





ТНЕ

# TRAVELLER,

OR A

# **PROSPECT** of SOCIETY.

Α

# P O E M.

#### INSCRIBED TO THE

## REV. MR. HENRY GOLDSMITH.

#### ВҮ

# OLIVER GOLDSMITH, M. B. THE SECOND EDITION.

#### LONDÓN:

Printed for J. NEWBURY, in St. Paul's Church-yard. MDCCLXV.

#### TO THE

# **REV. HENRY GOLDSMITH.**

Dear Sir,

**I** AM fenfible that the friendship between us can acquire no new force from the ceremonies of a Dedication; and perhaps it demands an excuse thus to prefix your name to my attempts, which you decline giving with your own. But as a part of this Poem was formerly written to you from Switzerland, the whole can now, with propriety, be only inferibed to you. It will alfo throw a light upon many parts of it, when the reader understands, that it is addreffed to a man, who, defpising Fame and Fortune, has retired early to Happines and Obscurity, with an income of forty pounds a year.

I now perceive, my dear Brother, the wildom of your humble choice. You have entered upon a facred office, where the harvest is great, and the labourers are but few;

#### 

while you have left the field of Ambition, where the labourers are many, and the harveft not worth carrying away. But of all kinds of ambition, as things are now circumftanced, perhaps that which purfues poetical fame, is the wildeft. What from the increafed refinement of the times, from the diverfity of judgments produced by oppofing fyftems of criticifm, and from the more prevalent divisions of opinion influenced by party, the ftrongeft and happieft efforts can expect to please but in a very narrow circle.

Poetry makes a principal amufement among unpolifhed nations; but in a country verging to the extremes of refinement, Painting and Music come in for a stare. And as they offer the seeble mind a less laborious entertainment, they at first rival Poetry, and at length supplant her; they engross all favour to themselves, and though but younger solutions, feize upon the elder's birth-right.

Yet, however this art may be neglected by the powerful, it is still in greater danger from the mistaken efforts of the learned to improve it. What criticisms have we

#### DEDICATION.

not heard of late in favour of blank verfe, and Pindaric odes, choruffes, anapefts and iambics, alliterative care and happy negligence! Every abfurdity has now a champion to defend it, and as he is generally much in the wrong, fo he has always much to fay; for error is ever talkative.

But there is an enemy to this art still more dangerous, I mean party. Party entirely difforts the judgment, and deftroys the tafte. A mind capable of relifning general beauty, when once infected with this difeafe, can only find pleasure in what contributes to encrease the diftem-Like the tyger that feldom defifts from purfuing per. man after having once preyed upon human flesh, the reader, who has once gratified his appetite with calumny, makes, ever after, the most agreeable feast upon murdered reputation. Such readers generally admire fome half-witted thing, who wants to be thought a bold man, having loft the character of a wife one. Him they dignify with the name of poet; his lampoons are called fatires, his turbulence is faid to be force, and his phrenzy fire.

ill

#### DEDICATION.

What reception a Poem may find, which has neither abufe, party, nor blank verfe to fupport it, I cannot tells nor am I much folicitous to know. My aims are right. Without efpoufing the caufe of any party, I have attempted to moderate the rage of all. I have endeavoured to fhew, that there may be equal happinefs in other ftates, though differently governed from our own; that each ftate has a particular principle of happinefs, and that this principle in each ftate, and in our own in particular, may be carried to a mifchievous excefs. There are few can judge, better than yourfelf, How far thefe pofitions are illuftrated in this Poem.

I am, Sir,

Your most affectionate Brother,

## OLIVER GOLDSMITH.



# THE

# TRAVELLER,

# ORA

# PROSPECT of SOCIETY.

R EMOTE, unfriended, melancholy, flow, Or by the lazy Scheld, or wandering Po; Or onward, where the rude Carinthian boor Against the houseless stranger shuts the door; Or where Campania's plain forsaken lies, the A weary waste expanded to the skies.

in i

Where'er

Where'er I roam, whatever realm to fee, My heart untravell'd fondly turns to thee; Still to my brother turns, with ceafelels pain, Or drags at each remove a lengthening chain.

2

Eternal bleffings crown my earlieft friend, And round his dwelling guardian faints attend; Bleft be that fpot, where chearful guefts retire To paule from toil, and trim their evening fire; Bleft that abode, where want and pain repair, And every ftranger finds a ready chair; Bleft be those feafts where mirth and peace abound, Where all the ruddy family around Laugh at the jefts or pranks that never fail, Or figh with pity at fome mournful tale, Or prefs the bashful ftranger to his food, And learn the luxury of doing good.

But me, not deftin'd fuch delights to fhare, My prime of life in wand'ring fpent and care : Impell'd, with steps unceasing, to purfue Some fleeting good, that mock's me with the view;

That

#### THE TRANCELLER.

That, like the circle bounding earth and fkies, Allures from far, yet, as I follow, flies; My fortune leads to traverfe realins alone, And find no fpot of all the world my own. Even now, where Alpine folitudes afcend, I fit me down a penfive hour to fpend; And, placid on high above the florm's career, Look downward where an hundred realms appear; Lakes, foreffs, cities, plains extended wide, The pomp of knigs, the flepherd's humbler pride.

When thus Creation's charms around combine, Amidît the ftore, floodd thanklefs pride repine? Say, fhould the philosophic mind bifdain. That good, which makes each diumbler bosome vain? Let school-taught pride differable all it can, These little things are great to little man; And wifer he, whole fympathetic mind Exults in all the good of all mankind. Ye glittering towns, with wealth and splendouit crown'd, Ye fields, where for high profusion round,

Ye lakes, whofe veffels catch the bufy gale, Ye bending fwains, that drefs the flow'ry vale, For me your tributary flores combine; Creation's tenant, all the world is mine.

4

As fome lone mifer vifiting his ftore, Bends at his treafure, counts, recounts it o'er; Hoards after hoards his rifing raptures fill, Yet ftill he fighs, for hoards are wanting ftill: Thus to my breaft alternate paffions rife, Pleas'd with each good that heaven to man fupplies: Yet oft a figh prevails, and forrows fall, To fee the fum of human blifs fo fmall; And oft I wifh, amidft the fcene, to find Some fpot to real happinefs confign'd, Where my worn foul, each wand'ring hope at reft, May gather blifs to fee my fellows bleft.

Yet, where to find that happieft fpot below, Who can direct, when all pretend to know? The fhudd'ring tenant of the frigid zone: Boldly proclaims that happieft fpot his own,

Extols the treafures of his flormy feas, And his long night of revelry and eafe; The naked Savage, panting at the line, Boafts of his golden fands and palmy wine, Bafks in the glare, or flems the tepid wave, And thanks his Gods for all the good they gave. Nor lefs the patriot's boaft, where'er we roam, His firft, beft country ever is, at home,

And yet, perhaps, if countries we compare, And eftimate the bleffings which they fhare; Tho' patriots flatter, ftill fhall wifdom find An equal portion dealt to all mankind, As different good, by Art or Nature given, To different nations makes their bleffings even.

Nature, a mother kind alike to all, Still grants her blifs at Labour's earneft call; With food as well the peafant is fupply'd On Idra's cliff as Arno's fhelvy fide; And though the rocky crefted fummits frown, Thefe rocks, by cuftom, turn to beds of down.

С

5

From

From Art more various are the bleffings fent; Wealth, fplendours, honour, liberty, content: Yet thefe each other's power fo ftong conteft, That either feems deftructive of the reft. Hence every ftate, to one lov'd bleffing prone, Conforms and models life to that alone. Each to the favourite happinefs attends, And fpurns the plan that aims at other ends; 'Till, carried to excefs in each domain, This favourite good begets peculiar pain.

But let us try thefe truths with clofer eyes And trace them through the profpect as it lies: Here for a while my proper cares refign'd, Here let me fit in forrow for mankind, Like yon neglected fhrub at random caft, That fhades the fteep, and fighs at every blaft.

Far to the right, where Appennine afcends, Bright as the Summer, Italy extends; Her uplands flooping deck the mountain's fide, Woods over woods in gay theatric pride;

While

While oft fome temple's mould'ring top between, With venerable grandeur marks the fcene.

Could Nature's bounty fatisfy the breaft, The fons of Italy were furely bleft. Whatever fruits in different climes are found, That proudly rife or humbly court the ground, Whatever blooms in torrid tracts appear, Whofe bright fucceffion decks the varied year; Whatever fweets falute the northern fky With vernal lives that bloffom but to die; Thefe here difporting own the kindred foil, Nor afk luxuriance from the planter's toil; While fea-born gales their gelid wings expand To winnow fragrance round the fmiling land.

But fmall the blifs that fenfe alone beftows, And fenfual blifs is all this nation knows. In florid beauty groves and fields appear, Men feem the only growth that dwindles here. Contrafted faults through all their manners reign, Though poor, luxurious, though fubmiffive, vain,

8

Though grave, yet triffing, zealous, yet untrue, And even in penance planning fins anew. All evils here contaminate the mind, That opulence departed, leaves behind; For wealth was theirs, nor far removed the date, When commerce proudly flourifh'd through the ftate: At her command the palace learnt to rife, Again the long-fall'n column fought the fkies; The canvafs glow'd beyond even Nature warm, The pregnant quarry teem'd with human form. But, more unfteady than the fouthern gale, Soon Commerce turn'd on other fhores her fail; While nought remain'd of all that riches gave, But towns unman'd, and lords without a flave.

Yet, ftill the lofs of wealth is here fupplied By arts, the fplendid wrecks of former pride; From thefe the feeble heart and long fall'n mind An eafy compensation feem to find. Here may be feen, in bloodles pomp array'd, The paste-board triumph and the cavalcade;

Proceffions

Proceffions form'd for piety and love, A miftrefs or a faint in every grove. By fports like thefe are all their cares beguil'd, The fports of children fatisfy the child; At fports like thefe, while foreign arms advance, In paffive eafe they leave the world to chance.

When noble aims have fuffer'd long controul, They fink at laft, or feebly man the foul; While low delights, fucceeding faft behind, In happier meannefs occupy the mind: As in those domes, where Cæsfars once bore fway, Defac'd by time and tottering in decay, Amidft the ruin, heedless of the dead, The shelter-feeking peasant builds his shed, And wond'ring man could want the larger pile, Exults, and owns his cottage with a smile.

My foul turn from them, turn we to furvey Where rougher climes a nobler race difplay, Where the bleak Swifs their ftormy manfions tread, And force a churlifh foil for fcanty bread;

D

No

10

No product here the barren hills afford, But man and steel, the foldier and his fword. No vernal blooms their torpid rocks array, But winter lingering chills the lap of May; No Zephyr fondly fooths the mountain's breaft, But meteors glare, and ftormy glooms inveft. Yet still, even here, content can spread a charm, Redrefs the clime, and all its rage difarm. Though poor the peafant's hut, his feafts though fmall, He fees his little lot, the lot of all; Sees no contiguous palace rear its head To fhame the meannefs of his humble fhed; No coffly lord the fumptuous banquet deal To make him loath his vegetable meal; But calm, and bred in ignorance and toil, Each with contracting, fits him to the foil. Chearful at morn he wakes from fhort repofe, Breafts the keen air, and carrols as he goes; With patient angle trolls the finny deep, Or drives his ven'trous plow-fhare to the fteep; Or feeks the den where fnow tracks mark the way, And drags the ftruggling favage into day.

At night returning, every labour fped, He fits him down the monarch of a fhed; Smiles by his chearful fire, and round furveys His childrens looks, that brighten at the blaze: While his lov'd partner, boaftful of her hoard, Difplays the cleanly platter on the board; And haply too fome pilgrim, thither led, With many a tale repays the nightly bed.

Thus every good his native wilds impart, Imprints the patriot passion on his heart, And even those ills, that round his mansion rise, Enhance the bliss his fcanty fund supplies. Dear is that shed to which his foul conforms, And dear that hill which lists him to the storms; And as a babe, when scaring founds moless Clings close and closer to the mother's breass; So the loud torrent, and the whirlwind's roar, But bind him to his native mountains more.

These are the charms to barren states assign'd; Their wants are few, their wishes all confin'd. II

Yet let them only fhare the praifes due, If few their wants, their pleasures are but few; Since every want, that ftimulates the breaft, Becomes a fource of pleafure when redreft. Hence from fuch lands each pleafing fcience flies, That first excites defire, and then supplies; Unknown to them, when fenfual pleafures cloy, To fill the languid paule with finer joy; Unknown those powers that raise the foul to flame, Catch every nerve, and vibrate through the frame. Their level life is but a fmould'ring fire, Nor quench'd by want, nor fan'd by strong desire; Unfit for raptures, or, if raptures cheer On fome high feftival of once a year, In wild excess the vulgar breaft takes fire, Till, buried in debauch, the blifs expire.

But not their joys alone thus coarfly flow: Their morals, like their pleafures, are but low, For, as refinement flops, from fire to fon Unalter'd, unimprov'd their manners run,

And love's and friendship's finely pointed dart Fall blunted from each indurated heart, Some sterner virtues o'er the mountain's breast May fit, like falcons cow'ring on the ness sterness But all the gentler morals, such as play Through life's more cultur'd walks, and charm our way, These far dispers'd, on timorous pinions fly, To sport and flutter in a kinder sky.

To kinder fkies, where gentler manners reign, We turn; and France difplays her bright domain. Gay fprightly land of mirth and focial eafe, Pleas'd with thyfelf, whom all the world can pleafe, How often have I led thy fportive choir, With tunelefs pipe, befide the murmuring Loire ? Where fhading elms along the margin grew, And frefhen'd from the wave the Zephyr flew; And haply, tho' my harfh touch faltering ftill, But mock'd all tune, and marr'd the dancer's fkill; Yet would the village praife my wond'rous power, And dance, forgetful of the noon-tide hour.

Ε

Alike

Alike all ages. Dames of ancient days Have led their children through the mirthful maze, And the gay grandfire, skill'd in gestic lore, Has frisk'd beneath the burthen of threescore.

So bleft a life thefe thoughtlefs realms difplay, Thus idly bufy rolls their world away: Theirs are thofe arts that mind to mind endear, For honour forms the focial temper here. Honour, that praife which real merit gains, Or even imaginary worth obtains, Here paffes current; paid from hand to hand, It fhifts in fplendid traffic round the land : From courts to camps, to cottages it ftrays, And all are taught an avarice of praife; They pleafe, are pleas'd, they give to get effeem, Till, feeming bleft, they grow to what they feem.

But while this fofter art their blifs fupplies, It gives their follies alfo room to rife; For praife too dearly lov'd, or warmly fought, Enfeebles all internal ftrength of thought,

And the weak foul, within itfelf unbleft, Leans for all pleafure on another's breaft. Hence oftentation here, with tawdry art, Pants for the vulgar praife which fools impart; Here vanity affumes her pert grimace, And trims her robes of frize with copper lace, Here beggar pride defrauds her daily cheer, To boaft one fplendid banquet once a year; The mind ftill turns where fhifting fashion draws, Nor weighs the folid worth of felf applause.

To men of other minds my fancy flies, Embofom'd in the deep where Holland lies, Methinks her patient fons before me ftand, . Where the broad ocean leans againft the land, And, fedulous to ftop the coming tide, Lift the tall rampire's artificial pride, Onward methinks, and diligently flow The firm connected bulwark feems to go; Spreads its long arms amidft the watry roar, Scoops out an empire, and ufurps the fhore.

While the pent ocean rifing o'er the pile, Sees an amphibious world beneath him fmile; The flow canal, the yellow bloffom'd vale, The willow tufted bank, the gliding fail, The crowded mart, the cultivated plain, A new creation refcu'd from his reign.

Thus, while around the wave-fubjected foil Impels the native to repeated toil, Industrious habits in each bosom reign, And industry begets a love of gain. Hence all the good from opulence that fprings, With all those ills superfluous treasure brings, Are here difply'd. Their much-lov'd wealth imparts Convenience, plenty, elegance, and arts; But view them clofer, craft and fraud appear, Even liberty itself is barter'd here. At gold's fuperior charms all freedom flies, The needy fell it, and the rich man buys; A land of tyrants, and a den of flaves, Here wretches feck difhonourable graves,

And calmly bent, to fervitude conform, Dull as their lakes that fleep beneath the florm.

Heavens! how unlike their Belgic fires of old! Rough, poor, content, ungovernably bold; War in each breaft, and freedom on each brow; How much unlike the fons of Britain now!

Fir'd at the found my genius fpreads her wing, And flies where Britain courts the western spring; Where lawns extend that fcorn Arcadian pride, And brighter streams than fam'd Hydaspis glide. There all around the gentleft breezes ftray, There gentle mufic melts on every fpray; Creation's mildeft charms are there combin'd, Extremes are only in the mafter's mind; Stern o'er each bofom reafon holds her state, With daring aims irregularly great, Pride in their port, defiance in their eye, I fee the lords of human kind pafs by, Intent on high defigns, a thoughtful band, By forms unfashion'd, fresh from Nature's hand;

Fierce

 $\mathbf{F}$ 

Fierce in their native hardiness of soul, True to imagin'd right, above controul, While even the peasant boasts these rights to scan, And learns to venerate himself as man.

Thine, Freedom, thine the bleffings pictur'd here, Thine are those charms that dazzle and endear: Too bleft indeed, were fuch without alloy, But foster'd even by Freedom ills annoy: That independence Britons prize too high, Keeps man from man, and breaks the focial tie; The felf dependent lordlings stand alone, All kindred claims that foften life unknown: Here by the bonds of nature feebly held, Minds combat minds, repelling and repell'd. Ferments arife, imprison'd factions roar, Represt ambition struggles round her shore, Whilft over-wrought, the general fyftem feels. Its motions ftopt, or phrenzy fires the wheels.

Nor this the worft. As focial bonds decay, As duty, love, and honour fail to fway,

Fictitious bonds, the bonds of wealth and law, Still gather ftrength, and force unwilling awe. Hence all obedience bows to thefe alone, And talent finks, and merit weeps unknown; Till Time may come, when, ftript of all her charms, That land of fcholars, and that nurfe of arms; Where noble ftems tranfmit the patriot claim, And monarchs toil and poets paint for fame; One fink of level avarice fhall lie, And fcholars, foldiers, kings unhonour'd die.

Yet think not, thus when Freedoms ills I ftate, I mean to flatter kings, or court the great; Ye powers of truth that bid my foul afpire, Far from my bofom drive the low defire; And thou fair freedom, taught alike to feel The rabble's rage, and tyrant's angry fteel; Thou transitory flower, alike undone By cold contempt, or favour's foftering fun, Still may thy blooms the changeful clime endure, I only would reprefs them to fecure;

For just experience tells in every foil, That those who think must govern those that toil, And all that freedom's higheft aims can reach, Is but to lay proportion'd loads on each. Much on the low, the reft, as rank fupplies, Should in columnar diminution rife: While, fhould one order difproportion'd grow, Its double weight must ruin all below. O then how blind to all that truth requires, Who think it freedom when a part afpires! Calm is my foul, nor apt to rife in arms, Except when fast approaching danger warms: But when contending chiefs blockade the throne, Contracting regal power to stretch their own, When I behold a fictious band agree To call it freedom when themselves are free; Each wanton judge new penal statutes draw, Laws grind the poor, and rich men rule the law; The wealth of climes, where favage nations roam, Pillag'd from flaves to purch afe flaves at home; Fcar, pity, juffice, indignation flart, Tear off referve, and bare my fwelling heart;

# THE TRAVELLER. 'Till half a patriot, half a coward grown, I fly from petty tyrants to the throne.

Yes, brother, curfe with me that baleful hour, When first ambition struck at regal power; And thus polluting honour in its fource, Gave wealth to fway the mind with double force. Have we not feen, round Britain's peopled fhore, Her ufeful fons exchang'd for ufelefs ore? Seen all her triumphs but destruction haste, Like flaring tapers brightening as they wafte; Seen opulence, her grandeur to maintain, Lead stern depopulation in her train, And over fields, where fcatter'd hamlets role, In barren folitary pomp repofe? Have we not feen at pleafure's lordly call, The fmiling long-frequented village fall; Beheld the duteous fon, the fire decay'd, The modeft matron, and the blufhing maid, Forc'd from their homes, a melancholy train, To traverse climes beyond the western main;

Where wild Ofwego fpreads her fwamps around, And Niagara ftuns with thund'ring found?

Even now, perhaps as there fome pilgrim ftrays Through tangled forefts, and through dangerous ways; Where beafts with man divided empire claim, And the brown Indian takes a deadly aim; There, while above the giddy tempeft flies, And all around diftrefsful yells arife, The penfive exile, bending with his woe, To ftop too fearful, and too faint to go, Cafts a fond look where England's glories fhine, And bids his bofom fympathize with mine.

Vain, very vain, my weary fearch to find That blifs which only centers in the mind: Why have I ftray'd, from pleafure and repofe, To feek a good each goverment beftows? In every government, though terrors reign, Though tyrant kings, or tyrant laws reftrain, How fmall of all that human hearts endure, That part which laws or kings can caufe or cure.

Still to ourfelves in every place confign'd,Our own felicity we make or find:With fecret courfe, which no loud florms annoy,Glides the fmooth current of domeftic joy.The lifted ax, the agonizing wheel,Luke's iron crown, and Damien's bed of fteel,To men remote from power but rarely known,Leave reafon, faith and confcience all our own.

## THE END.

# RETALIATION: A POEM. By DOCTOR GOLDSMITH. INCLUDING EPITAPHS ON SOME OF THE MOST Diffinguifhed WITS of this METROPOLIS. The FOURTH EDITION, corrected.

With Explanatory Notes, and Observations.



Rublahed as the Act directs 18 the April 1774 .

#### L O N D O N:

Printed for G. KEARSLY, at N° 46, in Fleet-Street. M. DCC. LXXIV.



# $M^{R.}$ K E A R S L Y,

TO

### BOOKSELLER in FLEET-STREET.

#### SIR,

N some part of Dector GOLDSMITH'S Works, he confesses himself so unable to resist the hungry attacks of wretched Compilers, that he contents himself with the demand of the fat Man who, when at Sea, and the B Crew ( ii )

Crew in great want of Provisions, was pitched on by she Sailors as the properest subject to supply their wants: He found the necessity of acquiescence, at the fame time making the most reasonable Demand of the first cut off himself for himself. If the Doctor in his Life-time was forced by these Anthropophagi to such capitulations, what respect can we now expect from them? will they not dine on his memory? To refcue him from this infult, I fend you an authentic copy of the last poetic Production of this great and good Man; of which, I recommend an early publication, to prevent spurious Editions being ushered into the World. Doctor Goldsmith belonged to a club of Beaux Esprits, where Wit Sparkled Sometimes at the expence of Goodnature. — It was proposed to write Epitaphs on the Doctor :

#### ( iii )

Doctor; bis Country, Dialect and Person, furnished subjects of Witticism. — The Doctor was called on for Retaliation, and at their next meeting produced the following Poem, which I think adds one Leaf to his immortal Wreath.

#### RETA-

# RETALIATION:

**A**.

#### **P O E M**.

F old, when Scarron his companions invited, Each guest brought his dish, and the feast was

If our (a) landlord fupplies us with beef, and with fifh, Let each gueft bring himfelf, and he brings the beft difh:

(a) The Mafter of the St. James's Coffee-houfe, where the Doctor, and the Eriends he has characterized in this Poem, held an occasional Club. [ 6 ]

Our (b) Dean shall be venison, just fresh from the plains; Our (c) Burke shall be tongue, with a garnish of brains; Our (d) Will shall be wild fowl, of excellent flavour, And (e) Dick with his pepper, shall heighten their favour : Our (f) Cumberland's sweet-bread its place shall obtain, And (g) Douglas is pudding, substantial and plain :

(b) Doctor Barnard, Dean of Derry in Ireland, author of many ingenious pieces.

(c) Mr. Edmund Burke, member for Wendover, and one of the greateft orators in this kingdom.

(d) Mr. William Burke, late fecretary to General Conway, and member for Bedwin.

(e) Mr. Richard Burke, collector of Granada, no lefs remarkable in the walks of wit and humour than his brother Edmund Burke is justly diftinguished in all the branches of useful and polite literature.

(f) Author of the West Indian, Fashionable Lover, the Brothers, and other dramatic pieces.

(g) Doctor Douglas, Canon of Windsor, an ingenious Scotch gentleman, who has no less diffinguished himself as a *Citizen of the World*, than a *found Critic*, in detecting feveral literary mistakes (or rather forgeries) of his countrymen; particularly Lauder on Milton, and *Bower's History of the Popes*.

## [ 7 ]

Our (b) Garrick's a fallad, for in him we fee Oil, vinegar, fugar, and faltnefs agree : To make out the dinner, full certain I am, That (i) Ridge is anchovy; and (b) Reynolds is lamb; That (l) Hickey's a capon, and by the fame rule, Magnanimous Goldfmith, a goofberry fool: At a dinner fo various, at fuch a repaft, Who'd not be a glutton, and flick to the laft :

(b) David Garrick, Esq; joint Patentee and acting Manager of the Theatre-Royal, Drury-lane. For the other parts of his character, vide the Poem.

(i) Counfellor John Ridge, a gentleman belonging to the Irifh bar, the *relife* of whofe agreeable and pointed conversation is admitted, by all his acquaintance, to be very properly compared to the above fauce.

(k) Sir Joshua Reynolds, President of the Royal Academy.

(1) An eminent Attorney, whofe hospitality and good-humour have acquired him, in this Club, the title of ' honeft Tom Hickey.' Here, waiter, more wine, let me fit while I'm able, 'Till all my companions fink under the table ; Then with chaos and blunders encircling my head, Let me ponder, and tell what I think of the dead.

Here lies the good (m) Dean, re-united to earth, Who mixt reafon with pleafure, and wifdom with mirth :: If he had any faults, he has left us in doubt, At leaft, in fix weeks, I could not find 'em out ; Yet fome have declar'd, and it can't be denied 'em, That fly-boots was curfedly cunning to hide 'em.

Here lies our good (n) Edmund, whofe genius was fuch, We fearcely can praife it, or blame it too much;

(m) Vide Page 6. (n) Ibid.

### [ 9 ]

Who, born for the Universe, narrow'd his mind, And to party gave up, what was meant for mankind. Tho' fraught with all learning, yet ftraining his throat, To perfuade (o) Tommy Townfend to lend him a vote; Who, too deep for his hearers, still went on refining, And thought of convincing, while they thought of dining; Tho' equal to all things, for all things unfit, Too nice for a statesman, too proud for a wit: For a patriot too cool; for a drudge, difobedient, And too fond of the right to purfue the expedient. In short, 'twas his fate, unemploy'd, or in place, Sir, To eat mutton cold, and cut blocks with a razor.

(o) Mr. T. Townsend, Member for Whitchurch.

Here

[ 10 ]

Here lies honeft (p) William, whofe heart was a mint, While the owner ne'er knew half the good that was in't; The pupil of impulfe, it forc'd him along, His conduct ftill right, with his argument wrong; Still aiming at honour, yet fearing to roam, The coachman was tipfy, the chariot drove home; Would you alk for his merits, alas! he had none, What was good was fpontaneous, his faults were his own.

Here lies honeft Richard, whofe fate I muft figh at, Alas, that fuch frolic (hould now be fo quiet! What fpirits were his, what wit and what whim, (q) Now breaking a jeft, and now breaking a limb;

 (p) Vide Page 6.
(q) Mr. Richard Burke ; vide page 6. This gentleman having flightly fractured

### [ 11 ]

Now wrangling and grumbling to keep up the ball, Now teazing and vexing, yet laughing at all? In fhort fo provoking a Devil was Dick, That we wifh'd him full ten times a day at Old Nick. But miffing his mirth and agreeable vein, As often we wifh'd to have Dick back again.

Here (r) Cumberland lies having acted his parts, The Terence of England, the mender of hearts; A flattering painter, who made it his care To draw men as they ought to be, not as they are.

tured one of his arms and legs, at different times, the Doctor has rallied him on those accidents, as a kind of *retributive* justice for breaking his jefts upon other people.

(r) Vide page 6.

1

ç

[ 12 ]

His gallants are all faultless, his women divine, And comedy wonders at being fo fine; Like a tragedy queen he has dizen'd her out, Or rather like tragedy giving a rout. His fools have their follies fo loft in a croud Of virtues and feelings, that folly grows proud, And coxcombs alike in their failings alone, Adopting his portraits are pleas'd with their own. Say, where has our poet this malady caught, Or wherefore his characters thus without fault? Say was it that vainly directing his view, To find out mens virtues and finding them few, Quite fick of pursuing each troublesome elf, He grew lazy at last and drew from himself?

Here

### [ 13 ]

Here (s) Douglas retires from his toils to relax, The fcourge of impoftors, the terror of quacks : Come all ye quack bards, and ye quacking divines, Come and dance on the fpot where your tyrant reclines, When Satire and Cenfure encircl'd his throne, I fear'd for your fafety, I fear'd for my own; But now he is gone, and we want a detector, Our (t) Dodds shall be pious, our (u) Kenricks shall lecture; (x) Macpherson write bom bast, and call it a style, Our (y) Townshend make speeches, and I shall compile;

(s) Vide page 6.

(t) The Rev. Dr. Dodd.

(u) Mr. Kenrick lately read lectures at the Devil Tavern, under the Title of • The School of Shakefpeare.

(x) James Macpherson, Esq; who lately, from the mere force of his style, wrote down the first poet of all antiquity.

(y) Vide page 9.

.

[ 14 ]

1

New (2) Lauders and Bowers the Tweed shall cross over, No countryman living their tricks to discover; Detection her taper shall quench to a spark, And Scotchman meet Scotchman and cheat in the dark.

Here lies (a) David Garrick, defcribe me who can, An abridgment of all that was pleafant in man; As an actor, confeft without rival to fhine, As a wit, if not firft, in the very firft line, Yet with talents like thefe, and an excellent heart, The man had his failings, a dupe to his art; Like an ill-judging beauty, his colours he fpread, And beplaifter'd, with rouge, his own natural red.

(z) Vide page 6. (a) Vide page 7.

With

### [ 15]

On the ftage he was natural, fimple, affecting, 'Twas only that, when he was off, he was acting: With no reason on earth to go out of his way, He turn'd and he varied full ten times a-day; Tho' fecure of our hearts, yet confoundedly fick, If they were not his own by fineffing and trick; He caft off his friends, as a huntfman his pack, For he knew when he pleas'd he could whiftle them back. Of praise a mere glutton, he swallow'd what came, And the puff of a dunce, he miftook it for fame; 'Till his relifh grown callous, almost to difease, Who pepper'd the higheft, was fureft to pleafe.

### [ 16 ]

But let us be candid, and fpeak out our mind, If dunces applauded, he paid them in kind. Ye (b) Kenricks, ye (c) Kellys, and (d) Woodfalls fo grave, What a commerce was yours, while you got and you gave? How did Grub-ftreet re-echo the fhouts that you rais'd, While he was berofcius'd, and you were beprais'd? But peace to his fpirit, wherever it flies, To act as an angel, and mix with the fkies :

(b) Vide page 13.

۱.,

1

(c) Hugh Kelly, Efq; Author of Falfe Delicacy, Word to the Wife, Clementina, School for Wives, &c. &c.

(d) Mr. William Woodfall, Printer of the Morning Chronicle.

#### Thofe

[ 17 ]

Those poets, who owe their best fame to his skill, Shall still be his flatterers, go where he will. Old Shakespeare, receive him, with praise and with love, And Beaumonts and Bens be his (e) Kellys above.

Here (f) Hickey reclines, a moft blunt, pleafant creature, And flander itfelf muft allow him good-nature: He cherifh'd his friend, and he relifh'd a bumper; Yet one fault he had, and that one was a thumper: Perhaps you may afk if the man was a mifer? I anfwer, no, no, for he always was wifer; Too courteous, perhaps, or obligingly flat; His very worft foe can't accufe him of that.

(e) Vide page 16. (f) Vide p. 7.

F

Perhaps

### [ 18 ]

Perhaps he confided in men as they go, And fo was too foolifhly honeft; ah no! Then what was his failing? come tell it, and burn ye, He was, could he help it? a fpecial attorney.

Here (g) Reynolds is laid, and, to tell you my mind, He has not left a wifer or better behind; His pencil was flriking, refiftlefs and grand, His manners were gentle, complying and bland; Still born to improve us in every part, His pencil our faces, his manners our heart : To coxcombs averfe, yet most civilly fleering, When they judg'd without skill he was still hard of hearing:

(g) Vide page 7.

When

### [ 19 ]

ø

# When they talk'd of their Raphaels, Corregios and stuff, He shifted his (b) trumpet, and only took snuff.

(b) Sir Joshua Reynolds is so remarkably deaf as to be under the necessity of using an ear trumpet in company; he is, at the fame time, equally remarkable for taking a great quantity of fnuff: his manner in both of which, taken in the point of time described, must be allowed, by those who have been witness of such a scene, to be as happily given upon *paper*, as that great Artist himself, perhaps, could have exhibited upon *canvas*.

#### THE END.



下去自己