9% (95% CI, 70.9 to 96.5) against		
		ICU admission and VE 93.6% (95% CI,		
		81.9 to 97.7) against death at least 14 days		
		after 2 nd dose.		
63	Tang	BNT162b2 showed VE 65.5% (95% CI,	Serious	Test-negative study in Qatar;
		40.9 to 79.9) against infection \geq 14 days		1,140,337 participants; weekly
		after 1 st dose; BNT162b2 showed VE 59.6%		random sequencing of positive
		(95% CI, 50.7 to 66.9) against infection ≥		samples for VOC Delta
		14 days after 2 nd dose.		
		DNT162b2 aboved VE 1000/ /050/ CL not		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 100% (95% CI, not reported) against severe, critical or fatal		
		disease \geq 14 days after 1 st dose; BNT162b2		
		showed VE 97.3% (95% CI, 84.4 to 99.5)		
		against severe, critical or fatal disease ≥ 14		
		days after 2^{nd} dose.		
		,		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 79.7% (95% CI,		
		60.8 to 89.5) against infection ≥ 14 days		
		after 1st dose; mRNA-1273 showed VE		
		86.1% (95% CI, 78.0 to 91.3) against		
		infection \geq 14 days after 2 nd dose.		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 100% (95% CI,		
		not reported) against severe, critical or fatal		
		disease \geq 14 days after 1 st dose; mRNA-		
		1273 showed VE 100% (95% CI, not		
		reported) against severe, critical or fatal		
64	Duranila	disease \geq 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Data linkaga study involving
04	<u>Puranik</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 42% (95% CI, 13 to 62) against infection 14 days after 2 nd dose.	senous	Data-linkage study involving Mayo Clinic Health in USA;
		62) against infection 17 days after 2 dose.		25,859 matched triples from
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 76% (95% CI, 58		Minnesota only; time and
		to 87) against infection 14 days after 2 nd		setting for Delta at end of
		dose.		study time frame so only last
				month of data (July 2021)
				reported here
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65	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	BNT162b2 or ChAdOx1 showed VE 64% (95% CI, 11 to 85) against infection unreported number of days after 2 nd dose (Round 12: 2021-05-20 to 2021-06-07). BNT162b2 or ChAdOx1 showed VE 49% (95% CI, 22 to 67) against infection unreported number of days after 2 nd dose (Round 13: 2021-06-24 to 2021-07-12). ChAdOx1 showed VE 85% (95% CI, 71 to	Critical	Surveillance study in England; 121,872 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta; only included data from aged 18 to 64 years due to lowest risk for misclassification bias due to self-reported vaccination status Prospective cohort of HCW at
00	13340	92) against infection 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Schous	a single hospital in India; 342 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta.
67	Marco *Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	ChAdOx1 showed VE 23% (95% CI, not reported) against infection at least 21 days after 1 st dose.	Critical	Outbreak study of prison inmates in Barcelona; 217 participants (184 inmates); sequenced for VOC Alpha
68	Kale *Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	ChAdOx1 showed VE 60% (95% CI, 45 to 70) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Critical	Prospective cohort of HCW at a single hospital in India; 1858 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Delta
69	<u>Israel</u>	BNT162b2 showed OR 2.06 (95% CI, 1.69 to 2.51) for infection comparing <u>fully</u> vaccinated longer than or equal to 146 days vs <u>fully vaccinated less than 146 days</u> .	Moderate	Retrospective cohort of fully vaccinated members of a health management organization in Israel who underwent testing; 33,993 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
70	Gram	ChAdOx1 showed VE 44% (95% CI, 29 to 56) against infection 21 to 27 days after 1 st dose. No deaths in vaccinated participants. First dose ChAdOx1 followed by second dose BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 88% (95% CI, 83 to 92) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Data-linkage study in Denmark; 5,542,079 participants; sequenced for VOC Alpha (includes heterologous vaccines)
71	Pouwels	BNT162b2 showed VE 59% (95% CI, 52 to 65%) against infection ≥21 days after 1st dose and VE 78% (95% CI, 68 to 84) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2nd dose (VOC Alpha age 18+). BNT162b2 showed VE 57% (95% CI, 50 to 63) against infection ≥21 days after 1st dose and VE 80% (95% CI, 77 to 83) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2nd dose (VOC Delta age 18+). ChAdOx1 showed VE 63% (95% CI, 55 to 69) against infection ≥21 days after 1st dose	Serious	Survey of randomly selected private households with longitudinal follow-up in UK; 743,526 participants; also reported for 18-64 years; sample sequenced for VOC Alpha and VOC Delta

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		and VE 79% (95% CI, 56 to 90) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha age 18+).		
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 46% (95% CI, 35 to 55) against infection ≥21 days after 1 st dose and VE 67% (95% CI, 62 to 71) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta age 18+).		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 75% (95% CI: 64 to 83) against infection ≥21 days after 1 st dose (VOC Delta age 18 to 64).		
72	Abu-Raddad (2)	BNT162b2 after prior infection showed VE 85% (95% CI, 80 to 89) against re-infection compared to BNT162b2 without prior infection. mRNA-1273 after prior infection showed	Serious	Retrospective matched cohorts (2) of fully vaccinated in Qatar; 151,076 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Alpha and VOC Beta
		VE 15% (95% CI, -105 to 66) against reinfection compared to mRNA-1273 without prior infection.		
73	Gazit (2)	BNT162b2 showed OR 13.06 (95% CI, 8.08 to 21.11) against infection and OR 27.02 (95% CI, 12.7 to 57.5) against symptomatic disease compared to prior infection.	Moderate	Retrospective matched cohorts of fully vaccinated in Israel; 778,658 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
74	Rosenberg	BNT162b2 (51%), mRNA-1273 (40%) or Ad26.COV2.S (9%) showed VE 91.7% against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (Week of May 3, 2021: VOC Alpha). BNT162b2 (51%), mRNA-1273 (40%) or Ad26.COV2.S (9%) showed VE 79.8% against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose	Serious	Surveillance report in New York, USA; >13 million participants; time and setting for VOC Delta (from 2% to 80% during study period)
75	*Delayed exclusion	(Week of July 19, 2021: VOC Delta). BNT162b2 ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, showed VE 99.9% (95% CI, 99.2 to 100) against ICU admission, and VE 99.5% (95% CI, 98.4 to 99.8) against death (VOC Alpha and Delta).	Critical	Retrospective cohort of fully vaccinated (>14 days after 2 nd dose) in Bahrain; 1,242,279 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha (dominant before May 2021) and Delta
	due to critical ROB	ChAdOx1 ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, showed VE 99.2% (95% CI, 97.6 to 99.7) against ICU admission, and VE 99.6% (95% CI, 97.2 to 100) against death (VOC Alpha and Delta).		(dominant after May 2021).
		BBIBP-CorV ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, showed VE 95.4% (95% CI, 94.6 to 96.2) against ICU admission, and VE 94.3% (95%		

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		CI, 93.1 to 95.4) against death (VOC Alpha		
		and Delta).		
		Sputnik V ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, showed		
		VE 100% (95% CI, 99.2 to 100) against		
		ICU admission, and VE 99.5% (95% CI,		
		98.5 to 99.9) against death (VOC Alpha and		
		Delta).		
76	Goldberg	BNT162b2 showed VE 50% (95% CI, 45 to	Serious	Data-linkage study of fully
10	<u>(2)</u>	55) for those vaccinated in January 2021,	0011000	vaccinated in Israel; 4,785,245
		and VE 73% (95% CI, 67 to 78) for those		participants; sequenced for
		vaccinated in May 2021 against infection		VOC Delta (dominant after
		after the 2 nd dose (VOC Delta age 16 to 39).		May 2021) (results over
		, ,		varying time since vaccination
		BNT162b2 showed VE 58% (95% CI, 54 to		reported)
		62) for those vaccinated in January 2021,		
		and VE 80% (95% CI, 71 to 86) for those		
		vaccinated in May 2021 against infection		
		after the 2 nd dose (VOC Delta age 40 to 59).		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 57% (95% CI, 52 to		
		62) for those vaccinated in January 2021,		
		and VE 75% (95% CI, 58 to 85) for those		
		vaccinated in May 2021 against infection		
		after the 2 nd dose (VOC Delta age 60+).		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 94% (95% CI, 87 to		
		97) for those vaccinated in January 2021,		
		and VE 98% (95% CI, 94 to 99) for those		
		vaccinated in March 2021 against severe,		
		critical, or fatal disease after the 2 nd dose		
		(VOC Delta age 40 to 59).		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 86% (95% CI, 82 to		
		90) for those vaccinated in January 2021,		
		and VE 91% (95% CI, 85 to 95) for those		
		vaccinated in March 2021 against severe,		
		critical, or fatal disease after the 2 nd dose		
		(VOC Delta age 60+).		
77	<u>Herlihy</u>	BNT162b2, mRNA-1273, or Ad26.COV2.S	Critical	Surveillance report in Mesa
		showed VE 78% (95% CI, 71 to 84) in		County-Colorado, USA;
	*Delayed	Mesa County and VE 89% (95% CI, 88 to		37,439 cases participants;
	exclusion –	91) in other Colorado counties against		sample sequenced for VOC
	critical risk	symptomatic infection an unreported		Delta (43% to 88% during
T C	of bias	number of days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).	0	study period)
78	<u>Ghosh</u>	ChAdOx1 showed unadjusted VE 75.2%	Critical	Retrospective cohort of
		(95% CI, 73.8 to 76.8) against infection ≥14		Armed Forces HCW and
	*Delayed	days after 1st dose, and unadjusted VE		frontline workers in India;
	exclusion –	54.6% (95% CI, 52.6 to 56.6) ≥14 days after		1,595,630 participants; time
		2nd dose against infection in HCW (VOC		and setting for VOC Delta at
		Alpha to Delta).		end of study only.

	critical risk			
	of bias			
79	Amirthaling am	BNT162b2 showed VE 77% (95% CI, 56 to 88) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 19-29 days after 1 st dose, and VE 94% (95% CI, 73 to 99) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 85+ days after 1 st dose (VOC Alpha age 80+). BNT162b2 showed VE 77% (95% CI, 66 to 85) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 19-29 days after 1 st dose, and VE 86% (95% CI, 70 to 94) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 85+ days after 1 st dose (VOC Alpha age 65	Moderate	Test-negative study in England; 750 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha (dominant before May 2021) and Delta (dominant after May 2021). (results over varying time since vaccination reported)
		to 79). ChAdOx1 showed VE 96% (95% CI, 72 to 100) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 19-29 days after 1 st dose, and VE 88% (95% CI, 48 to 97) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 85+ days after 1 st dose after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha age 80+).		
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 66% (95% CI, 47 to 77) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 19-29 days after 1 st dose, and VE 73% (95% CI, 56 to 83) against symptomatic infection when 2 nd dose given 85+ days after 1 st dose after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha age 65 to 79).		
80	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	Unvaccinated participants had HR 2.84 (95% CI, 1.80 to 4.47) of severe disease compared to BNT162b2 ≥14 days after 2 nd dose.	Critical	Case-control study in Qatar; 456 matched cases; time and setting for VOC Alpha
81	Fowlkes	BNT162b2 (65%), mRNA-1273 (33%), or Ad26.COV2.S (2%) showed VE 91% (95% CI, 81 to 96) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (during time of VOC Alpha). BNT162b2 (65%), mRNA-1273 (33%), or Ad26.COV2.S (2%) showed VE 66% (95% CI, 26 to 84) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (during time of VOC Delta). BNT162b2 (65%), mRNA-1273 (33%), or Ad26.COV2.S (2%) showed VE 85% (95% CI, 68 to 93) against infection 14-119 days	Moderate	Prospective cohort of HCW and other essential frontline workers in 6 states in the USA; 7,112 participants; updated report to cover VOC Delta period

82	Bhattachary a *Delayed exclusion due to critical ROB	after full vaccination) and VE 73% (95% CI, 49 to 86) against infection ≥150 days after full vaccination (during time of VOC Alpha to Delta). Covaxin (94%) and Covishield showed VE 83% (95% CI, 73 to 89) against symptomatic infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose. Covaxin (94%) and Covishield showed VE 93% (95% CI, 64 to 99) against ICU admission or death ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Critical	Cross-sectional cohort of HCW and their families at a single site in India; 638 participants (55 inpatients); time and setting of VOC Delta
83	Nunes	BNT162b2 (45%) or mRNA-1273 (8%) showed VE 96% (95% CI, 92 to 98) against COVID-related death ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (age 65 to 79). BNT162b2 (80%) or mRNA-1273 (2%) showed VE 81% (95% CI, 74 to 87) against COVID-related death ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (age ≥80). BNT162b2 (80%) or mRNA-1273 (2%) showed VE 86% (95% CI, 68 to 93) against COVID-related death 14 to 41 days after 2 nd dose and VE 74% (95% CI, 60 to 83) against COVID-related death ≥ 98 days after 2 nd dose for HR 1.80 (0.77 to 4.25) (age ≥80).	Moderate	Data-linkage study of community-dwelling adults≥65 in Portugal; 2,050,950 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
84	Tartof	BNT162b2 showed VE 75% (95% CI, 71 to 78) against infection 7 days after 2 nd dose (confirmed VOC Delta). BNT162b2 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 88 to 92) against infection 7 days after 2 nd dose (confirmed non-VOC Delta). BNT162b2 showed VE 93% (95% CI, 85 to 87) against infection 7 to 30 days after 2 nd dose and VE 53% (95% CI, 39 to 65) against infection ≥ 127+ days after 2 nd dose (confirmed VOC Delta). BNT162b2 showed VE 97% (95% CI, 95 to 99) against infection 7 to 30 days after 2 nd dose and VE 67% (95% CI, 45 to 80) against infection ≥ 127+ days after 2 nd dose (confirmed non-VOC Delta).	Moderate	Retrospective cohort of members of a health management organization in California; 3,436,957 participants; VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (only 28% confirmed Delta) (results over varying time since vaccination reported)
85	<u>Li (3)</u>	CoronaVac (combined with other inactivated vaccines) showed VE 59% (95% CI, 16 to 81.6) against symptomatic	Critical	Test-negative study in Guangzhou, China; 366

	*Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	infection and VE 100% against severe infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose.		participants; sample sequenced for VOC Delta
86	Scobie *Delayed exclusion – critical ROB	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 (92%), or Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 90% (95% CI not reported) against infection and VE 93% (95% CI not reported) against death ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (April to June: VOC Alpha). BNT162b2, mRNA-1273, or Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 76% (95% CI not reported)	Critical	Surveillance study in 13 states in the USA; 615,454; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
		against infection and VE 90% (95% CI not reported) against death ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose (June to July: VOC Delta>50%).		
87	Satwik	ChAdOx1 showed VE 18% (95% CI, -10 to 38) against symptomatic infection; VE 37% (-24 to 68) against moderate to severe disease and VE 69% (95% CI, -160 to 97) against death ≥21 days after 1 st dose.	Critical	Retrospective cohort study of HCW at a single hospital in New Delhi, India; 4276 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Delta
	*Delayed exclusion due to critical ROB	ChAdOx1 showed VE 28% (95% CI, 10 to 41) against symptomatic infection; VE 67% (44 to 81) against moderate to severe disease and VE 97% (95% CI, 43 to 99.8) against death ≥14 days after 2 nd dose.		
88	<u>Seppala</u>	BNT162b2 (74%) or ChAdOx1 (22%) or mRNA-1273 (10%) showed VE 84.4% (95% CI, 81.8 to 86.5) against infection ≥7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha).	Serious	Population cohort in Norway; 4,204,859 participants; sequenced for VOC Alpha and VOC Delta
		BNT162b2 (74%) or ChAdOx1 (22%) or mRNA-1273 (10%) showed VE 64.6% (95% CI, 60.6 to 68.2) against infection ≥7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).		
89	<u>Polinski</u>	Ad26.COV2.S showed VE* 67% (95% 60 to 73) against infection unknown number of days after dose (June to July: VOC Delta in high prevalence states). *unadjusted for substantial under-reporting of vaccination status	Serious	Data-linkage of members of a medical insurance group in USA; 1,914,670 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to Delta (only data for VOC Delta reported here)
90	Chemaitelly (2)	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 46.6% (95% CI, 0.0 to 73.7) against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, VE 66.0% (95% CI, 21.3 to 85.3) ≥42 days after 2 nd dose, and VE 73.9% (95% CI, 33 to 98.9) ≥56 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha and Beta).	Serious	Retrospective cohort of immunosuppressed kidney transplant recipients in Qatar; 782 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha and VOC Beta.
		BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 72.3% (95% CI, 0.0 to 90.9) against severe,		

91	Hu	critical, or fatal disease ≥14 days after 2 nd dose, VE 85% (95% CI, 35.7 to 96.5) ≥42 days after 2 nd dose, and VE 83.8% (95% CI, 31.3 to 96.2) ≥56 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha and Beta). Inactivated vaccines (CoronaVac) showed	Serious	Outbreak report of
	110	VE 89% (95% CI, 55 to 98) against severe, critical, or fatal disease ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).	Serious	hospitalized cases in China; 476 participants; PCR population for VOC Delta.
92	Andrews	BNT162b2 showed VE 62.7% (61.7 to 63.8) against symptomatic infection 1 week after 2 nd dose and VE 47.3% (45.0 to 49.6) 20+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta). ChAdOx1showed VE 92.4% (92.1 to 92.7) against symptomatic infection 1 week after 2 nd dose and VE 69.7% (68.7 to 70.5) 20+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta). mRNA-1273 showed VE 95.2% (94.4 to 95.9) against symptomatic infection 1 week after 2 nd dose and VE 90.3% (67.2 to 97.1) 10 to 14 weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).	Moderate	Test-negative study in England; 1,475,391 participants; VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (only data for VOC Delta reported here)
93	<u>Patalon</u>	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed relative VE 3% (95% CI, -5 to 10) against infection 0 to 6 days after 3 rd dose; relative VE 84.0% (95% CI, 79 to 88) 14 to 20 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses.	Moderate	Test-negative study of fully vaccinated in Israel comparing (2 doses versus 3 doses); 182,076 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
94	Kissling	BNT162b2 showed VE 87% (95% CI, 74 to 93) against symptomatic infection 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative study of adults >65 years in primary care setting in I-MOVE group (England, France, Ireland, the Netherlands, Portugal, Scotland, Spain and Sweden); 4,964 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Alpha.
95	McKeigue	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 85 to 96) against severe disease in people with no risk conditions and VE 72% (95% CI, 51 to 84) against severe disease in people eligible for shielding at least 14 days after 2 nd dose. ChAdOx1 showed VE 94% (95% CI, 90 to 96) against severe disease in people with no risk conditions and VE 63% (95% CI, 46 to 75) against severe disease in people eligible for shielding ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Case-control study of people with clinical risk conditions in Scotland; 50,935 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
96	<u>Kertes</u>	BNT162b2 showed OR 1.61 (95% CI, 1.45 to 1.79) for infection comparing <u>fully</u>	Serious	Data-linkage study of people fully vaccinated 6 months

		vaccinated Jan to Feb vs fully vaccinated Mar to May.		previously in Israel; 1,423,098 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
97	Barlow	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 74% (95% CI, 65 to 82) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd dose. Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 51% (95% CI, -2 to 76) against infection ≥ 14 days after 2 nd	Serious	Test-negative study in Oregon; 1000 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
98	Chemaitelly (3)	dose. BNT162b2 showed VE 65.8% (95% CI, 63.8 to 67.7) against infection 5 to 9 weeks after 2 nd dose; VE 29.7% (95% CI, 21.7 to 36.9) against infection 15 to 19 weeks after 2 nd dose and VE 0% (95% CI, 0 to 0) against infection 20 to 24 weeks after 2 nd dose. BNT162b2 showed VE 94.2% (95% CI, 91.0 to 96.5) against hospitalization or death 5 to 9 weeks after 2 nd dose; VE 86.4% (95% CI, 69.9 to 94.8) against hospitalization or death 15 to 19 weeks after 2 nd dose and VE 95.3% (95% CI, 70.5 to 99.9) against hospitalization or death 20 to 24 weeks after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative study in Qatar; 1,472,761 participants; time and setting for VOC Beta to VOC Delta (results over varying time since vaccination reported)
99	Thompson (3)	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 90% (95% CI, 86 to 93) against ICU admission ≥14 days after 2 nd dose. BNT162b2 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 88 to 94) against hospitalization at 28 to 41 days after 2 nd dose and VE 86% (95% CI, 74 to 93) ≥112 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative study of adults ≥50 years in the USA; 76,463 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha (results over varying time since vaccination reported)
100	Bar-On	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed adjusted rate ratio of 11.3 (95% CI, 10.4 to 12.3) against any infection and adjusted rate ratio of 19.5 (95% CI, 12.9 to 29.5) against severe illness ≥12 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses.	Serious	Data-linkage study of fully vaccinated (age>60) (2 doses versus 3 doses) in Israel; 1,137,804 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
101	Bruxvoort (2)	mRNA-1273 showed VE 98.4% (95% CI, 96.9 to 99.1) against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha). mRNA-1273 showed VE 95.5% (95% CI, 90.9 to 97.8) against infection ≥14 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Gamma).	Serious	Test-negative study in Kaiser Permanente group in California; 48,918 participants; sequenced for VOC Alpha, VOC Delta, VOC Gamma and VOI Mu (results not included in this LES) (results over varying time since vaccination reported)

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		mRNA-1273 showed VE 86.7% (95% CI,		
		84.3 to 88.7) against infection ≥14 days after		
		2 nd dose (VOC Delta).		
		,		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 94.1% (95% CI,		
		90.5 to 96.3) against infection 14 to 60 days		
		after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).		
		arter 2 dose (VOC Derta).		
		mDNIA 1273 showed VE 90 00/, (050/, CI		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 80.0% (95% CI,		
		70.2 to 86.6) against infection 151 to 180		
		days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta).		
102	Tande (2)	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE	Serious	Point prevalence screening
		91% (95% CI, 72 to 98) against infection		study in Mayo Clinic, USA;
		≥14 days after 2 nd dose (January to March –		46,008 participants; time and
		VOC Alpha).		setting for VOC Alpha to
		1 /		VOC Delta
		BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE		
		63% (95% CI, 44 to 76) against infection		
		≥14 days after 2 nd dose (June to August –		
		VOC Delta).		
103	Young-Xu	Two doses of BNT162b2 reduced risk of	Moderate	Retrospective cohort study of
103	0		Moderate	
	<u>(2)</u>	infection by HR 66% (95% CI, 22 to 86)		previously infected adults
		compared to previously infected adults age		followed by Veterans Affairs
		65+ (June to August VOC Delta).		in USA; 47,102 participants;
				time and setting for VOC
		Two doses of mRNA-1273 reduced risk of		Delta
		infection by HR 68% (95% CI, 30 to 86)		
		and death by HR 30% (95% CI, -11 to 1)		
		compared to previously infected adults age		
		65+ (June to August VOC Delta).		
104	de Gier (1)	Fully vaccinated index to unvaccinated (hh	Serious	Retrospective cohort of
		contact) showed VET 73% (95% CI: 65 to		household and close contacts
		79).		in the Netherlands; 113,582
		1.77		cases and 253,168 contacts;
		BNT162b (case) showed VET 70% (95%		time and setting for VOC
		CI, 61 to 77) when fully vaccinated.		Alpha
		C1, 01 to 77) when tuny vaccinated.		Пірпа
				(1-1- = 111-1)
		mRNA-1273 (case) showed VET 88% (95%		(hh = household)
		CI, 50 to 97) when fully vaccinated.		
		ChAdOx1 (case) showed VET 58% (95%		
		CI, -12 to 84) when fully vaccinated.		
		Ad26.COV2.S (case) showed VET 58%		
		(95% CI, -12 to 84) when fully vaccinated.		
		BNT162b showed VE 65% (95% CI, 60 to		
		70) when hh contact was fully vaccinated.		
		,		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 79		
		to 97) when hh contact was fully vaccinated.		
		to 77) when the contact was fully vaccinated.		

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		ChAdOx1 showed VE 87% (95% CI, 77 to 93) when hh contact was fully vaccinated. Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 12% (95% CI, -71 to 54) when hh contact was fully vaccinated.		
105	de Gier (2)	Fully vaccinated index to unvaccinated (hh contact) showed VET 63% (95% CI: 46 to 75). BNT162b (>50%) or mRNA-1273 or ChAdOx1 or Ad26.COV2.S (case) showed VET 40% (95% CI, 20 to 54) when both case and contacts are fully vaccinated.	Serious	Retrospective cohort of household and close contacts in the Netherlands; 4,921 cases and 7,771 contacts; time and setting for VOC Delta
106	Manley	mRNA-1273 (50%) or BNT162b (48%) or Ad26.COV2.S (2%) showed OR of 8.89 (95% CI, 5.92 to 13.34) for unvaccinated vs fully vaccinated against infection (VOC Alpha) mRNA-1273 (50%) or BNT162b (48%) or Ad26.COV2.S (2%) showed OR of 2.27 (95% CI, 1.72 to 3.00) for unvaccinated vs fully vaccinated against infection (VOC Delta)	Serious	Retrospective cohort of maintenance dialysis patients in USA; 15,251 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
107	Eyre	BNT162b2 (cases) showed VET 82% (95% CI, 71 to 88) against transmission after 2 nd dose. (VOC Alpha) ChAdOx1 (cases) showed VET 63% (95% CI, 37 to 78) against transmission after 2 nd dose. (VOC Alpha) BNT162b2 (contacts) showed VE 94% (95% CI, 90 to 96) against infection after 2 nd dose. (VOC Alpha) ChAdOx1 (contacts) showed VE 71% (95% CI, 51 to 83) against infection after 2 nd dose. (VOC Alpha) BNT162b2 (cases) showed VET 65% (95% CI, 52 to 74) against transmission after 2 nd dose. (VOC Delta) ChAdOx1 (cases) showed VET 36% (95% CI, 28 to 43) against transmission after 2 nd dose. (VOC Delta)	Serious	Retrospective cohort of contacts in England; 99,597cases and 151,821 contacts; S-gene proxy for VOC Alpha and VOC Delta

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		BNT162b2 (contacts) showed VE 90%		
		(95% CI, 87 to 92) against infection after 2 nd		
		dose. (VOC Delta)		
		ChAdOx1 (contacts) showed VE 72% (95%		
		CI, 68 to 75) against infection after 2 nd dose.		
		(VOC Delta).		
100	3.6	\ /	· ·	D .: 1 . C 1
108	Martinez-	BNT162b2 (contacts) showed VE 71%	Serious	Prospective cohort of close
	$\underline{\text{Baz}(2)}$	(95% CI, 61 to 78) against infection after 2 nd		contacts in Spain; 12,263 cases
		dose (VOC Alpha)		and 30,240 contacts;
				sequenced for VOC Alpha to
		mRNA-1273 (contacts) showed VE 86%		VOC Delta (includes
		(95% CI, 56 to 95) against infection after 2 nd		heterologous vaccines)
		dose (VOC Alpha)		,
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
		ChAdOx1 (contacts) showed VE 38% (95%		
		CI, -42 to 73) against infection after 2 nd dose		
		(VOC Alpha)		
		BNT162b2 (contacts) showed VE 67%		
		(95% CI, 59 to 74) against infection after 2 nd		
		dose (VOC Delta)		
		,		
		mRNA-1273 (contacts) showed VE 77%		
		(95% CI, 64 to 85) against infection after 2 nd		
		, ,		
		dose (VOC Delta)		
		CLA 10 4 () 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
		ChAdOx1 (contacts) showed VE 55% (95%		
		CI, 39 to 67) against infection after 2 nd dose		
		(VOC Delta)		
		ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2		
		(contacts) showed VE 86% (95% CI, 45 to		
		97) against infection (VOC Delta)		
109	Cohn	BNT162b2 showed VE 49% (95% CI, 47 to	Serious	Data-linkage study of veterans
	<u> </u>	52) against infection at least 15 days after	5511545	in USA; 619,755 participants;
		, .		time and setting for VOC
		last dose (August: VOC Delta)		<u> </u>
		DNIA 4072 1 1375 (40/ /050/ OT 72		Alpha to VOC Delta (only
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 64% (95% CI, 62		Delta reported here)
		to 66) against infection at least 15 days after		
		last dose (August: VOC Delta)		
		Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 3% (95% CI, -		
		0.1 to 12) against infection at least 15 days		
		after last dose (August: VOC Delta)		
110	Rosenberg	BNT162b2 showed VE 69% (95% CI, 67.4	Serious	Prospective study in New
110		to 70.6) against infection at least 15 days	Schous	York; 8,834,604 participants;
	<u>(2)</u>			
		after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age 18-		time and setting for VOC
		49)		Alpha to VOC Delta (only
				Delta reported here). Also
				compared VE over time since
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		mRNA-1273 showed VE 78.4% (95% CI, 75.9 to 79.6) against infection at least 15 days after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age 18-49) Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 70.2% (95% CI, 67.4 to 73.0) against infection at least 15 days after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age 18-49) BNT162b2 showed VE 77.8% (95% CI, 67.4 to 70.6) against infection at least 15 days after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age 65+) mRNA-1273 showed VE 84.3% (95% CI, 82.8 to 85.7) against infection at least 15 days after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age 65+) Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 70.8% (95% CI, 65.7 to 76.0) against infection at least 15		vaccination (results not reported here)
		days after last dose (August: VOC Delta; age		
111	Robles- Fontan	BNT162b2 showed VE 56% (95% CI, 53 to 59) against infection at least 15 days after 2 nd dose (October: VOC Delta) mRNA-1273 showed VE 71% (95% CI, 68 to 74) against infection at least 15 days after 2 nd dose (October: VOC Delta) Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 27% (95% CI, 17 to 37) against infection at least 15 days	Serious	Data-linkage study in Puerto Rico; 1,913,454 person-years; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (only results for Delta reported here)
112	Glatman- Freedman (2)	after last dose (October: VOC Delta) BNT162b2 showed VE 91.5% (95% CI, 88.2 to 93.9) against infection at least 8 days after 2 nd dose in adolescents age 12 to 15 years. There were no deaths in either group.	Serious	Population cohort in Israel of adolescents age 12 to 15 years; 2,034,591 vaccinated persondays and 13,623,714 unvaccinated person-days; time and setting for VOC Delta
113	Chin	mRNA-1273 showed VE 56.6% (95% CI, 42 to 67.5) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Outbreak report from a prison in California; 827 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Delta
114	Nordstrum	BNT162b2 showed VE 47% (95% CI, -39 to 55) against symptomatic infection 121 to 180 days after second dose.	Serious	Case-control study in Sweden; 1,684,958 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (only Delta results reported here) (includes

		mRNA-1273 showed VE 71% (95% CI, 56 to 81) against symptomatic infection 121 to		heterologous vaccines) (results over varying time since
		180 days after second dose. ChAdOx1 showed VE 41% (95% CI, 29 to		vaccination reported)
		51) against symptomatic infection to 120 days after second dose.		
		ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine showed VE 66% (95% CI, 41 to 80) against symptomatic infection >120 days after second dose.		
		BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 or ChAdOx1 showed VE 42% (95% CI, -35 to 75) against severe disease (hospitalization or death) >180 days after second dose		
116	Ranzani (2)	ChAdOx1 showed VE 42.4% (95% CI, 24.6 to 56.0) against symptomatic infection 21 days after 1 st dose.	Low	Test-negative study in Brazil; 9,197 tests; time and setting for VOC Gamma to Delta
117	Ranzani(3)	Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 50.9% (95% CI, 35.5 to 63.0) against symptomatic infection, VE 92.5% (95% CI, 54.9 to 99.6) against ICU admission, and VE 90.5% (95% CI, 31.5 to 99.6) against death 28 days after dose.	Serious	Test-negative study in Brazil; 11,817 tests; time and setting for VOC Gamma to Delta
118	Chadeau- Hyam	BNT162b2 showed VE 71.3% (95% CI, 56.6 to 81.0) against infection unreported number of days after 2 nd dose (Round 13 and Round 14)	Serious	Surveillance study in England; 87,966 participants who consented to data-linkage for vaccine status; sequenced for VOC Delta
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 75.1% (95% CI, 22.7 to 92.0) against infection unreported number of days after 2 nd dose (Round 13 and Round 14)		
		ChAdOx1showed VE 44.8% (95% CI, 22.5 to 60.7) against infection unreported number of days after 2 nd dose (Round 13 and Round 14)		
119	Sheikh (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 90% (95% CI, 86 to 94) against death at least 14 days after 2 nd dose (confirmed VOC Delta)	Serious	Retrospective cohort in Scotland; 114,706 participants; sequenced for VOC Delta
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 83 to 94) against death at least 14 days after 2 nd dose (confirmed VOC Delta)		
120	Reis	BNT162b2 showed VE 59% (95% CI, 52 to 65) against infection 14 to 20 days after 1 st dose (age 12 to 18)	Moderate	Case-control study in Israel; 94,354 vaccinated matched to 94,354 unvaccinated

		BNT162b2 showed VE 90% (95% CI, 88 to		adalagants and 12 to 19; time
		92) against infection 7 to 21 days after 2 nd		adolescents age 12 to 18; time and setting for VOC Delta
		dose (age 12 to 18)		and setting for voc Berta
121	Nordstrom	BNT162b2 showed VE 78% (95% CI, 78 to	Serious	Retrospective cohort study in
121	(2)	79) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Schous	Sweden; 721,787 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 87% (95% CI, 84 to 88) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.		(includes heterologous vaccines)
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 50% (95% CI, 41 to 58) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.		
		ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 showed VE 67% (95% CI, 59 to 73) against		
		symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.		
		ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA-1273 showed VE 79% (95% CI, 62 to 88) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after		
100	C1 1:	2 nd dose.	С :	T
122	Skowronski (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 79% (95% CI, 73 to 84) against infection at least 21 days after 1 st dose (VOC Gamma)	Serious	Test-negative study in Canada; 68,074 participants; sample sequenced for VOC Alpha, Gamma and Delta (only VOC
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 85% (95% CI, 71 to 92) against infection at least 21 days after 1st dose (VOC Gamma)		Gamma reported here)
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 60% (95% CI, 48 to 69) against infection at least 21 days after 1 st dose (VOC Gamma)		
123	Skowronski (3)	Delta BNT162b2 showed VE 89% (95% CI, 88 to 89) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose (Quebec- VOC Delta)	Serious	Test-negative study in Canada; 380,532 British Columbia and 854,915 Quebec participants; sequenced for VOC Alpha, Gamma and Delta (selected
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 90 to 92) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose (Quebec- VOC Delta)		data only reported here due to space constraints) (includes heterologous vaccines) (results over varying time since
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 73% (95% CI, 69 to 78) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose (Quebec- VOC Delta)		vaccination reported)
		ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine showed VE 88% (95% CI, 85 to 89) against		

infection at least 14 days after 2nd dose (Quebec- VOC Delta)

Gamma

BNT162b2 showed VE 93% (95% CI, 89 to 95) against infection at least 14 days after 2nd dose (BC- VOC Gamma)

mRNA-1273 showed VE 95% (95% CI, 85 to 99) against infection at least 14 days after 2nd dose (BC- VOC Gamma)

ChAdOx1 showed VE 90% (95% CI, 61 to 98) against infection at least 14 days after 2nd dose (BC- VOC Gamma)

ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine showed VE 96% (95% CI, 70 to 99) against infection at least 14 days after 2nd dose (BC-VOC Gamma)

Time since vaccination (Delta)

BNT162b2 showed VE 85% (95% CI, 84 to 86) against infection at 4 months after 2nd dose (Quebec – VOC Delta)

mRNA-1273 showed VE 88% (95% CI, 86 to 90) against infection at 4 months after 2nd dose (Quebec – VOC Delta)

ChAdOx1 showed VE 72% (95% CI, 66 to 77) against infection at 4 months after 2nd dose (Quebec – VOC Delta)

ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA vaccine showed VE 86% (95% CI, 81 to 89) against infection at 4 months after 2nd dose (Quebec – VOC Delta)

Time since vaccination and interval between doses (VOC Alpha to Delta)

BNT162b2 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 91 to 93) at 14 to 27 days after 2nd dose (interval 7+ weeks) and VE 90% (95% CI, 88 to 91) at 4 months after 2nd dose (interval 7+ weeks) (Quebec)

mRNA-1273 showed VE 92% (95% CI, 90 to 94) at 14 to 27 days after 2nd dose (interval 7+ weeks) and VE 91% (95% CI,

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	87 to 94) at 112+ days after 2 nd dose		
	(interval 7+ weeks) (Quebec)		
	ChAdOx1 showed VE 85% (95% CI, 60 to		
	94) at 14 to 27 days after 2 nd dose (interval		
	7+ weeks) and VE 72% (95% CI, 66 to 77)		
	at 84 days after 2 nd dose (interval 7+ weeks)		
	(Quebec)		
24 <u>Lin</u>	` '	Serious	C ,
	U , 1		
			participants; time and setting
	at 2 months after 2 nd dose.		for VOC Alpha to Delta
			(results over varying time since
	BNT162b showed VE 70.1% (95% CI, 68.9		vaccination reported)
	to 71.2) against symptomatic infection and		
	VE 88.4% (95% CI, 83 to 92.1) against		
	death at 7 months after 2 nd dose)		
	mRNA-1273 showed VE 96% (95.6 to 96.4)		
	U , 1		
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	months after 2 dose.		
	mRNA-1273 showed VE 81.9% (95% CI.		
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	Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 79% (77.1 to		
	80.7) against symptomatic infection at 1		
	month and VE 64.3% (95% CI, 62.3 to		
	66.1) at 5 months after 2 nd dose.		
	Ad26 COV2 S showed VE 90 40/ /050/ CI		
	, 0		
25 Randa	,	Comions	Data linkage study of fully
Datua		Schous	
	(given 5 monuis previously).		VOC Delta
26 <u>Andrews (2)</u>	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 94% (95%	Moderate	Test-negative study of fully
	CI, 93.4 to 94.6) against symptomatic		vaccinated participants (>140
	infection at least 14 days after 3 rd dose in		days since 2 nd dose) over age
	age>50 (compared to unvaccinated)		50 in England; 271,747
	•		participants; sequencing for
	ChAdOx1 (2 doses followed by BNT162b2)		VOC Delta
	showed VE 93.1% (95% CI, 91.7 to 94.3)		
	against symptomatic infection at least 14		
25 Barda	BNT162b2 showed VE 94.9% (94.5 to 95.2) against symptomatic infection and VE 95.9% (95% CI, 92.9 to 97.6) against death at 2 months after 2 nd dose. BNT162b showed VE 70.1% (95% CI, 68.9 to 71.2) against symptomatic infection and VE 88.4% (95% CI, 83 to 92.1) against death at 7 months after 2 nd dose) mRNA-1273 showed VE 96% (95.6 to 96.4) against symptomatic infection and VE 96% (95% CI, 91.9 to 98) against death at 2 months after 2 nd dose. mRNA-1273 showed VE 81.9% (95% CI, 81 to 82.7) against symptomatic infection and VE 96% (95% CI, 91.9 to 98) against death at 7 months after 2 nd dose) Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 79% (77.1 to 80.7) against symptomatic infection at 1 month and VE 64.3% (95% CI, 62.3 to 66.1) at 5 months after 2 nd dose. Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 89.4% (95% CI, 52.3 to 97.6) against death at 3 months after 2 nd dose. Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 89.4% (95% CI, 52.3 to 97.6) against death at 3 months after 2 nd dose. BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 92% (82 to 97) against severe disease and VE 81% (95% CI, 59 to 97) against death at least 7 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given 5 months previously). BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 94% (95% CI, 93.4 to 94.6) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 3 rd dose in age>50 (compared to unvaccinated) ChAdOx1 (2 doses followed by BNT162b2) showed VE 93.1% (95% CI, 91.7 to 94.3)	Serious	Data-linkage study of fully vaccinated (2 doses vs 3 doses) participants in Israel; 728,321 participants in each group; time and setting for VOC Delta Test-negative study of fully vaccinated participants (>140 days since 2 nd dose) over age 50 in England; 271,747 participants; sequencing for

		days after 3 rd dose in age>50 (compared to unvaccinated)		
127	Starrfelt (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 69.7% (95% CI, 68.6 to 70.8) against infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha to Delta) mRNA-1273 showed VE 78.2% (95% CI, 76.7 to 79.6) against infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha to Delta) ChAdOx1 showed VE 43.4% (95% CI, 4.4 to 66.5) against infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha to Delta) Heterologous mRNA showed VE 84.7% (95% CI, 83.1 to 86.1) against infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha to Delta) ChAdOx1 followed by mRNA showed VE 60.7% (95% CI, 57.5 to 63.6) against infection at least 7 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Alpha to Delta)	Moderate	Population cohort study in Norway; 4,293,544 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (includes heterologous vaccines)
128	Preio- Alhambra	ChAdOx1 followed by BNT162b2 showed HR 0.61 (95% CI, 0.52 to 0.71) against infection vs ChAdOx1 (homologous) – unreported number of days after 2 nd dose	Serious	Retrospective cohort study in Spain; 28,650 participants aged 19 to 59 years; time and setting for VOC Delta (compared heterologous vaccines with homologous vaccines)
129	Ng	BNT162b2 or mRNA-1273 showed VE 61.6% (95% CI, 37.5 to 80.4) against transmission to fully vaccinated hh contacts and VE 100% (95% CI, not reported) against severe disease in fully vaccinated hh contacts	Serious	Retrospective cohort study of household contacts in Singapore; 753 contacts; index sequenced for VOC Delta
130	Desai	BBV152 showed VE 50% (95% CI, 33 to 62) against symptomatic infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose	Serious	Test-negative study of HCW in India; 1,068 matched pairs; time and setting for VOC Delta
131	Thiruvengad am(pub)	ChAdOx1showed VE 46.2% (95% CI, 31.6 to 57.7) against infection at least 21 days after 1 st dose. ChAdOx1showed VE 63.1% (95% CI, 51.5 to 72.1) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd dose.	Serious	Test-negative study in India; 5,143 participants; sequencing for VOC Delta

132	Sharma	BNT162b2 showed VE 45.7% (95% CI, 37.9 to 52.5) against infection median of 30 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 180 days previously) mRNA-1273 showed VE 46.6% (95% CI, 36.4 to 55.3) against infection median of 16 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 180 days previously)	Serious	Case-control study of fully vaccinated (2 doses versus 3 doses) in veterans in USA; 129,130 pairs; time and setting for VOC Delta
133	Cohn (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 43% (95% CI, 42 to 45) against infection after unclear number of days after 2 nd dose (September 2021) mRNA-1273 showed VE 58% (95% CI, 57 to 59) after unclear number of days against infection after 2 nd dose (September 2021) Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 13% (95% CI, 9 to 17) against infection after unclear number of days after dose (September 2021)	Serious	Retrospective cohort study of Veterans in the US; 780,225 Veterans; time and setting for VOC Delta (same population as Cohn but extended study time frame)
134	Arbel	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 90% (95% CI, 86 to 93) against death at 7 to 54 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 5 months previously)	Moderate	Data-linkage study of fully vaccinated (>50 years) (2 doses versus 3 doses) in Israel; 843,208 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
135	Bar-On (2)	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed adjusted rate ratio of 12.3 (95% CI, 11.8 to 12.8) against infection and adjusted rate ratio of 17.9 (95% CI, 15.1 to 21.2) against severe disease and adjusted rate ratio of 14.7 (95% CI, 10 to 21.4) against death at least 12 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 5 months previously) (age>60). BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed adjusted rate ratio of 9.0 (95% CI, 8.4 to 9.7) against infection at least 12 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 5 months previously) (age 30-39).	Serious	Data-linkage study of fully vaccinated (>16 years) (2 doses versus 3 doses) in Israel; 4,696,865 participants; time and setting for VOC Delta (same population as Bar-On but extended end of study and additional ages and outcomes)
136	Andrews (3)	BNT162b2 (2 doses) showed VE 88% (65.9 to 95.8) against symptomatic infection at 2-9 weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron) BNT162b2 (2 doses) showed VE 34.3% (-5 to 58.7) against symptomatic infection at 25+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron) BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 75.5% (56.1 to 86.3) against symptomatic infection	Moderate	Test-negative study of fully vaccinated participants in England; 187,887 (581 Omicron) participants; sequencing for VOC Delta and Omicron

		at least 2+ weeks after 3 rd dose (VOC Omicron)		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) showed VE 5.9% (-29.7 to 31.7) against symptomatic infection at 25+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron)		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses followed by 1 dose of BNT162b2) showed VE 71.4% (41.8 to 86) against symptomatic infection at least 2 weeks after 3 rd (VOC Omicron)		
		BNT162b2 (2 doses) showed VE 88.2% (86.7 to 89.5) against symptomatic infection at least 2-9 weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		BNT162b2 (2 doses) showed VE 63.5% (61.4 to 65.5) against symptomatic infection at 25+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 92.6% (92 to 93.1) against symptomatic infection at least 2 weeks after 3 rd dose (VOC Delta)		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) showed VE 76.2% (63.7 to 84.4) against symptomatic infection at 2-9 weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) showed VE 41.8% (39.4 to 44.1) against symptomatic infection at least 25+ weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses followed by 1 dose of BNT162b2) showed VE 93.8% (93.2 to 94.3) against symptomatic infection at least 2 weeks after 3 rd (VOC Delta)		
137	<u>Hansen</u>	BNT162b2 showed VE 55.2% (95% CI,	Serious	Retrospective cohort study in
		23.5 to 73.7) against infection up to 44 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron)		Denmark; 5,767 identified Omicron cases; sequenced for
		BNT162b2 showed VE -76.5% (95% CI, -		VOC Delta and Omicron (results over varying time since
		95.3 to -59.5) against infection up to 164 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron)		vaccination reported)
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		BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 54.6% (95% CI, 30.4 to 70.4) against infection up to 30 days after 3 rd dose (VOC Omicron)		
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		mRNA-1273 showed VE 36.7% (95% CI, -		
		69.9 to 76.4) against infection up to 44 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron)		
		arter 2 dose (v OC Officion)		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE -39.3% (95% CI, -		
		61.6 to -20) against infection up to 164 days		
		after 2 nd dose (VOC Omicron)		
		,		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 86.7% (95% CI,		
		84.6 to 88.6) against infection up to 44 days		
		after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		DN/F4 (2) 2 1 1 1 1 1 F2 20 ((050 / C)		
		BNT162b2 showed VE 53.8% (95% CI,		
		52.9 to 54.6) against infection up to 164 days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		days after 2 dose (VOC Delta)		
		BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 81.2%		
		(95% CI, 79.2 to 82.9) against infection up		
		to 30 days after 3 rd dose (VOC Delta)		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 88.2% (95% CI,		
		83.1 to 91.8) against infection up to 44 days		
		after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		,		
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 65.0% (95% CI,		
		63.6 to 66.3) against infection up to 164		
		days after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		DNIA 1272 (2.1) 1		
		mRNA-1273 (3 doses) showed VE 82.8%		
		(95% CI, 58.8 to 92.9) against infection up to 30 days after 3 rd dose (VOC Delta)		
138	McLean	BNT162b2 showed VE 59% (95% CI, 24 to	Serious	Prospective cohort in
150	<u>iviciscaii</u>	78) against infection at least 14 days after 2 nd	Schous	Wisconsin, USA; 1,518
		dose (VOC Delta - June to Dec 2021)		participants; time and setting
		,		for VOC Delta
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 52% (95% CI, 20		
		to 71) against infection at least 14 days after		
4.50		2 nd dose (VOC Delta - June to Dec 2021)		
139	<u>Berec</u>	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 92% (95%	Serious	Population cohort in Czech
		CI, 91 to 92) against infection at least 7 days after 3 rd dose.		Republic; 693,579 fully
		atici 5 dose.		vaccinated participants; time and setting for VOC Delta
		mRNA-1273 (3 doses) showed VE 94%		(includes heterologous
		(95% CI, 91 to 95) against infection at least		vaccines)
		7 days after 3 rd dose.		
		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) followed by BNT162b2		
		showed VE 82% (95% CI, 68 to 90) against infection at least 7 days after 3 rd dose		
		infection at least / days after 5 dose		

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		ChAdOx1 (2 doses) followed by		
		mRNA1273 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 63		
		to 98) against infection at least 7 days after		
		3 rd dose		
140	<u>Florea</u>	mRNA-1273 showed VE 86.5% (95% CI,	Serious	Prospective matched cohort
		84.8 to 88.0) against infection at least 14		study in California, USA;
		days after 2 nd dose		1,854,008 participants;
				sequencing for VOC Delta
141	Kissling (2)	BNT162b2 showed VE 76% (95% CI, 72 to	Serious	Test-negative study in 10 out
		81) against symptomatic infection at 30 -59		of 14 I-MOVE countries;
		days after 2 nd dose; VE 72% (95% CI, 61 to		14,282 participants; sample
		80) at 60-89 days after 2 nd dose and VE 65%		sequenced for VOC Delta
		(95% CI, 56 to 71) >90 days after 2 nd dose		(results over varying time since
		(age 30-59)		vaccination reported)
		(age 50-57)		vaccination reported)
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 91% (95% CI, 85		
		to 95) against symptomatic infection at 30 -		
		59 days after 2 nd dose; VE 90% (95% CI, 76		
		to 96) at 60-89 days after 2 nd dose (age 30-		
		59) at 60-89 days after 2 dose (age 50-		
		[39)		
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 67% (95% CI, 57 to		
		75) against symptomatic infection at 30 -59		
		, 0 , 1		
		days after 2 nd dose; VE 65% (95% CI, 48 to		
		76) at 60-89 days after 2 nd dose (age 30-59)		
		Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 50% (95% CI,		
		36 to 62) against symptomatic infection at		
		30 -59 days after dose; VE 52% (95% CI, 33		
		to 66) at 60-89 days after dose (age 30-59)		
142	Katikireddi	ChAdOx1 showed VE 63.3% (95% CI, 61.3	Serious	Retrospective cohort in
		to 65.3) against symptomatic infection at 8	0 0 2 2 2 0 0 0	Scotland and Brazil; 1,972,454
		to 9 weeks after 2 nd dose; VE 48.7% (95%		fully vaccinated participants in
		CI, 45.9 to 51.4) against symptomatic		Scotland (Delta); 42,558,839
		infection at 16 to 17 weeks after 2 nd dose		fully vaccinated participants in
		(VOC Delta)		Brazil (Gamma); time and
		(v o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o		setting for VOC Delta and
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 79.0% (95% CI, 75.9		VOC Gamma (results over
		to 81.7) against severe disease		varying time since vaccination
		(hospitalization or death) at 8 to 9 weeks		reported)
		after 2 nd dose; VE 70.5% (95% CI, 67.0 to		reportedy
		73.7) against severe disease 16 to 17 weeks		
		after 2 nd dose (VOC Delta)		
		and 2 door (100 Della)		
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 65.4% (95% CI, 64.6		
		to 66.2) against symptomatic infection at 8		
		to 9 weeks after 2 nd dose; VE 58.7% (95%		
		CI, 56.7 to 60.5) against symptomatic		
		infection at 16 to 17 weeks after 2 nd dose		
		(VOC Gamma)		
		(voc Gamma)		

143	Abu-Raddad (4)	ChAdOx1 showed VE 75.6% (95% CI, 73.4 to 77.6) against severe disease (hospitalization or death) at 8 to 9 weeks after 2 nd dose; VE 50.5% (95% CI, 43.4 to 56.6) against severe disease 16 to 17 weeks after 2 nd dose (VOC Gamma) mRNA-1273 showed VE 90.6% (95% CI, 88.7 to 92.1) against infection at 2 nd month after 2 nd dose; VE 80.7% (95% CI, 77 to 83.8) against infection at 4 th month after 2 nd	Serious	Test-negative study in Qatar; 1,781,505 participants; time and setting for VOC Beta to VOC Delta (same setting and
		dose		methodology as Chemaitelly 3)
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 97.8% (95% CI, 83.7 to 99.7) against severe disease (hospitalization or death) at 2 nd month after 2 nd dose; VE 91.5% (95% CI, 60.8 to 98.1) against infection at 4 th month after 2 nd dose		(results over varying time since vaccination reported)
144	<u>Machado</u>	BNT162b2 (majority) or mRNA-1273 showed VE 68% (95% CI, 64 to 71) against symptomatic infection at 42-69 days after 2 nd dose; VE 39% (95% CI, 29 to 48) against symptomatic infection at 98-148 days after 2 nd dose	Moderate	Retrospective cohort study of community-dwelling adults≥65 in Portugal; 2,117,002 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 33% (95% CI, 23 to 42) against symptomatic infection at 42-69 days after 2 nd dose; VE 34% (95% CI, 10 to 52) against symptomatic infection at 70-140 days after 2 nd dose		(results over varying time since vaccination reported)
		BNT162b2 (majority) or mRNA-1273 showed VE 95% (95% CI, 88 to 98) against death at 14-41 days after 2 nd dose; VE 93% (95% CI, 87 to 96) against death at 70-148 days after 2 nd dose		
		ChAdOx1 showed VE 95% (95% CI, 90 to 97) against death at least 14 days after 2 nd dose		
145	Irizarry	BNT162b2 showed VE 57% (95% CI, 53 to 60) against infection at 144 days after 2 nd dose; VE 86% (95% CI, 75 to 92) against death at 144 days after 2 nd dose	Serious	Retrospective cohort study in Puerto Rico; 2,276,966 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta (same population as Robles-
		mRNA-1273 showed VE 73% (95% CI, 70 to 76) against infection at 144 days after 2 nd dose; VE 93% (95% CI, 81 to 97) against death at 144 days after 2 nd dose		Fontan?) (results over varying time since vaccination reported)

		Ad26.COV2.S showed VE 36% (95% CI, 30 to 42) against infection at 144 days after 2 nd dose; VE 72% (95% CI, 49 to 85) against death at 144 days after 2 nd dose		
146	Tartof (2)	BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 88% (95% CI, 86 to 89) against infection at least 14 days after 3 rd dose compared to unvaccinated (age>18) BNT162b2 (3 doses) showed VE 75% (95% CI, 71 to 78) against infection at least 14 days after 3 rd dose compared to 2 doses (given at least 6 months previously) (age>18)	Moderate	Retrospective cohort study in California, USA; 3,133,075 participants; time and setting for VOC Alpha to VOC Delta

Section 2: excluded studies			
Author	Reason for exclusion		
Abu-Raddad (3)	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
<u>Akhrass</u>	Delayed exclusion – Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
<u>Albahrani</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Alencar	Critical risk of bias		
<u>Alhamlan</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
<u>Alharbi</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Ali	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
<u>Alkhafaji</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Allen	Serious risk of bias		
Almufty	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Al-Qahtani	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		
Andeweg	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
<u>Apisarnthanarak</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
<u>Arashiro</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
<u>Araujo</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Ayass	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Baden	Critical risk of bias		
Bailly	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		
<u>Bajema</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Bajema (2)	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Bal	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
Barchuk	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
<u>Bergwerk</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
Bernal (2)	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		
Bhatnagar	Critical risk of bias		
Bhattacharya	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		
Bianchi	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		
Bjork	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Blaiszik	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Blaiszik	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
<u>Borobia</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Bosch	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported		
Britton	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Brown	Vaccine effectiveness not reported		
Brunelli	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Bruxvoort	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Butt	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%		
Butt	Critical risk of bias		
Butt (2)	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias		

Cabezas	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Caillard	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Cavanaugh	Delayed exclusion – VOI not VOC
Chadeau-Hyams(2)	Results not reported according to vaccine brand (for adults)
Charles Pon Ruban	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Charmet	Serious risk of bias
Chau	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Clemens	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Cohen	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Cohen(2)	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Corchado-Garcia	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Dash</u>	Critical risk of bias
de Gier Brechje	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Dolzhikova	Critical risk of bias
<u>Domi</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Drawz</u>	Critical risk of bias
El Sahly	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Ella	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Elliot	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
El-Sahly	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Falsey</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Fang	Modelling study
Farinholt	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Fisher	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Frenck</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Furer</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
<u>Gardner</u>	Modelling study
<u>Geisen</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Gharpure</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Ghosh</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Gils	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Goga</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Gorgels	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Grannis</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Gray	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Gray (2)</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Griffin</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Guijarro</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Gupta	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Gupta	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Haas (2)</u>	Modelling study
<u>Hacisuleyman</u>	Critical risk of bias

<u>Harris</u>	Modelling study
<u>Herlihy</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
<u>Hetemaki</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Hitchings(2)	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Hollinghurst	Serious risk of bias
<u>Hyams</u>	Delayed exclusion - Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Iliaki</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Iliaki</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Ismail</u>	Delayed exclusion - Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Jacobson</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>John</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Jones</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Kaabi</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Kale</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
<u>Kaur</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Keegan	Critical risk of bias
<u>Kemp</u>	Modelling study
<u>Khan</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Khawaja</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Kislaya</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Kojima</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Kshirsagar	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Kustin</u>	Delayed exclusion - only included infected population
<u>Lamprini</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Lan	Results not reported according to vaccine type
<u>Lefèvre</u>	Critical risk of bias
Lewis	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Li</u>	Phase 1 trial
<u>Li (2)</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Li (3)</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Ling	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Linsenmeyer	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Liu	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Loconsole	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Luo	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Marco	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
<u>Mattar</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Maurya</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Mazgatos	Critical risk of bias
<u>McEvoy</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
McKeigue(2)	Vaccine brand not reported
<u>Menni</u>	Serious risk of bias

<u>Mizrahi</u>	Modelling study
Monge	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Mor	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Moustsen-Helms	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Munitz	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Munro	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Musser	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Mutnal	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Nanduri</u>	Critical risk of bias
Niessen	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Oduwole</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Olmedo</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Olson	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Open-SAFELY	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
<u>Ostropolets</u>	Not reported separately according to variant
<u>Palacios</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Paredes</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Paris</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Pattni</u>	Modelling study
<u>Pawlowski</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Perry</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Pilishvili</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Piltch-Loeb</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Polinski</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
<u>Poukka</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Pulliam</u>	Modelling study
Raches Ella	Phase 1 trial
Rana	Critical risk of bias
Regev-Yochay	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Riemersma	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Riley	Critical risk of bias
Rivelli	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Rosero-Bixby	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Rovida</u>	Critical risk of bias
Rudolph	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Salmeron Rios	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Sansone	Critical risk of bias
Satwik	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Scobie	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Self	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Sharma</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Shimabukuro</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported

<u>Shrotri</u>	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Simon	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Starrfelt</u>	Serious risk of bias
<u>Suri</u>	Vaccine effectiveness not reported
Swift	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Tande</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Tanriover</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Taquet</u>	Modelling study
<u>Tenforde</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Tenforde (2)	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Thangaraj</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Thiruvengadam</u>	Critical risk of bias
Thompson (1)	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Thompson (2)	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Uschner</u>	Critical risk of bias
<u>Vahidy</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Vasileiou</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Veneti</u>	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
<u>Victor</u>	Critical risk of bias
Volkov	Modelling study
<u>Voysey</u>	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
<u>Waldhorn</u>	Serious risk of bias
Wickert	Critical risk of bias
Wijtvliet	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Williams (2)	Critical risk of bias
Xiang	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported
Young-Xu	Prevalence of variants unknown and suspected to be <50%
Zacay	Delayed exclusion – critical risk of bias
Zhong	Clinical outcomes of interest for this LES not reported

Appendix 2: Glossary

AZ: AstraZeneca

Alpha: variant of concern B.1.1.7

Beta: variant of concern B.1.351

Delta: variant of concern B.1.617.2

Gamma: variant of concern P.1

Epsilon: variant of concern B.1.427/B.1.429

HCW: Healthcare workers

LTC: Long-term care

LTCF: Long-term care facility

MOD: Moderna

Obs: observational study

Omicron: variant of concern B.1.1.529

OR: odds ratio

PF: Pfizer

RME: range of mean estimates across 2 or more studies

VE (Vaccine effectiveness): measure of how well a vaccine protects people from getting the outcome of interest in real-world practice (For example: VE of 92% against infection means that 92% of people will be protected from becoming infected with COVID and 8% of people will still be at risk of becoming infected with COVID)

VET: vaccine effectiveness against transmission

VOC: variant of concern

VOI: variant of interest

Appendix 3: Data-extraction template

Vaccine product	
Source	First author of study
Link	DOI or Pubmed ID
Date published	in format YYYY/MM/DD or preprint
Country	
Funding	public or industry
Study details	
Study type	RCT/cohort/data-linkage/test-negative/case-control/other
Surveillance	routine screening Y or N
Population(s)	general public/LTC/Households/HCW/Other
Control group	not vaccinated, <7day vaccinated internal control, none, other
Total (N)	number of all study participants
Female	number or %
LTC	number or %
HCW	number or %
Households	number or %
>80	number or %
>70	number or %
>60	number or %
Outcomes	outcomes separated by VOC type
Outcomes	confirmed infection/asymptomatic/mild symptomatic/severe
	symptoms/hospitalized/ICU/death
1-4 D VE	VE with 95% CI
1st Dose VE	
Days post 1st dose	days post 1st dose when VE provided
2nd Dose VE	VE with 95% CI
Days post 2nd dose	days post 2nd dose when VE provided
Rates per X	vaccinated vs control
person-days/years	
HR	vaccinated vs control
RR	vaccinated vs control
Adjusted	Regression, stratification, matching and associated variables
Transmission	infection rates in unvaccinated contacts of vaccinated individuals
Critical appraisal	See Appendix 5

Appendix 4: Process for assigning Variant of Concern to studies

A Variant of Concern is considered to be the dominant (≥50%) strain in a study if any of the following conditions apply:

- i) the authors make a statement about prevalence of VOC during the study time frame
- ii) time and setting of the study is consistent with a VOC being dominant according to the following open tracking sources:

Nextstrain. Real-time tracking of pathogen evolution. https://nextstrain.org/ Outbreak Info. https://outbreak.info/location-reports

Appendix 5: Research question and critical appraisal process (revised 06 Oct 2021)

Review question:

Participants	People at risk of COVID-19 (usually without but sometimes with previous
	COVID-19 infection)
Intervention	COVID-19 Vaccine
Comparator	Unvaccinated people (*)
Outcomes	PCR-diagnosis of COVID-19 infection (**); symptomatic disease;
	hospital/ICU admission; death; transmission

^(*) before-after studies, where the infection rate in the first 2 weeks after the vaccination are used as control are (**)

Critical Appraisal Process

We appraise the quality of the individual studies using an adapted version of ROBINS-I. This tool classifies the Risk of Bias of a study as **Low, Moderate, Serious, Critical, or No Information**. <u>Low Risk of Bias indicates High Quality, and Critical Risk of Bias indicates Very Low (insufficient) Quality.</u> ROBINS-I appraises 7 bias domains and judges each study against an ideal reference randomized controlled trial. To improve the utility of ROBINS-I for assessing studies reporting vaccine effectiveness, we have focused on study characteristics that introduce bias as reported in the vaccine literature. (WHO. Evaluation of COVID-19 vaccine effectiveness. Interim Guidance. 17 March 2021). Studies rated as "critical" risk of bias will not be included in the Summary statements on Page 1-2 (exception: if limited data available for an outcome for a VOC). An overall judgement of "serious" or "critical" is given when the study is judged to be at critical risk of bias in at least one domain. Three of more serious risk of bias domains is given an overall risk of bias of critical.

VE Study	Description
Characteristics that	2 000mp.v.
may introduce bias	
·	T 1 1' 1 1 1 1'00 1 1.1 1.
Study design	In cohort studies, people who get vaccinated may differ in health-seeking
	behaviour from people who do not get vaccinated; using a test-negative
ROBINS-I: Bias in	study design minimizes this type of bias
selection of participants	
into study	Examples and typical judgement:
	• test-negative design with a clearly defined symptomatic study population (low)
	 test-negative design (mixed or unclear study population) or case-control or cohort design or data-linkage with no concerns (moderate) cross-sectional design or case-control (concerns about whether controls had same access to vaccines/risk of exposure to COVID or unclear) or cohort design (concerns that exposed and non-exposed were not drawn from the same population) (serious)
Method for confirming	Questionnaires are prone to recollection bias; Population databases
vaccination	developed for purpose of tracking COVID vaccines minimize this type of
vaccination	
DODD TO L D'	bias
ROBINS-I: Bias in	
classification of	Examples and typical judgement:
interventions	database linkage study (low)

^(**) commonly performed and may be appraised confirmation of specific variant, or reasonable evidence the variant was the dominant circulating strain

	• Questionnaire with confirmation by an additional method (e.g. registry) of at least a subset of study population (moderate)	
	Questionnaire without confirmation by an additional method (serious)	
	Estimating vaccination status based on surveillance data alone (critical)	
Databases and Con-	8	
Databases used for	Databases developed for collecting data on COVID are less prone to bias	
retrieval of COVID test	due to missing information and misclassification	
results, participant		
prognostic factors, and	Examples and typical judgement:	
clinical outcomes	database for non-COVID purpose but with individual level data (moderate)	
ROBINS-I: Bias in	database for non-COVID purpose without individual level data	
classification of	(serious)	
interventions	no or unclear description of database type (critical)	
Assignment of	Using date of symptom onset (if within 10 days of testing) as infection	
infection start date	start date reduces risk of misclassification bias (e.g., vaccinated participant	
	who is reported as COVID+ may have been infected prior to receiving	
ROBINS-I: Bias in	the vaccine or during non-immune period) and sensitivity of assays	
classification of	decreases over time	
interventions		
	Examples and typical judgement:	
	• using a PCR positive test that was part of an ongoing standardized	
	monitoring system (e.g., within a health network) (low)	
	using sample date without interview or documented confirmation of	
	symptoms ≤ 10 days (relevant for symptomatic disease only) (serious)	
Verification of	Prospective, standardized collection of symptoms from patients reduces	
symptoms	risk of missing information bias; testing within 10 days after symptom	
	onset reduces risk of false-negative COVID test	
ROBINS-I: Bias in		
classification of	Examples and typical judgement:	
interventions	• using sample date without patient report/ documented confirmation of	
	symptoms ≤ 10 days (relevant for symptomatic disease only) (serious)	
	• if symptomatic COVID is not an outcome (no information)	

Association for non-immuno poriod	Reported absence of vaccine effect during non-immune
Accounting for non-immune period (first 14 days after first vaccine dose)	period reduces risk of residual confounding bias
ROBINS-I: Bias due to confounding	Example/common case:
	presence of an effect during non-immune period or result not reported (moderate)
	unclear that non-immune period was considered (serious)
Inclusion of participants with prior	Exclusion (or separate analysis) of participants with prior
COVID infection	COVID infection reduces concern about differences in
ROBINS-I: Bias due to confounding	infectivity as well as risk-taking and health-seeking behaviour
	Examples and typical judgement:
	• inclusion of prior infection status as a covariate in the models (moderate)
	 previously infected not excluded or analyzed separately (serious)
Accounting for calendar time	Accounting for calendar time reduces bias due to
ROBINS-I: Bias due to confounding	differences in vaccine accessibility and risk of exposure over time
(time-varying confounding)	Examples and typical judgement:
	 use of time-varying statistics without explicit mention
	of adjustment for calendar time (moderate)
	• not taken into account but short-time frame (e.g. ≤2 months) (serious)
	• not taken into account and time frame >2 months (critical)
Adjustment for prognostic factors	Adjustment for prognostic factors for COVID infection,
POPINIS Is Pies due to confounding	severity of disease, and vaccination, such as age, gender,
ROBINS-I: Bias due to confounding	race, ethnicity, socioeconomic factors, occupation (HCW, LTC), and chronic medical conditions
	Examples and typical judgement:
	• no or insufficient adjustment for occupation (or
	number of tests as a surrogate for exposure risk) - exception age>65 or LTCF resident (moderate)
	• no or insufficient adjustment for socioeconomic factors (or neighborhood or income as a surrogate), race, ethnicity (serious)
	 no or insufficient adjustment for age (any study population) or chronic medical conditions (LTC)(critical)
Testing frequency	Similar frequency of testing between groups reduces risk of bias introduced by detecting asymptomatic infection
ROBINS-I: Bias in measurement of	in one group but not in another (e.g. when only one
outcomes	group undergoes surveillance screening)
outcomes	group undergoes surveillance screening)

Examples and typical judgement:
no systematic screening but consistent methods for detection in one group vs. the other, e.g., within health networks (moderate)
screening performed for a subset of both study groups (serious)
• screening performed routinely in one study group but not in the other (critical)

Appendix 6: Detailed description of the narrative summary statement

We include studies with the following clinical outcomes: prevention of infection, severe disease (as defined by the study investigators), death, and prevention of transmission. These outcomes were selected because they are less susceptible to bias. If data are not available for these specific outcomes, but are available for symptomatic infection and/or hospitalization, data for these additional outcomes are provided temporarily. Studies reporting only antibody responses are excluded.

We aim at providing a lay language, standardized summary statement for each combination of vaccine and VOC for which we found evidence.

Where <u>more than one study</u> was found, we will provide a summary statement with a <u>range of the</u> estimates across the studies.

Where a <u>single study</u> provided data, we will provide the <u>estimate plus 95% confidence interval</u> for that study. As additional studies are added, the estimate plus confidence interval will be replaced by a range as described above.

In the summaries, "prevented" or "protects" will be applied to mean estimates or range of mean estimates that are greater than or equal to 50%.

Section 3: Special Groups (after 5 November 2021)	
Author	Special Group
<u>Bajema</u>	Veterans
<u>Bekker</u>	Healthcare workers
<u>Bukatko</u>	Homeless shelter residents
<u>Dickerman</u>	Veterans
<u>Dujmovic</u>	Nursing Home residents
<u>Embi</u>	Immunocompromised
<u>Hall (2)</u>	Healthcare workers
<u>Ioannou</u>	Veterans
<u>Iskander</u>	Coast guard personnel
<u>Muhsen</u>	Healthcare workers
<u>Paixao</u>	Pregnant women
<u>Salvatore</u>	Prison staff and prisoners
<u>Subbarao</u>	LTCF
<u>Yassi</u>	Healthcare workers
Young-Xu (2)	Male Veterans