

ENGINEERING

Computing & Software

Git ADV: Improving Java & Python **Source Code Merging using Abstract Data Structures**



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Introduction

- With the increased use of Git in Software Development, developers often find themselves having to resolve numerous merge conflicts when pushing their changes to their shared repository [1]
- Modern merge tools are either unable to scale well for large number of differences, or cannot be used for multiple programming languages
- Without a better solution, source code merging is becoming an increasingly tedious and time-consuming process

Comparison Methodology

- Measure the difference between the developer's desired version and the results generated by each tool using **Gumtree** [4]
- Five measurements for comparison:
 - **Deletions:** Code present in desired, but not result
 - **Insertions:** Code present in result, but not desired
 - **Moves:** Same code, but on different lines
 - Path Difference: Same structure, but slightly different
 - **Conflicts:** Conflicts present after merge
- Overall accuracy is measured as the distance from

Results

ntity

- Compared results using 2 of our developed tools.
- Both tools run the same heuristics for import statements. CompressedTree uses Git for the body, whereas **MethodUnion** uses our heuristics
- Java & Python results are based off 86 and 68 case studies respectively





Mechanics of Merges

Modern merge algorithms perform three-way merges by differencing between the common ancestor (base) and the latest commits of the merging branches [1]



- The differences between the three versions are analyzed using a structured or unstructured approach
 - Unstructured Merge tools like Git's 3-way merge rely on textual differencing using the LCS (Longest Common Subsequence) algorithm [1]
 - However, these algorithms are unable to scale well with significant changes between versions, producing many merge conflicts
 - Structured Merge tools like jDime and Spork rely on **AST** (abstract syntax trees) to provide a representation of the source code whose nodes can be directly compared
 - These tools are more precise than unstructured tools, but they are often slower and poorly retain the original code structure [1] These tools are also more language dependant, which makes it difficult generalize to all languages

Objectives

desired version using the vector of all measurements: $Overall = Deletions^2 + Insertions^2 + Moves^2 + \cdots$

Abstract Data Structure

- Focused on Java & Python code to provide the general structure for both Statically & Dynamically Typed Languages
- Used the CST (Concrete Syntax Tree) generated by Tree-Sitter to develop an Abstract Data Structure for Python & Java Code (figure 2)
- Data Structure is composed of:

Main Root: Root Node of File Pack: Directory of imported package End: Name of imported package Class: Class Declaration Method: Method/Process Declaration Field: Field/Variable Declaration Comment: Block/Line Comment





Selective Set Union

Different in No Versions

Different in 2 Versions

Figure 3: Comparing Structured Java merge tools using Java Cases

Semantic Accuracy of Merge Tools on Python Case Studies



Figure 4: Comparing Structured Python merge tools using Python Cases

Conclusions

Improvement Over Existing Tools (Figure 3):

- Overall empirical results suggest that CompressedTree & MethodUnion are **more semantically equivalent** to the desired version than other tools. Results show that:
 - Tools are removing less necessary code.
 - Merged result will include less unused code.
 - Original code structure is being preserved better.
 - Tools choose correct changes more often.

Extension to Other Languages (Figure 4):

 CompressedTree and MethodUnion also demonstrate strong accuracy for Python.

- **Evaluate** the accuracy of current tools using case studies extracted from the Awesome Java & Python Lists [2,3]
- **Develop** an Abstract Data Structure for merge conflict resolution that can be generalized to multiple languages (like Git) and maintain the accuracy of existing Structured merge tools (jDime & Spork)
- **Compare** the accuracy of developed tool against existing ones using the developer's desired version as the benchmark

Versions	Se	ected	Cross-Che	eck	Versions		sions	Selected		Cross-Chec
R		R	True		Pa	th 1	Path 2			
L	L		True		R,L		В	R,L		False
В	None		True		B,L		R	R		False
R,L	R,L		True		B,R		L	L		False
B,L	B,L		True		В		L	L		True
B,R	B,R		True		В		R	R		True
L,B,R	L,B,R		False		L		R	max(L,R)/Git Merge		True
Different in All Versions										
			Versions			Selecte		d Cross-Check		c .
		Path 1	Path 2	Path	1 3					
		в	L	3		max(L,R)/Git M		Merge	False	-

Results for Java were from a total of 86 case studies, whereas Python a total of 68 case studies. Given this, the ratio of Overall results to case studies is better for Python.

CompressedTree vs MethodUnion:

- Overall difference is small in Java, meaning our heuristics provides approximately the same accuracy as Git Merge on the body with half the conflicts.
- Logically large different for Python makes sense for now since we have yet to include comments and maintain the code structure for it.

Future Work

References

- Improve MethodUnion accuracy for Python code by including comment blocks and utilizing existing attributes in code for ordering code segments using line numbers like Java.
- Extend MethodUnion to include a representation for code within methods in the general AST. Requires differencing using sequential sets. Empirically test and validate tool by testing new heuristics on method body.
- Extend tools to integrate more Statically (C, Rust) and Dynamically (Ruby, JavaScript) typed languages.

[1] S. LARSÉN, "Spork : Move-enabled structured merge for Java with GumTree and 3DM," thesis, School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN, 2020

- [2] akullpp, "awesome-java" https://github.com/akullpp/awesome-java (accessed August 8, 2023)
- [3] V. Chen, "awesome-python" https://github.com/vinta/awesome-python (accessed August 8, 2023)

[4] J.-R. Falleri, F. Morandat, X. Blanc, M. Martinez, and M. Monperrus, "Fine-grained and accurate source code differencing," thesis, International Conference on Automated Software Engineering, Vasteras, Sweden, 2014

[5] Tree-Sitter, https://tree-sitter.github.io/tree-sitter/ (accessed Aug. 8, 2023)



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